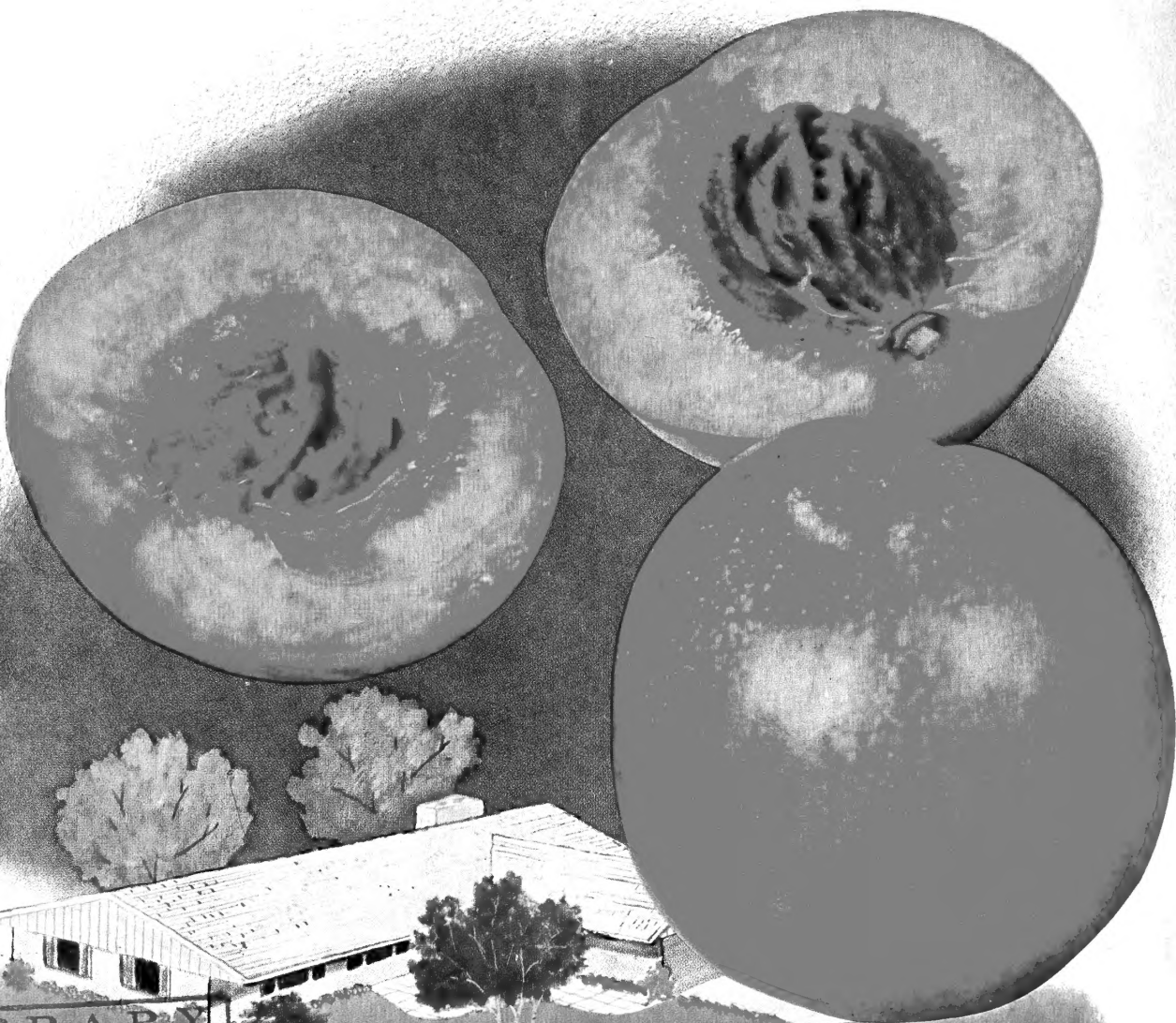


PRICE
50c



LIBRARY
RECEIVED
★ JAN 31 1958 ★
U. S. Department of Agriculture

CALIFORNIA GARDEN BOOK 1958

FREEDOM
FREESTONE NECTARINE
SEE PAGE 25



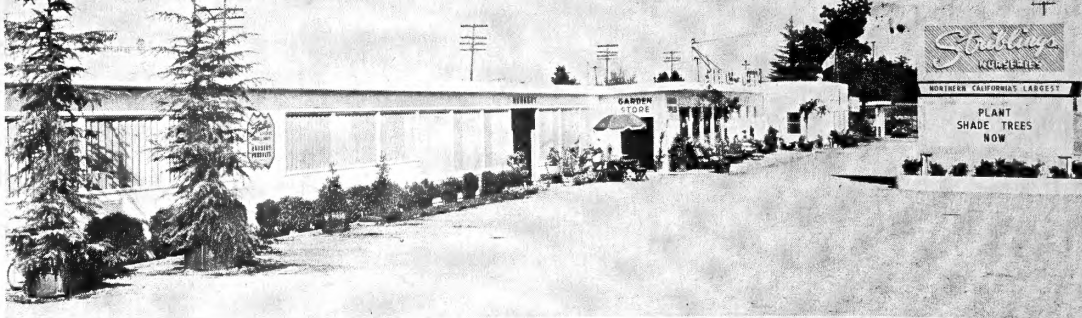
Stribling's

NURSERIES

OFFICE AND SALES YARD ON 99 HIGHWAY NORTH
PHONE: RAndolph 2-4106 • MAIL: P. O. BOX 793 • MERCED, MERCED COUNTY, CALIFORNIA



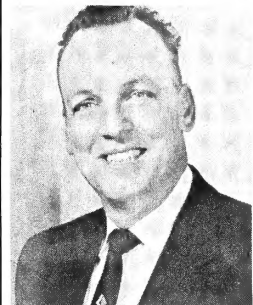
T. B. STRIBLING, JR.
Owner-Manager



Stribling's

NURSERIES

Highway 99 North P.O. Box 793
MERCED, CALIFORNIA Phone: RAndolph 2-4106



WILLIS A. STRIBLING
Sales Manager

**Serving California Gardens and Orchards
Since 1911**



Stribling's Nurseries was founded in 1911 By T. B. Stribling, Jr. It is a family enterprise under the active management of Mr. Stribling and his three sons and son-in-law. Each member of Stribling's executive staff has a special task, to serve you, our customers with the finest "growing quality" nursery products.

It is our wish that you will take full advantage of our services and facilities. They are designed with your needs in mind.

● **Stribling's** new modern nursery and garden store provides **everything for the garden** from lawn seed to power mowers and garden tools to barbeques.

● **Whatever your needs**, home landscaping, industrial landscaping, orchard and vineyard planting, bulbs, roses, ornamental or garden supplies! See Stribling's.

● **PLANT NOW, PAY LATER PLAN.** Ask about our plant now, pay later, home improvement plan. You can plant now and pay as little as \$9.00 per month on your home planting while you enjoy your garden. Ask for complete details.

● **Stribling's** produce over two million trees, shrubs and vines annually. Supplying California's growing market with the **finest** FRUIT TREES, NUT TREES, SHADE TREES, GRAPE VINES, FIELD AND CONTAINER GROWN ORNAMENTALS.

*We Maintain a Complete Landscape Department
and We Are Licensed Landscape Contractors*

NURSERY HOURS

STANDARD TIME

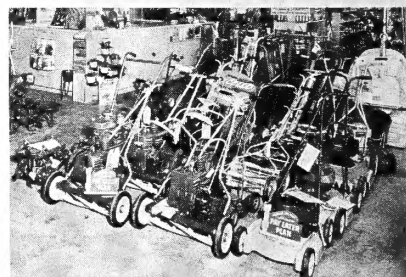
Daily 7:30 A.M. to 5:30 P.M.
Sundays 9:00 A.M. to 5:30 P.M.

DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME

Daily 8 A.M. to 6 P.M.
Sundays 9 A.M. to 6 P.M.



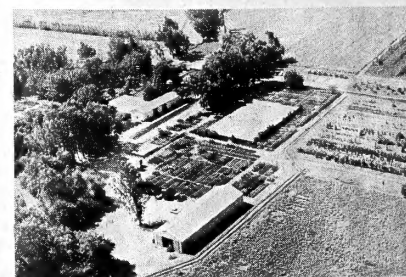
EVERYTHING FOR YOUR GARDEN



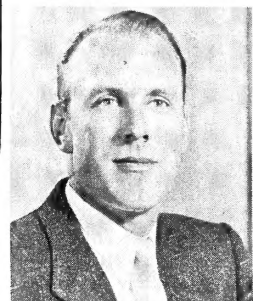
GARDEN SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT



COMPLETE LANDSCAPE SERVICE



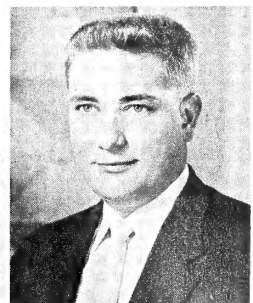
GROWING TO MEET YOUR NEEDS



BERT STRIBLING, III
Production Manager



IVAN STRIBLING
Landscape Architect



MARION (ED) GARDNER
Traffic Manager

Look to Striblings for all your planting needs

WHAT AND WHERE TO PLANT

To help you in selecting the proper plants for different uses and locations we have compiled the following select lists of plant materials. The plants are listed by their most commonly used names. The numeral refers to the page numbers where a complete botanical description may be found. The symbols (*) or (†) will be found, indicating whether the plant thrives in sun (*) or shade (†),

respectively. These lists are corrected for use in the hot interior valleys of California where freezing winters also occur, but are generally applicable any place in California. If both symbols are indicated the plant will tolerate both sun and shade. For a complete index see page 47.

EVERGREEN FLOWERING SHRUBS

SPRING

Australian Fuchsia† 6
Azalea† 5, 33
Bottle Brush* 5
Breath of Heaven† 6
Brunfelsia† 4
Daphne† 6
Heather† 7
Hypericum† 7
Laurestinus† 11
Oregon Grape† 9
Meyer Lemon† 6
Osmanthus† 9
Pineapple Guava† 7
Pittosporum
Tobira† 10
Privet† 9
Pyracantha* 10
Raphiolepis† 10
Rhododendron† 11
Rock Rose* 6
Saxifraga† 11
Spanish Broom* 7
Strawberry Tree† 4
Sweet Broom* 7
Tea Tree* 8
Viburnum
Japonicum* 11

SUMMER

Abelia† 4
Agapanthus† 4
Ceanothus† 6
Escallonia† 7
Fuchsia† 6, 7
Gardenia Mystery† 7
Gardenia Veitch† 7
Hibiscus† 8
Hypericum† 7
Lantana* 8
Meyer Lemon† 6
Myrtle† 9, 34
Oleander* 9
Plumbago* 10
Polygal† 10
Privet† 9
Rock Rose* 6
Veronica Imperialis† 11

WINTER

Australian Fuchsia† 6
Azalea† 5, 34
Camellia† 12, 13
Daphne† 6
Gardenia Veitch† 7
Grevillia† 7
Laurestinus† 11
Osmanthus† 9
Saxifraga† 11
Strawberry Tree† 4
Pittosporum
Tobira† 10

DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS OR SMALL TREES

SPRING

Beauty Bush† 34
Burkwoodi
Viburnum† 35
Deutzia† 34
Dogwood† 39
Flowering Almond* 33
Flowering Cherry* 40
Flowering
Crab Apple* 39
Flowering Peaches* 40

Flowering Plum* 39
Flowering Quince* 33
Forsythia* 34
Hawthorn* 39
Lilac* 35
Magnolia (Deciduous)† 34
Persian Lilac* 35
Red Bud† 39
Snowball† 35
Weigela* 35

SUMMER

Albizia* 38, 39
Bridal Wreath* 35
Butterfly Bush† 33
Chaste Tree* 35
Grape Myrtle* 34
Hydrangea† 34
Mock Orange* 35
Pomegranate* 26, 35
Rose* 14-20
Tamarix* 35
Weigela* 35

FRAGRANT PLANTS

Burkwoodi
Viburnum† 35
Citrus† 6, 29, 38
Daphne† 6
Escallonia† 7
Gardenia† 7
Honeysuckle† 32
Lilac* 35
Magnolia† 34, 36
Mock Orange* 35
Osmanthus† 9
Raphiolepis† 10
Rose* 14-20
Star Jasmine† 32

FORMAL EVERGREEN ACCENT SHRUBS

(Individual specimens, for corners, on either side of steps, etc.)

GLOBULAR OR PYRAMIDAL

Beverly Hills
Arborvitae* 46
Bird's Nest
Cypress† 44
Blue Italian
Cypress* 45
Colorado Blue
Spruce* 46
Compact Myrtle† 9
English Boxwood† 5
Golden Arborvitae* 46
Grecian Laurel† 10
Green Arborvitae* 46
Japanese Boxwood† 5
Korean Boxwood† 5
Mugho Pine* 46
Norway Spruce* 46
Small Leaf
Euonymus* 7
Veronica Buxifolia† 11

COLUMNAR

Column Juniper* 45
Erect English Yew† 46
Irish Yew† 46
Italian Cypress† 45
Stribling's
Arborvitae* 46

SHRUBS FOR FOUNDATION PLANTING

MEDIUM HEIGHT

Abelia† 4
Arborvitae* 46
Beauty Bush† 34
Blue Italian
Cypress* 45
Bridal Wreath* 35
Broom* 7
Camellia† 12, 13
Cotoneaster* 6
Daphne† 6
Dwarf Pomegranate* 35
English Yew† 46
Escallonia† 7
Euonymus* 7
Flowering Almond* 33
Flowering Quince* 33
Forsythia* 34
Gardenia† 7
Gold Dust Plant† 4
Grecian Bay† 8
Heather† 7
Holly† 8
Hollywood Juniper* 45
Hydrangea† 34
Laurel† 10
Laurestinus† 11
Meyer Lemon† 6
Mugho Pine* 46
Myrtle† 9, 34
Nandina† 9
Oregon Grape† 9
Osmanthus† 9
Persian Lilac* 35
Photinia† 9
Pittosporum† 10
Pyracantha† 10
Raphiolepis† 10
Rhododendron† 11
Roses* 14-20
Sarcococca† 10
Tea Tree* 8
Viburnum† 11
Weigela* 35
Xylosma† 11

SHOWY BERRIES OR FRUITS

Citrus† 6, 29, 38
Cotoneaster* 6
Guava† 7, 10
Gold Dust Plant† 4
Holly† 8
Hawthorn* 39
Loquat* 36
Nandina† 9
Oregon Grape† 9
Pomegranate* 26, 35

PLANTING DISTANCES

Variety	Ft. Apart
Oranges, Lemons	18 to 25
Avocados	25 to 35
Pears, Apples, Figs	20 to 25
Walnuts and Pecans	40 to 60
Olives	30 to 35
Jujubes, Low-Pruned Figs	12 to 16
Grape Vines	6 to 8
Blackberries, Boysenberries	6 to 8
Raspberries	3 by 5
Strawberries	1½ by 3
Eucalyptus for Windbreak	4 to 8

Pepper Tree* 37
Pyracantha* 10
Strawberry Tree† 4

LOW SHRUBS FOR MASSING

(Use this group in front of porches or under windows, etc.)

African Boxwood† 9
Armstrong Juniper† 45
Australian Fuchsia† 6
Azalea* 5, 33
Barberry† 4, 33
Birdsnest Cypress† 44
Boxwood† 5
Breath of Heaven† 6
Cotoneaster
Glaucophylla* 6
Cotoneaster
Horizontalis† 6
Dwarf Heather† 7
Euonymus
Japonicus* 7
Hypericum† 7
Juniperus
Procumbens† 45
Lantana* 8
Mugho Pine* 46
Myrtle† 9, 34
Osmanthus† 9
Pfizer Juniper† 45
Pomegranate* 26, 35
Raphiolepis† 10
Rock Rose* 6
Sarcococca† 10
Saxifraga† 11
Tamarix Juniper* 45
Veronica† 11
Xylosma† 11

PLANTS FOR ESPALIER OR TRELLIS

Camellia† 12, 13
Citrus† 6, 29, 38
Climbing Roses† 19
Dwarf Apple* 30
Dwarf Pear* 30
Grapes* 28
Guava† 7, 10
Ivy† 32
Loquat* 36
Magnolia* 34, 36
Meyer Lemon† 6
Pyracantha* 10
Rangpur Lime* 29
Star Jasmine† 32
Xylosma† 11

PLANTS FOR BOXES OR TUBS

Acanthus Mollis† 4
Aralia Sieboldi† 4
Birdsnest Cypress* 44
Camellia† 12, 13
Dracena Palm* 35
Dwarf Apple* 30
Dwarf Pear* 30
Floribunda Roses* 18
Flowering Almond* 33
Flowering Quince* 33
Gardenia† 7
Gold Dust Plant† 4
Grecian Bay Tree† 8
Hydrangea† 34
Irish Yew† 46
Kumquat* 29
Limequat* 29
Loquat* 36
Mexican Orange† 6
Meyer Lemon† 6
Mugho Pine* 46
Nandina† 9
New Zealand Flax* 35
Podocarpus† 46
Rangpur Lime† 29
Raphiolepis† 10
Rhododendron† 11
Tree Roses* 19

TALL PLANTS FOR SCREENS OR BACKGROUNDS

Arizona Cypress* 44
Camphor* 36
Cotoneaster* 6
Escallonia† 7
Laurel† 10
Loquat* 36
Oleander* 9
Pittosporum† 10
Pomegranate* 26, 35
Privet† 9
Pyracantha† 10
Strawberry Tree† 4
Tamarix* 35
Tea Tree* 8
Viburnum† 11
Willow* 38

INFORMAL (UNTRIMMED) HEDGES

Abelia† 4
African Boxwood† 9
Arizona Cypress* 44
Azalea† 5, 33
Barberry† 4, 33
Breath of Heaven† 6
Bridal Wreath* 35
Camellia† 12, 13
Cotoneaster† 6
English Yew† 46
Escallonia† 7
Euonymus* 7
Floribunda Roses* 18
Flowering Quince* 33
Gardenia† 7
Gold Dust Plant† 4
Holly† 8
Hydrangea† 34
Lantana* 8
Laurel† 10
Laurestinus† 11
Meyer Lemon† 6
Mugho Pine† 46
Myrtle† 9, 34
Oleander* 9
Osmanthus† 9
Pittosporum† 10
Pomegranate* 26, 35
Privet† 9
Pyracantha† 10
Raphiolepis† 10
Sarcococca† 10
Snowball† 35
Tea Tree* 8
Veronica† 11
Viburnum† 11

DROUGHT RESISTANT

Acacia* 36
Broom* 7
Canary Date Palm* 46
Ceanothus† 6
Century Plant* 35
Eucalyptus* 36
Italian Cypress* 45
Monterey Cypress* 44
Myrtle† 9, 34
Oak* 36, 38
Oleander* 9
Olive* 36
Pampas Grass* 35
Pepper Tree* 37
Pomegranate* 26, 35
Red Bud† 39
Rock Rose* 6
Strawberry Tree† 4
Tamarix* 35
Tea Tree* 8

NUMBER OF PLANTS PER ACRE

Distance Apart	No. Plants
6 x 6	1210
6 x 8	907
6 x 10	726
6 x 12	605
7 x 12	520
8 x 8	608
8 x 10	544
8 x 12	454
10 x 10	435
10 x 12	363
16 x 16	170
18 x 18	134
20 x 20	109
20 x 24	90
22 x 22	90
24 x 24	75
25 x 25	69
30 x 30	48
35 x 35	35
40 x 40	27
50 x 50	18
60 x 60	12

FORMAL TRIMMED HEDGES

Abelia† 4
African Boxwood† 9
Cotoneaster* 6
English Boxwood† 5
Euonymus* 7
Golden Arborvitae* 46
Japanese Boxwood† 5
Laurestinus† 11
Myrtle† 9, 34
Privet† 9
Pyracantha* 10
Sarcococca† 10
Veronica Buxifolia† 11
Viburnum† 11
Yew† 46

California-Grown

Abelias

ABELIA EDWARD GOUCHER (*Goucher Abelia*). A medium-sized, graceful, compact shrub with pinkish-lavender, bell-shaped flowers in summer. A choice, hardy, evergreen shrub for use in shade or sun where an informal mass of pink is desired. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50; B & B \$4.50 up.

ABELIA GRANDIFLORA (*Glossy Abelia*). Graceful, drooping shrub of medium size with fragrant, white, bell-shaped flowers in spring and summer. Sun or shade. Green leaves turn bronze, partially deciduous in winter. Good background or informal flowering hedge. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50; B & B \$4.50 up.

Acanthus

ACANTHUS MOLLIS. Large foliaged, tropical-looking shrub with showy, tall, cream-colored flowers in spring. Grows very rapid in full shade or part sun. 1 Gal. \$1.50.

Lily of the Nile

AGAPANTHUS AFRICANUS (*Blue Lily of the Nile*). Lush grass-like evergreen foliage that makes an excellent low, tropical, foreground planting or ground cover in a shady spot. The large, blue flowers on tall stems in summer are very showy. Gal. \$1.50.

Rice Paper Plant

ARALIA PAPYRIFERA (*Tetrapanax papyrifera*) (*Rice Paper Plant*). A shrub or small tree used for tropical effect. Leaves are silvery-green and very large. Good tub specimen for patios. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Aralia

ARALIA SIEBOLDI (*Fatsia japonica*). Wonderful shrub for tropical effects. Bold, glossy foliage. Makes an excellent tub plant. Hardy. Plant in partial shade. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Strawberry Tree

ARBUTUS UNEDO (*Strawberry Tree*). One of the finest medium-growing shrubs on the list. Deep green foliage and brilliant red, strawberry-like fruits ripening about Christmas time. Very hardy. Tolerates shade or sun. Creamy white, bell-shaped flowers, in spring. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

Gold Dust Plant

AUCUBA JAPONICA VARIEGATA (*Gold Dust Plant*). Slow-growing shrub for tubs or tropical effects. The large, glossy leaves are spotted or speckled with yellow. Large, shiny, red berries in fall, if pollenized. Thrives in deep shade. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

AUCUBA JAPONICA. Slow-growing plant for shaded places or tubs. Large glossy pointed leaves. Bright red berries in fall, provided pollinizer is planted nearby. Give plenty of water. Grows in the deepest shade where other plants fail. Hardy. 10°. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Barberry

BERBERIS DARWINI. Small shrub with slender branches. Small glossy leaves in summer, bright red in winter. Orange colored flowers in February and March. Berries blue. 1 Gal. \$1.50 up; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow

BRUNFELSIA CALYCINA FLORIBUNDA. A very fine shrub for specimen planting for spring bloom. Flowers which are sweetly scented, are deep violet fading to very light violet or white. Sun or shade. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

VISITORS ARE ALWAYS WELCOME



ABELIA EDWARD GOUCHER



CISTUS MACULATUS

INDICA AZALEAS



BROADLEAF EVERGREEN FLOWERING SHRUBS

AZALEAS

Azaleas are some of the choicest of the low evergreen shrubs. Bloom in late winter and spring. Do best in part shade in a well-drained soil containing up to 100% peat moss. There are many named varieties, most commonly classed in the two groups below.

Indica Azaleas

AZALEA INDICA (Indica Azalea). These are the choicest flowering of the azalea family with large flowers and compact habit. Semi-evergreen. Pots or gallon cans \$1.75 up; 5 gallon \$4.95 up. Many good named varieties in all colors.

ALBERT AND ELIZABETH. Double, white with pale pink margins.

FRED SANDERS. Large double rose-red blooms for months. Compact.

NIÖBE. Pure white.

PINK PEARL. One of the most popular. Large delicate pink flowers, daintily doubled and spotted.

Kurume Azaleas

AZALEA KURUME (Kurume Azaleas). The flowers on Kurume Azaleas are not as large as Indica Azaleas but are more profuse. They are frequently planted outdoors for large masses of color. Kurume Azaleas stand more cold than Indica Azaleas, and are hardiest for general garden use. Many named varieties in all colors. Pots or gallon cans \$1.75 up.

HEXE. Deep red flowers, larger than most Kurumes, through February, March and April.

HINODEGIRI. Most showy of Kurume Azaleas; in April it is covered completely with bright red flowers.

SWEETHEART SUPREME. A double blush-pink resembling the sweetheart rose. Blooms January through March.

WARD'S RUBY. New; without question the finest of all red azaleas; a gorgeous and brilliant mass of ruby red flowers.

Bottlebrush

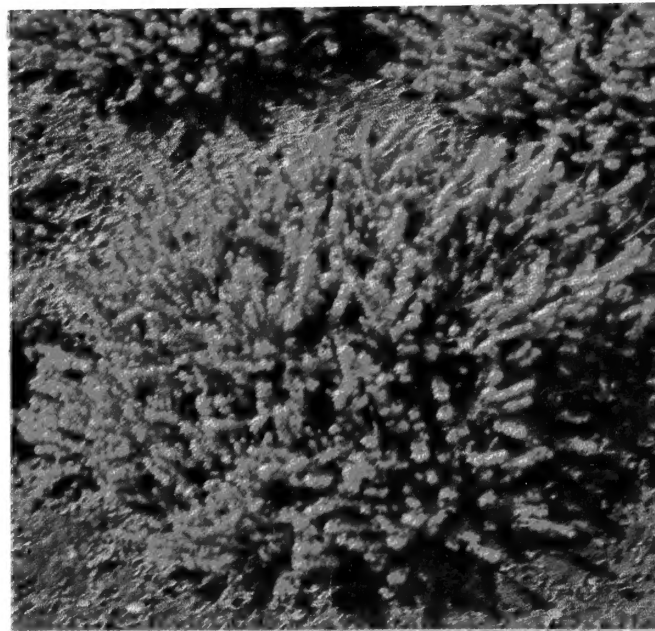
CALLISTEMON LANCEOLATUS (Red Bottlebrush). This unique, evergreen shrub bears rich red flowers that resemble a bottlebrush. Blooms several times a year. New foliage has amber-pink shading. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

CALLISTEMON VIMINALIS. Beautiful large weeping shrub with brilliant red brushes on drooping branches. Hardy to 20 degrees. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

BRUNFELSIA CALYCINA FLORIBUNDA



DAPHNE



ERICA CARNEA

Boxwoods

BUXUS HARLANDII (Korean Boxwood). A rich, dark green boxwood that will tolerate sun. Very compact. Fine for low hedges. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50; B & B \$4.50 up.

BUXUS JAPONICA (Japanese Box). Best taller growing Box for California. Rounded, glossy light green leaves and lush dense growth. Always neat and attractive. Trimmed specimens available. Sun or shade. Hardy. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up. Flat of approx. 100 \$9.50. B & B \$4.50 up.

BUXUS SEMPERVIRENS (English Boxwood). This is a handsome shrub of dense, compact growth. The leaves are quite small and dark green. It is an ideal hedge plant. Makes a lovely border for paths, drives, and flower beds. 1 Gal. \$1.50; B & B \$4.50 up; Flat of approx. 100 \$11.50.

BUXUS SEMPERVIRENS ROTUNDIFOLIA (Broadleaf Boxwood). Round-leaved boxwood bluish green in color. Taller growing than other varieties listed. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

YEAR AROUND FOLIAGE — BEAUTY ALL YEAR

A WORD ABOUT PRICES IN THIS CATALOG

The prices for nursery stock quoted in this catalog are based on the current supply of material available, based on average costs.

However, since a catalog can be issued only once a year, it is possible for us to make special purchases from time to time enabling us to supply excellent plants for your garden at a saving.

Please use this catalog for descriptions and growing suggestions—it is very accurate in these essential particulars, and ask us to quote you present prices of items that interest you.

BROADLEAF EVERGREEN FLOWERING SHRUBS (Continued)

Ceanothus

CEANOTHUS GLORIOSUS. A fine creeping variety. Absolutely prostrate with lovely blue flowers and dark green foliage. 1 Gal. \$1.75.

CEANOTHUS GRISEUS HORIZONTALIS. Carmel Creeper. A low creeping variety about 1 to 2 feet tall and 3 to 6 feet across, splendid for training over rocks. Will stand wind near the coast, full sunlight or partial shade. When in bloom the leaves are barely visible in the mound of deep blue flowers. 1 Gal. \$1.75.

CEANOTHUS IMPRESSUS (Santa Barbara Ceanothus). One of the finest. Low, spreading, usually 4 to 6 feet high and 6 to 10 feet broad. The foliage is rather small, dark green and rough, the flowers quite large and attractive deep blue. 1 Gal. \$1.75.

CEANOTHUS MOUNTAIN HAZE. Dark green, year-around foliage right to the base of the plants, soft blue flowers in April and May. May be pruned or allowed to grow free to a 6-foot informal hedge. 1 Gal. \$2.00.

CEANOTHUS SIERRA BLUE. Vigorous, large, open shrub with dark green, glossy foliage and huge, lilac-like flowers of brightest blue in April-May. Grows from 6 to 12 feet, but may be held at any size by pruning. Evergreen, stands drought. 1 Gal. \$2.00.

Mexican Orange

CHOISYA TERNATA. Bright green neat foliage; a neat rounded shrub of good proportions, easy to grow in sun or shade. Clusters of fragrant white flowers in spring. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Rock Roses

CISTUS CORBARIENSIS (White Rock Rose). Low spreading shrub with attractive sage-green leaves and pure white flowers, averaging 2 inches across. Wonderful to cover slopes in sunny places. Needs good drainage. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50.

CISTUS LADANIFERUS MACULATUS. Long, deep green, narrow leaves with the appearances of recent varnishing. Large crepey white flowers with showy maroon spots at the base of petals. Sun. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

CISTUS PURPUREUS (Orchidspot Rock Rose). One of the finest Rockroses. Beautiful creepy pink flowers with maroon blotches at the base of petals. Blooms in spring and summer. Needs drainage. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Dwarf Meyer Lemon

CITRUS MEYERI (Dwarf Meyer Lemon) (Bushtype). One of the best plants to serve both as an ornamental shrub and as a source of fine lemons for culinary use. Dwarf in habit, it is constantly covered with fragrant lavender and white blossoms. Excellent quality fruit almost year 'round. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Australian Fuchsia

CORREA PULCHELLA (Australian Fuchsia). A good 2-foot shrub with spreading bushy habit, deep olive-green foliage and graceful display of dainty pink bell-shaped flowers in winter and spring. Recommended as a foundation planting shrub. Shade or sun. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Looking Glass Plant

COPROSMA BAUERII. Unique round highly polished dark green leaves cover this medium-size shrub. Useful in foundation planting. Not much for flowers but the little orange berries are attractive. At its best in sea-coast districts. Hardy to 27° Gal. \$1.35; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Cotoneaster

COTONEASTER CONSPICUA DECORA. Popularly known as Necklace Cotoneaster, this shrub has tiny, evergreen foliage with a profusion of orange-red berries strung along the branches like a necklace. Low growing. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

COTONEASTER GLAUCOPHYLLA (Bright Bead Cotoneaster). The small grey-green leaves and very compact growth make this one of the best low spreading shrubs. With training it is useful as a low mass effect, under windows, or as a trimmed hedge. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

COTONEASTER HORIZONTALIS (Rock Cotoneaster). One of the best low-spreading graceful shrubs for full sun or part shade. The bright, shiny, dark green foliage is unexcelled in spring through fall. Goes mostly deciduous in winter, but red berries are showy then. Use under low windows along porches, or in rock gardens. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

COTONEASTER PANNOSA (Silverleaf Cotoneaster). Tall, graceful shrub with grey foliage, arching branches, and white flowers. Makes a fine background, screen, or informal hedge. Very hardy, full sun. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

COTONEASTER PARNEYI (Lactea) (Red Clusterberry). Very showy variety with handsome berries, largest of all, in immense clusters. Large glossy leaves. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Fragrant Daphne

DAPHNE ALBA. Clear white flowers. Substantial, glossy green foliage. 1 Gal. \$2.50; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

DAPHNE ODORA MARGINATA (Pink Daphne). Dense low shrub with rich green, cream-margined leaves and clusters of exquisitely fragrant, waxy, pink flowers from January to March. Good drainage is necessary. Shade or partial sun. Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

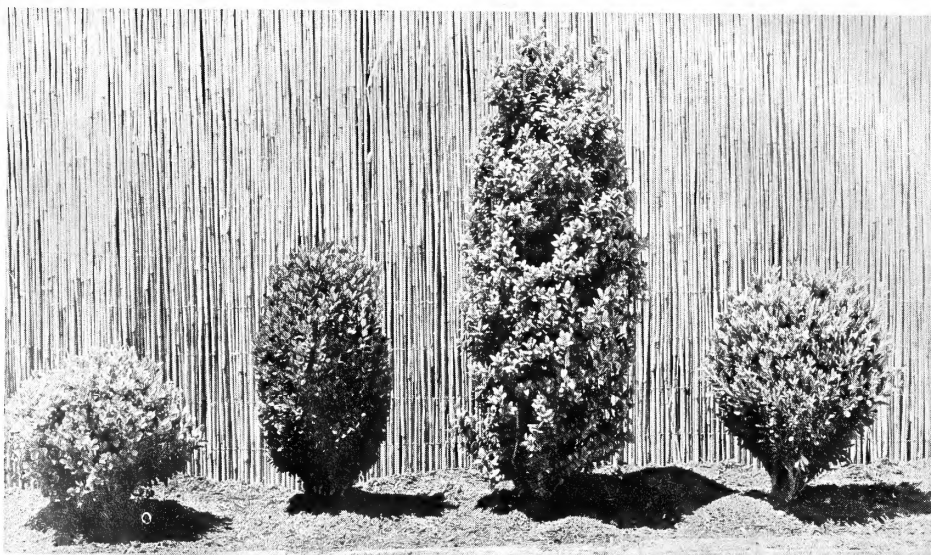
Breath of Heaven

DIOSMA PULCHRUM (Pink Breath of Heaven). Dwarf, compact, bushy shrub of about 2½ to 3 feet with fine light green foliage like heather. Covered with tiny, star-shaped pink flowers in spring. Sun or part shade. Hardy to 20 degrees. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

DIOSMA REEVESII (Reeves Diosma). Same as the pink but with white flowers. Excellent shrubs to lighten the effect of heavy foliage masses in the shrub plantings, especially in foundations. Hardy to 20 degrees, Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Elaeagnus

ELAEAGNUS PUNGENS MACULATA. Foliage beautifully marked with yellow. Very fine. Low-spreading. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.



BOXWOOD

JAPONICA

SEMPERVIRENS

ROTUNDIFOLIA

HARLANDI

ALL PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Heathers

ERICA CARNEA (Spring Heather). Medium-sized spreading shrub with small red flowers in spring. Prefers part shade. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

ERICA MEDITERANNEA HYBRIDA (Dwarf Heather). A low growing, spreading shrub with rose-lavender, bell-shaped flowers that bloom in winter and early spring. Very showy. Prefers good drainage, acid soil and part shade. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

ERICA MELANTHERA RUBRA (Red Scotch Heather). A medium sized shrub with masses of fine textured, plummy leaves. Covered with pinkish-red flowers in fall. Prefers acid soil, good drainage, and part shade. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Pink Scotch Heather

ERICA MELANTHERA ROSEA. Medium to tall evergreen shrub with fine, billowy masses of tiny leaves and equally numerous rosy-pink flowers with black "eyes". Sun or part shade and well-drained soil. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Escallonias

ESCALLONIA MONTEVIDENSIS. Medium to large shrub with light green foliage and masses of single white flowers in showy heads in summer. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

ESCALLONIA ORGANENSIS (Organ Escallonia). One of the finest Escallonias recently introduced. Luxuriant glossy green leaves of medium size showing bronzy red tints. Flowers pink to white, like small apple blossoms in large clusters. Gal \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

ESCALLONIA ROSEA (Rose Escallonia). A taller growing Escallonia with rose-colored flowers. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

ESCALLONIA RUBRA (Dwarf Red Escallonia). Low compact shrub, one of the best of the group; shining leaves and showy rich red flowers. Likes a shady location. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Ever-popular Euonymus

EUONYMUS JAPONICUS (Evergreen Euonymus). An excellent, hardy, compact shrub with dark green, glossy leaves. Stands shearing well. Prefers full sun. Excellent as a trimmed specimen or formal hedge. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

EUONYMUS JAPONICUS ALBA MARGINATUS (Silver Queen Euonymus). A variegated variety with green leaves fringed with silver white. Has lots of sparkle in front of dark walls. Full sun. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

EUONYMUS JAPONICUS AUREO-MARGINATUS (Golden Euonymus). A green variety with brilliant yellow edges. Excellent shrub with a permanent yellow foliage color is desired. Especially good as a contrast in front of redwood walls. Full sun. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

EUONYMUS JAPONICUS AUREO-VARIEGATUS (Golden-Center Euonymus). A striking variegated variety with dark green edges and a yellow center. A green shrub with a lot of sparkle. Sun. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

EUONYMUS MICROPHYLLUS (Small-leaf Euonymus). A very compact variety with tiny, rich, dark green leaves. Excellent as a low border, or under windows in full sun. An excellent low hedge of dark color. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

Pineapple Guava

FEIJOA SELLOWIANA (Pineapple Guava). Not nearly enough grown as an ornamental, this grey foliage shrub glorifies the garden in spring with its waxy white flowers with plumes of bright red stamens in the center. Fruits green, oval in shape and strongly scented of pineapple. Very hardy. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Fuchsias

FUCHSIAS. Many named varieties of these ever popular perennials available in all colors and in bush and hanging basket forms. Available April through September. Subject to frost. 1 Gal. \$1.50 up.

Fragrant Gardenias

GARDENIA MYSTERI (Mystery Cape Jasmine). Make your own corsages from these large, white, fragrant gardenia blossoms. Shrub blooms in summer, is bushy, with large shiny green leaves. Prefers part shade, acid soil, but good drainage. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95.

GARDENIA VEITCHI (Veitch Cape Jasmine). While this variety has smaller blooms than Mystery, it blooms more profusely and over a longer period of time. Excellent under windows or as a patio tub-plant in part shade. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Colorful Brooms

GENISTA RACEMOSA (Cytisus racemosa) (Sweet Broom). Very popular, graceful but compact shrub. Masses of yellow flowers in late spring. Will take full sun, but needs drainage. 1 Gal \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

GENISTA HISPANICA (Spanish Broom). Covered with golden-yellow flowers in spring. Densely branched with spiny leaves, like a broom. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Grevillea

GREVILLEA ROSMARINIFOLIA. Bushy shrub of medium size with feathery finely cut leaves. Its reddish flowers are borne in short, densely bunched clusters in winter and early spring. 1 Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$5.50 up.

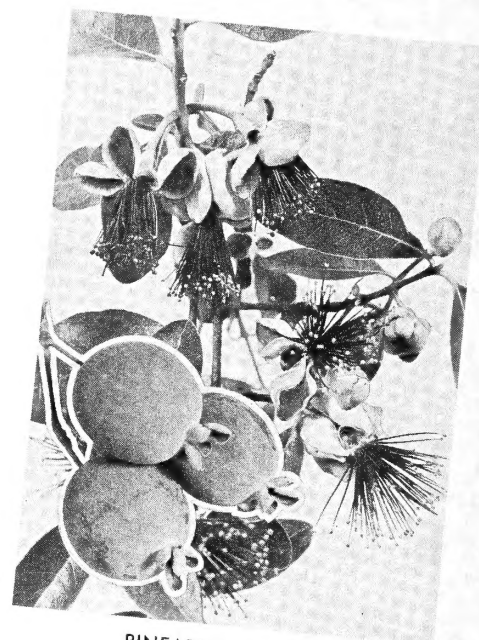
Hypericum

HYPERICUM PATULUM HENRYI (Henry St. Johnswort). A low, bushy shrub to 3 feet high with light green semi-deciduous foliage. Almost everblooming, it produces masses of large, yellow flowers. Stands sun and poor soil. Gal \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

HYPERICUM CALYCINUM. Low growing shrub sometimes three feet high and as much across, with good dense habit, dark green leaves and yellow flowers. Often used as ground cover. Very hardy. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; Flat of 100 \$10.00.



GENISTA RACEMOSA



PINEAPPLE GUAVA



GARDENIA VEITCHI

**BROADLEAF EVERGREEN
FLOWERING SHRUBS (Continued)**

OLEANDER



Hollies for Berries

ILEX AQUIFOLIUM (English Holly). One of the finest hollies to plant for Christmas decoration, with its spiny leaves, bright glossy dark green, and bright red berries on the female plants. Porous soil, preferably partly shaded. Requires fertilization. Hardy. 1 Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$5.50 up; Large Balled Sizes \$7.95 up.

ILEX CORNUTA (Chinese Holly). Differs in the broader leaves with fewer spines. Nice dark foliage and as a berry bearing shrub very showy. Self-fertile. Very hardy. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

ILEX CORNUTA BURFORDI (Burford Holly). This holly is adapted to California climate. Has deep dark green foliage almost without spines. Clusters of bright red berries in winter. Excellent for Christmas berries. Very hardy. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.



BURFORD HOLLY

Colorful Hibiscus

HIBISCUS. A popular California flowering shrub, is tender to frost locally, and while it may over-winter, it should be planted as an annual for masses of summer color. Part shade. 1 Gal. \$1.95 up.

Lantanas

LANTANA CALLOWIANA GOLDRUSH (Goldrush Lantana) (Pat. No. 1211). A new trailing variety that has yellow flowers. Very useful as a ground cover, bank cover, planter, hanging basket, or permanent border. Freezes back, but returns each year. 1 Gal. \$1.75.

LANTANA CAMARA. The uses to which it may be put in the landscape scheme are simply astounding—to cover banks, trained against walls as a vine, as a ground cover, in pots, and even as a specimen shrub. Full sun, little care will make them at home. Tops freeze back but survive. Flowers come in orange-red, yellow, pink or white. 1 Gal. \$1.35.

LANTANA SELLOWIANA (Trailing Lantana) (Lavender). Mauve flowers cover this foot high trailer most of the summer. Freezes out in places but generally comes back. Sun. 1 Gal. \$1.35; Flat \$13.50.

Bay Tree

LAURUS NOBILIS (Grecian Bay Tree). A slow growing, evergreen shrub with fragrant, leathery dark green leaves that may be used as an herb flavoring. Makes an excellent tub specimen, trimmed standard or fine hedge in full sun. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up. Tree Form in Tubs 5'-6' \$10.00 up.

Tea Trees

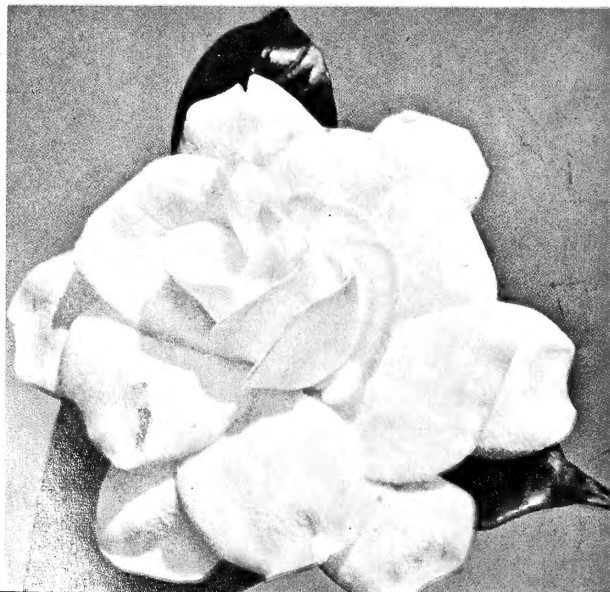
LEPTOSPERMUM REEVESI (Dwarf Australian Tea Tree). Compact, evergreen shrub with small, green leaves and white flowers in spring. Drouth tolerant, but requires good drainage. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

LEPTOSPERMUM SCOPARIUM RUBY GLOW. Good, dwarf evergreen shrub with dark purple stems, semi-glossy leaves, and masses of tiny double rose-like flowers of oxblood red. Excellent for flower arrangements. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

LEPTOSPERMUM SCOPARIUM FLORE PLENO (Double Tea Tree). Erect branches, finely cut foliage and double bright rose-pink flowers often $\frac{3}{4}$ inches across, make a very showy shrub in spring. Hardy. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50.

Other Varieties Available at Nursery.

GARDENIA MYSTERY



GOLDEN EUONYMUS



Versatile Privets

FOR HEDGES AND SPECIMENS

LIGUSTRUM TEXANUM (Wax Leaf Privet). A very hardy shrub for sun or shade that has beautiful, dark green, glossy leaves. Takes shearing well. An excellent shrub for corner grouping, hedges or specimens. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50; B & B \$4.50 up.

LIGUSTRUM JAPONICUM (Japanese Privet). The most popular evergreen hedge plant! Large, dark green, glossy leaves. Fast growing. Very hardy. Sun or shade. Also makes a good tall background, screen, or small picturesque tree. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; Flats \$8.50 up.

Oregon Grape

MAHONIA AQUIFOLIUM (Oregon Grape). Beautiful, low-growing evergreen shrub; dark green leaves, tinted red in winter. Flowers bright yellow, followed by deep blue berries. A popular favorite. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

African Boxwood

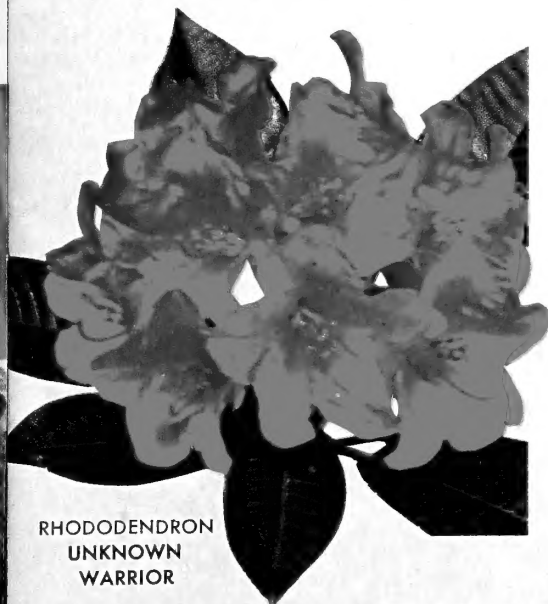
MYRSINE AFRICANA (African Boxwood). Close growing shrub resembling boxwood but much more colorful. Deep glossy green leaves are closely set on slightly reddish stems. Useful as a low hedge. Stands shearing. 15 degrees. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

Myrtles

MYRTUS COMMUNIS (Common Myrtle). Splendid small leaved shrubs much used as a hedge plant and for foundation planting. The tiny leaves are dark green, glossy and aromatic. Flowers white in late spring and summer followed by blue black berries. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

MYRTUS COMMUNIS COMPACTA (Compact Myrtle). Excellent low compact shrub with small shiny evergreen leaves. Fine for corner clumps or trimmed hedges to 4 feet in full sun. 15 degrees. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

MYRTUS COMMUNIS VARIEGATA (Variegated Myrtle). One of the best compact variegated shrubs. Small leaves are light green lined with yellow, with the large dark berries it makes an excellent color contrast in front of green, brown or redwood walls. Full sun. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50; B & B \$4.50 up.



RHODODENDRON
UNKNOWN
WARRIOR

Sacred Bamboo

NANDINA DOMESTICA (Sacred Bamboo). Not a bamboo in any sense of the word but the foliage does resemble a small bamboo in many ways. Leaves light green tipped with pink and copper in early Spring; assume a vivid red in autumn. Bright crimson berries in generous clusters are showy. Sun or shade. Plant in groups for more berries. Very hardy. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

Oleanders

All Oleanders:

1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

NERIUM OLEANDER. Large bushy shrubs freely blooming all summer during the hottest weather. Do well in the valley. Long slender feathery leaves. In various colors, single and double:

Cherry Ripe. Single rose-red.

Compte Barthelemy. Large, double red, sometimes streaked white.

Mrs. Roeding. Dwarf, double, salmon.

Pink Bettie. Single pink.

Prof. Bodkin. Single, dark red.

Prof. Durant. Single, pale yellow.

Sister Agnes. Single white.

Fragrant Osmanthus

OSMANTHUS DELAVAYI (Delavay Osmanthus). Shrubby osmanthus, making a broad dense shrub covered with small oval or rounded leaves of deep green. Spring brings forth clusters of fragrant white flowers. 1 Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$5.95 up.

OSMANTHUS FRAGRANS (Sweet Olive). Dark green, glossy leaves, creamy white flowers most abundant in autumn. Very fragrant. Hardy to 10 degrees. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

OSMANTHUS ILICIFOLIUS. Holly-like foliage, attractive in all seasons. The sturdy, erect bush is excellent for foundation planting. Gal \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Photinia

PHOTINIA ARBUTIFOLIA (California Holly) (Toyon). Glorious native shrub or small tree, whose beautiful foliage of dark green and bright red berries have made it known to many as Christmas Berry. Does well under cultivation but is sometimes difficult to establish. Well worth any effort to get it started. Very hardy. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

PHOTINIA SERRULATA (Chinese Photinia). Large, broad-toothed leaves often assuming pretty bronze tints, especially when young or during cold weather. Red berries in large clusters. Very hardy. Tolerates shade or sun. Makes a good large hedge, background, screen, or small tree. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

Princess Flower

PLEROMA GRANDIFLORA. Velvety leaves, reddish stems and large purple flowers, often 3 inches across, in fall and winter. Showy and beautiful, does best in slightly acid soil. Tender, 27°. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

VIBURNUM TINUS ROBUSTUM



PYRACANTHA



XYLOSMA SENTICOSA



PLANTING TIME IS ALL THE TIME IN CALIFORNIA

BROADLEAF EVERGREEN FLOWERING SHRUBS (Continued)

Pittosporum

PITTOSPORUM NIGRICANS (*Tenuifolium*) (**Black Pittosporum**). A medium to large shrub for screen, hedges, or small evergreen trees. Stems of dark brown or almost black. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50.

PITTOSPORUM TOBIRA (*Tobira Pittosporum*). Handsome bushy shrub with glossy dark green leaves, clusters of fragrant white flowers in spring, followed by small yellowish pods which open to show the bright red seeds. Excellent as a foundation shrub, informal hedge, or small informal tree. 15 degrees. Full sun or part shade. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

PITTOSPORUM TOBIRA VARIEGATA (*Variegated Pittosporum*). Dwarf spreading shrub with greyish leaves having silvery white margins. Very attractive. Full sun or part shade. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95; B & B \$4.95 up.

PITTOSPORUM UNDULATUM (*Victorian Box*). Beautiful round headed tree or large shrub. Useful also as a hedge. Rich green leaves with wavy margins, yellowish-white flowers, very fragrant at night. 25°. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Plumbago

PLUMBAGO CAPENSIS (*Cape Plumbago*). Excellent ornamental shrub of refined habit, good foliage and showy blue flowers all summer, and at a time when good flowers are scarce. Semi-climbing; it can be easily trained as a vine. Hardy to 24 degrees. Full sun. Gal \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Sweet Pea Shrub

POLYGALA DALMAISIANA (*Sweet Pea Shrub*). Small rounded shrub with tiny yellow-green leaves and pretty sweet pea-like purple flowers, in summer. Likes partial shade. Needs drainage. Gal. \$1.50.

Carolina Cherry Laurel

PRUNUS CAROLINIANA (*Carolina Cherry Laurel*). Large shrub for background planting, informal screen, or small tree. It has dark, glossy green foliage, white flowers and small dark berries. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

English Laurel

PRUNUS LAUROCERASUS (*Laurocerasus officinalis*) (*English Laurel*). Large shrub with large, rich green foliage. Can be trimmed and kept compact. Excellent as corner clumps or informal hedges. Thrives in shade. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Portuguese Laurel

PRUNUS LUSITANICA (*Portuguese Laurel Cherry*). Evergreen shrub much like English laurel but leaves darker green, narrower and toothed, red stems. Hardy, compact, use in sun or shade. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

Guava

PSIDIUM CATTLEIANUM (*Red Strawberry Guava*). A bushy, informal shrub with greyish leathery leaves, white flowers, and purplish-red fruit. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Pyracantha for Best Berries

Bush forms: Gal. \$1.50 up; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up. Staked forms: Gal \$1.75 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

These are strong growing, sturdy shrubs with erect or spreading thorny branches and narrow dark green leaves and clusters of white flowers in spring. The real glory of these shrubs is the colorful abundance of berries in fall and winter. Rich, fairly moist soil. Sun or partial shade.

PYRACANTHA COCCINEA LALANDI. Vigorous variety with pure orange berries in large profuse clusters. Very early fruiting with the berries maturing in summer.

PYRACANTHA GRABERI. Gracefully arching stems, covered with larger bright red berries. Dark glossy foliage. Heavy bearer.

PYRACANTHA ROSEDALE. (Trade mark registered). Excellent dark red berries in clusters at Thanksgiving and Christmas. Upright form.

PYRACANTHA SANTA CRUZ. This pyracantha is valuable because of its prostrate habit of growth. Large red berries appear in the fall and are retained well into winter.

PYRACANTHA STRIBLINGI (*Stribling Pyracantha*). A new selection of this lovely berried shrub. Dark green glowing foliage and bright red berries, larger than usual, and in quantity. Holds its berries throughout the holiday season.

PYRACANTHA WALDERI (*Walder Pyracantha*). A variety with compact, bushy habit of growth and good red berries.

ESPALIER PYRACANTHA. Select varieties of the above, trained on trellis for espalier planting. \$12.00 each.

Pyrus

PYRUS KAWAKAMI (*Evergreen Pear*). Used either as a small tree or a large shrub and also makes a fine espaliered form. Covered in the spring with fragrant white blooms with handsome glossy foliage the year around. Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; 5 Gal. Espaliered \$12.00.

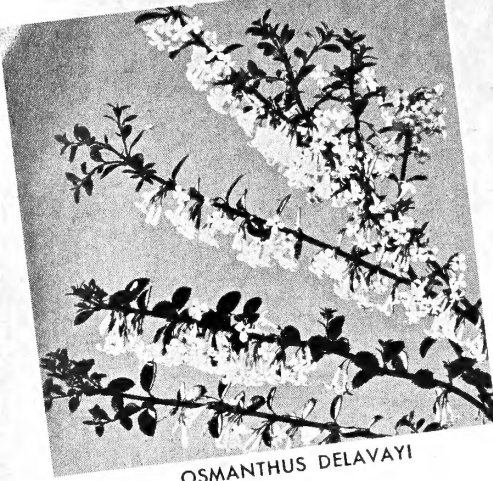
Raphiolepis

RAPHIOLEPIS INDICA ROSEA. A new variety with bright pink flowers and neat glossy foliage. Exceptionally fine for low planting. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

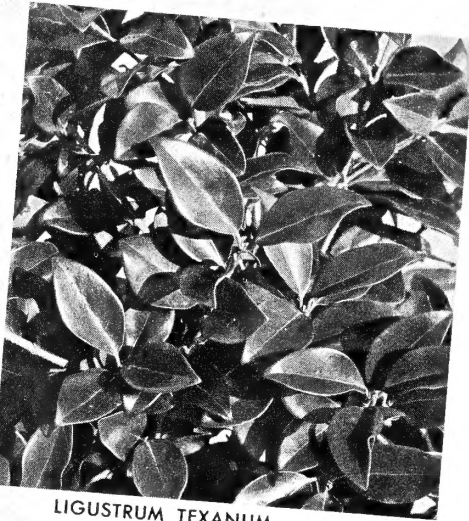
RAPHIOLEPIS OVATA (*Roundleaf Yeddo Raphiolepis*). A compact, low shrub; foliage thick and dark green; flowers white with red anthers, followed by blue berries. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50; B & B \$4.50 up.

Sarcococca for Shade

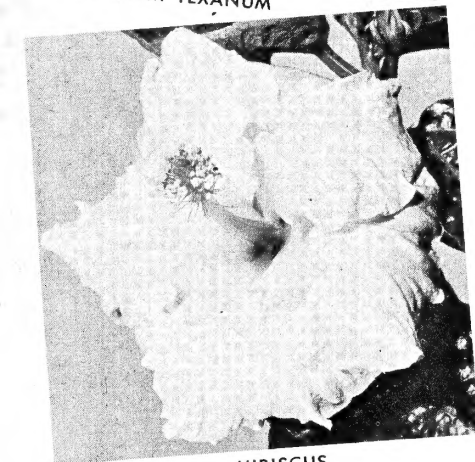
SARCOCOCCA RUSCIFOLIA (*Fragrant Sarcococca*). Medium sized shrub (4 feet), attractive dark green shiny rounded leaves. Useful in partially shaded places as a foliage shrub, the beauty of which is augmented by fragrant white blossoms and dark scarlet berries. Very hardy. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$4.95 up.



OSMANTHUS DELAVAYI



LIGUSTRUM TEXANUM



HIBISCUS



NANDINA

RHODODENDRONS

We carry a good selection in size and variety of these popular shade loving plants. See them at the nursery. A wealth of dark green glossy evergreen foliage serves as a background to numerous large clusters of gorgeous flowers which appear in the spring and early summer. All colors are represented: white, apricot, pink, orange, red, yellow and purple, in all shades and tints. Rhododendrons hold their color longer in shade, are beautiful for mass effects. They are surface feeders and require a mulch of peat moss about 4 or 5 inches thick or a thick layer of leaves to keep the surface soil around the plants moist. Require shade. Sizes available from \$7.50 and \$8.50 up.

CORNUBIA. Large robust habit and large foliage. Clear deep red flowers appear much earlier than regular season.

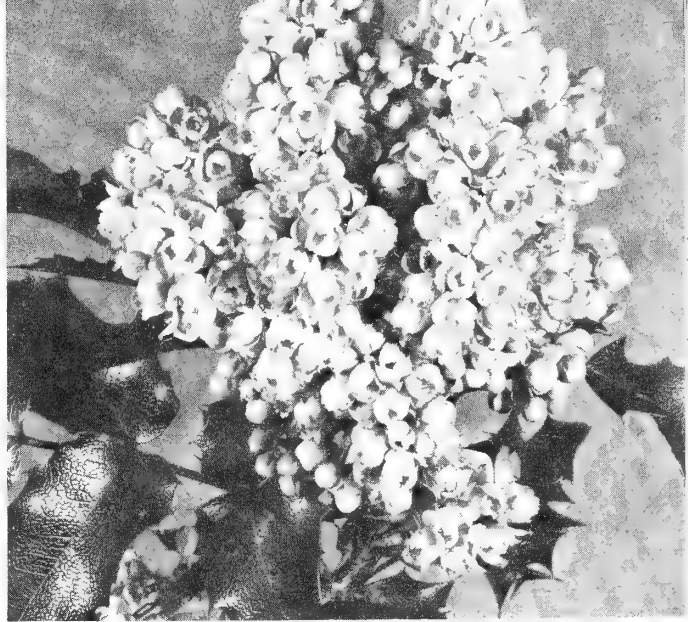
LORD ROBERTS. One of the finest dark reds. Medium-sized trusses in abundance on compact plants.

PINK PEARL. The most popular and widely known pink variety. Flowers light clear pink and large in size on large conical trusses. Plant robust in habit; has excellent green foliage.

PURPLE SPLENDOR. Rich deep royal purple. Finest in existence. Late midseason.

UNKNOWN WARRIOR. Fiery-red blooms on good sized trusses. Elongated foliage dark green on sturdy, compact plants.

UNIQUE. A fine variety with beautiful pale yellow blooms.



MAHONIA, OREGON GRAPE

Saxifrage

SAXIFRAGE RUBICUNDA (Bergenia) (Saxifrage). A compact perennial evergreen plant with large, rounded dark green leaves. Clusters of pink-orchid flowers appear in winter and spring. Prefers shade. Excellent ground cover, under trees or border. Gal. \$1.50.

Veronics

VERONICA BUXIFOLIA. Low compact plant with box-like foliage and small, white flowers, useful for globe-shaped accent plants or low edging. Prefers shade. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

VERONICA IMPERIALIS. Compact rounded shrub to medium height. Foliage medium green. Stems as well as flower spikes are reddish purple. Does well in shade. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Xylosma

XYLOSMA SENTICOSA. One of the finest foliage shrubs of recent introduction. Leaves are small, oval and pointed. Light cheerful green reflecting the gold of sunlight pointed out by subtle tints of red. Used as a ground cover, as specimen shrub and well suited to training on a wall as an espalier. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Viburnums

VIBURNUM JAPONICUM (Japanese Viburnum). Fast growing shrub. Large glossy leathery leaves, neat foliage; white to rose pink flowers and scarlet berries. Leaves suggest English Laurel. Thrives in part shade. Makes excellent large background shrub or informal screen or hedge. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50; B & B \$4.50 up.

VIBURNUM ODORATISSIMUM (Sweet Viburnum). Very dependable, erect growing plant bearing white flowers, thick foliage. Unusually attractive. Good fall color, on foliage. Sun or shade. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50; B & B \$4.50 up.

VIBURNUM SUSPENSUM (Sandankwa Viburnum). Medium sized shrub with lush, neat, slow growth and attractive either as a specimen or hedge. Fragrant flowers are white followed by black berries. Prefers part shade. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50; B & B \$4.50 up.

VIBURNUM TINUS (Laurestinus). Very fine evergreen shrub making a dense growth of deep green glossy foliage. Clusters of pink buds open to dainty white flowers in spring. Subject to mildew so should be planted in full sun. Fine for foundation planting or flowering hedge. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50; B & B \$4.50 up.



SARCOCOCCA

ESPALIER
PYRACANTHA

PYRUS
KAWAKAMI



CALIFORNIA'S FINEST

SASANQUA CAMELLIAS

A shrubby species with a more loose habit of growth, so much so in fact that it has been successfully trained as a vine, espaliered, or even as a ground cover. This habit of growth which varies from upright to weeping and arching forms, has made it a preferred item for hedge growing. The flowers are dainty and usually smaller than the well-known japonica Camellias, the leaves a polished dark green throughout the year. Will stand more sun, too. **Landscaping with Camellias** has made a great stride forward with the coming into popularity of these species. 1 Gal \$2.50; 5 Gal. \$7.50. up.

LITTLE GEM. Fully double, rose formed, white faintly edged pink.

SHISHI-GASHIRA. Double, bright rose-red. Slow, low and compact.

SHOWA-NO-SAKAE. Semi-double medium pink.

For Beautiful Spring Flowers and Year-Around Glossy Green Foliage

Gal. \$2.50 up; 5 Gal. \$7.50 up unless otherwise noted

Many other Varieties, including novelties, available at the Nursery.

E—Early. M—Medium. L—Late Flowering.

ADOLPHE AUDUSSON VAR. Large, heavy-petaled semi-double flowers of deep red mottled white. Sturdy and compact. M.

ALBA PLENA. Finest of all white camellias. Fully double flowers often 6 inches across. Lovely and delicate. E.



BUDDHA (Pat. 1215). Winner of the 1957 All America Camellia Selections. A new reticulata that soon will become a favorite. Very large, orchid pink, semi-double with beautiful rabbit ears. Extremely vigorous, upright, open growth. Outstanding in warm sections. 1 Gal. \$7.50; 5 Gal. \$17.50.

C. M. WILSON

RETICULATAS

Large shrubs or small trees distinguished from the other Camellias by dull green instead of glossy foliage. The flowers resemble more a semi-double peony than the stiff and formal japonica type Camellias.

CHANDLERI ELEGANS VARIEGATED. Largest and most popular peony-flowered camellia. Soft rose with a center of tightly curled petals, often showing white markings. E-M.



CINDERELLA (Pat. 1281). Crepey textured petals range from blush pink at the center to white at the sharply serrated edges and are deeply veined with carmine-red. M. 1 Gal. \$6.50; 5 Gal. \$9.95 up.

COLONEL FIREY (C. M. Hovey). The finest of all red camellias. The flat flowers are a rich glowing crimson often 6 inches across. L.

C. M. WILSON. A perfect blush pink sport of Chandleri Elegans. New and outstanding. E to M.

DAIKAGURA. Earliest of the larger sorts to flower. Double with a center of small twisted petals, bright rose with white splashes. Fragrant. E-M.

DEBUTANTE. One of the finest new varieties with beautiful fully double ball-shaped flowers in a delicate shade of pink. Ideal for corsage. E-M.

DONCKELARI. Very bright, semi-double flowers of large size, showing golden stamens at the center. The heavy textured petals are rich red and with various white markings and marbling. Slow bushy growth. Excellent foliage. L.

HERME

PEAT MOSS,
LEAF MOLD
AND CAMELLIA
PLANT FOOD
MAKE
CAMELLIAS
EASY TO GROW

EMPEROR WILHELM

CAMELLIAS

Ask for Our Free Camellia Planting Guide

•

ELEANOR HAGOOD. Blush pink formal double of medium size that lightens with age in the center. Compact and upright. L.

ELENA NOBILE. Medium size double flame red flowers show a few stamens in the center. A free flowering late variety of exceptional merit. L.

EMPEROR WILHELM (Gigantea). One of the finest peony-type camellias grown. Flowers larger than Chandleri with broad rounded outer petals, and tight center of petaloids possessing a heavy wax-like texture and color and bright red variously marked and blotched with white. M.

FINLANDIA (Dearest). Popular semi-double white of exceptional beauty. Porcelain texture of the petals is beautiful with yellow of stamens. E-M.

FINLANDIA VARIEGATED. Similar to Finlandia only even more exquisite with the splashes of red. E-M.

FLAME. A large semi-double orange-red flower with showy stamens. Compact and upright.

GLEN 40. This is the most talked of new red camellia. Flowers are large, fully double with rounded overlapping petals. The bright red color is enhanced by salmon undertones. M-L.

GRANDIFLORA ROSEA (Lady Clare). One of the finest deep pink semi-double camellias. From salmon-rose to bright, deep pink. Very large, flat stamens in center. Vigorous, spreading, with large, shining, pointed dark green foliage. M.

HERME (Jordan's Pride). Delightfully fragrant flowers 5 to 6 inches across. Semi-double, petals large, broad, light pink with broad irregular border of white around each. M.

HIGH HAT. Large pale pink double flower with a center of small twisted petals. E-M.



COLONEL FIREY



JOSHUA E. YOUTZ (White Daikagura). A new free blooming white sensation varying in form from a large peony to formal white. Exceptionally free blooming. Bushy, spreading. E.

KUMASAKA. Large loose double rose-pink flowers with a pleasing fragrance. Center petals curled and twisted but showing the golden stamens. Many large flowers; good growth. M-L.

LALLAROOK (Laurel Leaf). Although named for the foliage which is large and laurel-like in character, it has very lovely pink flowers, too. Flowers are over four inches across, fully double with imbricated petals, just the thing for a corsage. M-L.

MATHOTIANA (Julia Drayton). Huge flowers, often 7 inches across, are uniformly brilliant scarlet, beautifully veined. Double. Very fine. M-L.

MRS. CHARLES COBB. Large peony-type blooms of deep, coppery-red. Vigorous spreading growth. M.

MRS. TINGLEY. A quite unusual Camellia of the large formal type in salmon pink. Compact growth. M to L.

PINK PERFECTION. Fully double flowers of medium size clear light pink petals neatly arranged. One of the most popular pink camellias. E-L.

PAX. White, large formal double. M-L.

POPE PIUS IX. Large double red flowers. Good growth, light colored foliage. One of the best in our list. M.

PURITY. Symmetrical, double flowers of large size and snow-white purity. Often 6 inches across. Very popular white. L.

GRANDIFLORA
ROSEA

SHIRO CHAN. A new white anemone form camellia with occasional blush pink near the base of the petals.

VILLE DE NANTES. Semi-double, dark red, blotched white. M.

PICTURE COLLECTION

Your Choice of Any
FIVE CAMELLIAS
Pictured on These Pages
in Fine
Blooming Size Plants

2 yr. 1 gal. only \$9.95
You Save \$2.55

3 yr. 5 gal. only \$29.95
You Save \$7.55

SEE OUR DISPLAY OF TRELLISES FOR YOUR CLIMBING VINES

California-Grown

All prices quoted are for dormant (bare root) roses available December through March. Most varieties are also available in containers for planting all year. Slightly higher in containers.

Red Roses

CHRISTOPHER STONE. Large, formal, double rose of glowing crimson-scarlet, with deeper shadings. Long lasting and fragrant. Does not fade. Truly beautiful, even when fully open. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.



CHRYSLER IMPERIAL (Pat. 1167). At last an ideal red exhibition rose. Abundant, high-centered flowers up to five inches in diameter, borne singly; sturdy, medium long stems. Vivid rich crimson tones—beautifully shaped flowers that last up to one week when cut. Long, tapering buds; large, dark green foliage. 1953 AARS Winner. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.

ETOILE DE HOLLANDE. Buds of velvet maroon open to a beautiful full rose of glowing crimson with darker shadings. Does not fade. Rich old-rose fragrance. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

NEW YORKER (Pat. 823). Clear large, sparkling red flowers that do not fade in any type of weather. All of the blossoms that we have ever seen were at least 6 inches across, and they were beautiful. The fragrance makes us think of raspberries. \$2.25 each; 3 or more, \$2.00 each.

Cerise-Red Roses



CHARLOTTE ARMSTRONG (Pat. 455). Beautiful long, pointed buds of clear cerise-pink, opening to neatly tailored flowers. Petals margined with a thin silvery line. Vigorous mildew-resistant foliage, free branching. \$2.25 each; 3 or more, \$2.00 each.



GRANDE DUCHESSE CHARLOTTE (Pat. 774). Buds of a rich claret changing as the flower opens to a lovely begonia rose. Richly fragrant, unusual color. \$2.00 each; 3 or more, \$1.75 each.

Pink Roses

FIRST LOVE (Pat. 921). The distinctive and unique form of its long, slender bud and the always charming pastel shades of its delicate pale orchid and rose dawn-pink will make this new rose the connoisseur's delight. The long stemmed flowers come in great profusion. A great performer. \$2.25 each; 3 or more \$2.00 each.



HELEN TRAUBEL (Pat. 1028). A truly outstanding new rose—a star in its own right just as the famous opera star in whose honor it is named. The color varies with the weather from light, sparkling pink to luminous apricot. The magnificent buds are so vigorous that they are nearly always covered with buds and blooms. \$2.75 each; 3 or more, \$2.40 each.



KATHERINE T. MARSHALL (Pat. 607). Warm glowing pink blooms with a delicious fruity fragrance and perfect form. Buds long pointed with heavy petals opening to very large flowers. An extremely vigorous grower with long, strong stems. An exquisite pink rose. \$1.75 each; 3 or more, \$1.55 each.

PICTURE. Very double velvety clear rose-pink; slightly fragrant. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.



TIFFANY (Pat. 1304). A new startlingly beautiful phlox-pink rose, the All-America selection in the hybrid tea class for 1955. The long, pointed buds are a deep cerise pink with golden shading at base. The perfectly formed, high-centered blooms come on long strong stems. Fragrant. Dark green foliage. Bush upright, vigorous. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.

THRIFTY SIX ROSE COLLECTION

CHRISTOPHER STONE
ECLIPSE
ETOILE DE HOLLANDE

MME. HENRI GUILLOT
PICTURE
PRESIDENT HOOVER

ALL SIX FOR **\$7.50** You Save **\$1.50**



TAFFETA



FORTY-NINER



FRED EDMUNDS



TIFFANY


HYBRID TEA ROSES


Yellow Roses

ECLIPSE. Popularized and well known as the "Streamlined Rose" for the long tapering yellow buds enhanced by the narrow green calyx and truly streamlined. Rich golden yellow without shading. \$1.50 each; 3 or more \$1.30 each.


ISOBEL HARKNESS (P.A.F.) Beautifully long formed buds open to a wide petalled clear yellow blossom with no shadings or variations. Flowers are high-centered, open wide to show the stamens and have stiff stems. The foliage has a glossy sheen. Good vigorous growers. \$3.00 each; 3 or more, \$2.65 each.

MRS. P. S. DUPONT. Long, reddish-golden bud; golden-yellow flowers. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.


 **PEACE.** (Pat. 591). Large fully double flowers opening from well shaped buds. Often a clear pleasing yellow, sometimes only yellow at base, fading to a lighter tint and a delicate pink where the petals turn over. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.

 **SUTTER'S GOLD** (Pat. 885). The only rose to win both the Bagatelle Gold Medal and the All-America Award for 1950. Beautiful golden buds overlaid with orange and red open to spectacular flowers with more fragrance than any other yellow rose. \$2.25 each; 3 or more, \$2.00 each.

Multi-Color Roses


 **FORTY-NINER** (Pat. 792). One of the most brilliantly hued flowers of recent introduction. Color combination is outstanding with its vivid red petals, bright yellow to straw yellow on the outside. Mild, pleasing fragrance. Long pointed buds opening to well formed flowers. \$2.25 each; 3 or more, \$2.00 each.

PRESIDENT HOOVER. Shades of cerise-pink, orange and scarlet combined. Spicy fragrance. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

 **TAFFETA** (Pat. 716). Although the color varies with the season the usual carmine bud opens to show clear rose-pink, salmon-pink or apricot fragrant flowers. Upright vigorous growth. \$2.25 each; 3 or more, \$2.00 each.


TALISMAN. Fragrant orange-scarlet with gold and yellow shades. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

White Roses


 **WHITE KNIGHT** (Pat. 1359). The first white hybrid tea to win an AARS award! This is a superb white rose. The greenish-white buds open to pure white satiny flowers of excellent form. Flowers are borne singly on long stems that are ideal for cutting. It has not balled for us in any weather. Vigorous, free branching. Slightly susceptible to mildew. \$3.00 each; 3 or more, \$2.65 each.

Orange and Copper-Orange Roses

AZTEC (P.A.F.) A flaming scarlet-orange rose of immense size and wonderful substance. Buds are ovoid and open to large symmetrical exhibition type blooms. The thick foliage is disease resistant and covers the semi-spreading plant to the ground. Flowers are borne several together on sturdy stems. \$3.00 each; 3 or more, \$2.65 each.

 **FRED EDMUNDS** (Pat. 731). Beautiful buds of burnt-orange open to lasting blooms of reddish apricot blended with rose gold and salmon. A very vigorous, free-blooming rose. \$2.00 each; 3 or more, \$1.75 each.

MME. HENRI GUILLOT. A distinctive and sensational variety. Beautifully formed buds, reddish orange with undertone of gold, opening to rich, deep pink flowers of camellia-like form. Vigorous, glossy light green foliage. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

 **MOJAVE** (Pat. 1176). 1954 All-America Winner. Radiant orange is the dominant color, highlighted by flame-like tones of scarlet and vermilion. Lots of beautifully formed buds on a big, vigorous plant which tests have proven to be good in all areas. \$2.75 each; 3 or more, \$2.40 each.

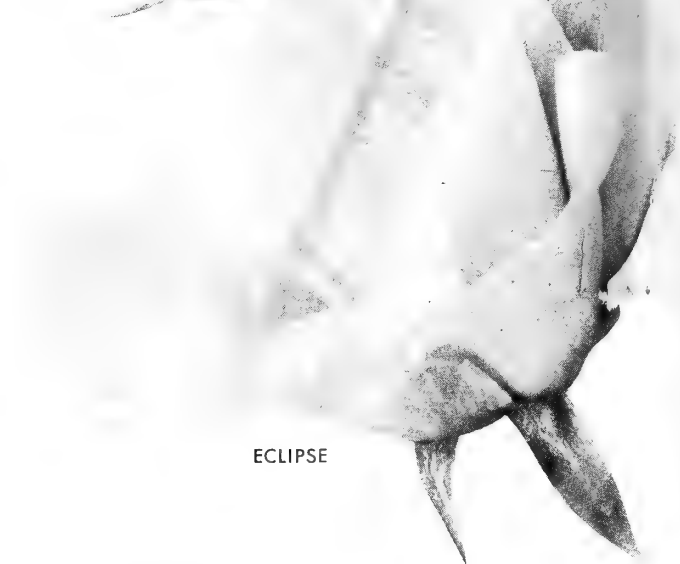
MRS. SAM MCGREDY. Fragrant blooms of scarlet, copper and orange. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.



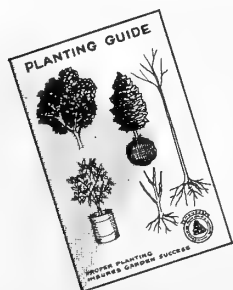
PICTURE



CHRISTOPHER
STONE



ECLIPSE



**Complete planting instructions
free with every purchase . . .
insures success with your
prize roses.**



This insignia, AARS, guarantees that the rose variety with which it is associated has been observed and scored in test gardens throughout America and has been voted an All-America Selection.

Available in 2-gal. containers
for year around planting
priced slightly higher.



HELEN TRAUBEL



PEACE



CHRYSLER IMPERIAL

OUR FINEST HYBRID TEAS

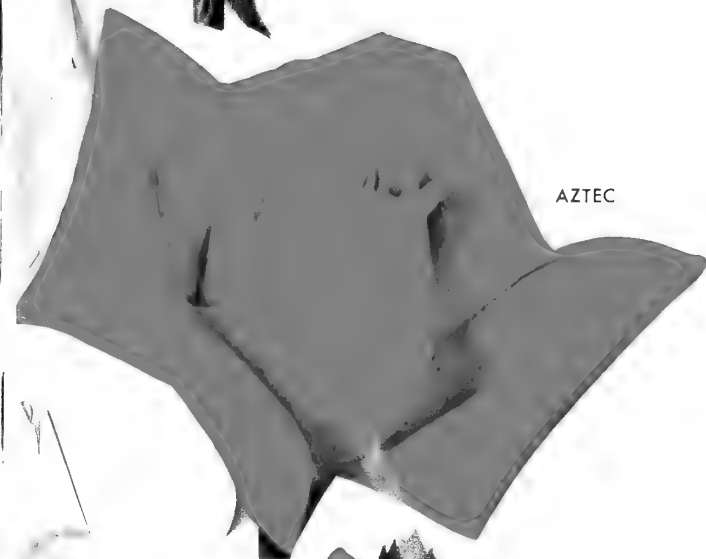
SUPER SIX Collection

CHRYSLER IMPERIAL	PEACE
CHARLOTTE ARMSTRONG	AZTEC
HELEN TRAUBEL	ISOBEL HARKNESS

ALL SIX FOR

\$13.45

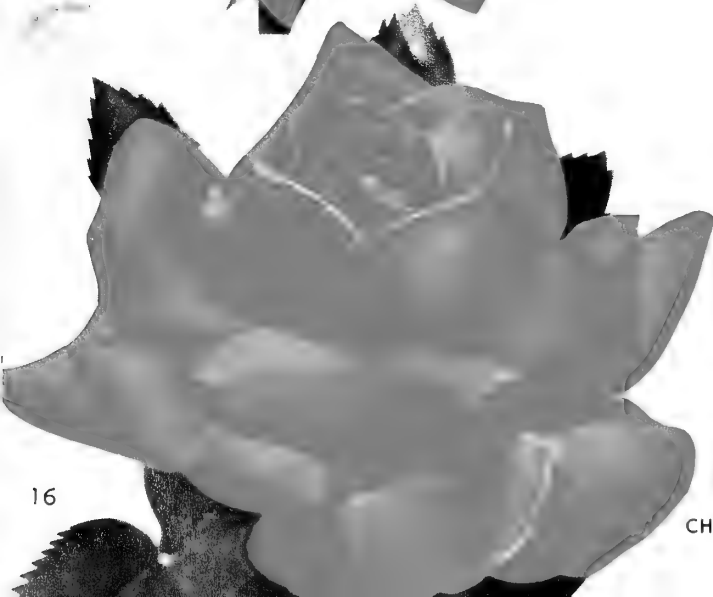
You Save \$2.55



AZTEC



ISOBEL HARKNESS



CHARLOTTE ARMSTRONG



GRANDIFLORA COLLECTION

QUEEN ELIZABETH
CARROUSEL

BUCCANEER
MONTEZUMA

ALL FOUR FOR

\$8.15

You Save \$1.60



QUEEN ELIZABETH

CARROUSEL

The New GRANDIFLORA ROSES

BUCCANEER (Pat. 1119). A unique new brilliant buttercup yellow, shining and lasting, with long, slender, tapering buds produced in abundance, and richly cupped blooms colorproof in nearly all weather. Strong, free-branching canes, up to 6 ft. high. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.

MONTEZUMA (Pat. 1383). Vivid scarlet-orange buds that open to form large salmon-orange blooms. Very vigorous. One of the newest roses in the Grandiflora class. \$2.75 each; 3 or more, \$2.40 each.

MERRY WIDOW (P.A.F.). Long pointed buds of rich red, flowers borne singly on good stems. Fine for cutting. Plant very vigorous with fine foliage. A continuous bloomer. \$2.75 each; 3 or more, \$2.40 each.

CARROUSEL (Pat. 1066). A hardy rose. Large high centered blooms of vivid red make it a favorite floribunda of the new Grandiflora class. Foliage is excellent and the blooms make good cut flowers. \$2.00 each; 3 or more, \$1.75 each.



QUEEN ELIZABETH (Pat. 1259). The delicate pure pink shade found only in the choicest Cattleya orchids has been captured in this gorgeous All-America winner of 1955. The subtle blending of soft carmine rose and dawn pink is set off by deep green, glossy foliage enclosing the entire bush to the ground. Long, almost thornless stems bear erect the tantalizingly fragrant blooms. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.

BUCCANEER

BIG TEN Collection

CHRYSLER IMPERIAL
CHARLOTTE ARMSTRONG
HELEN TRAUBEL
PEACE
ISOBEL HARKNESS

BUCCANEER
CARROUSEL
MONTEZUMA
QUEEN ELIZABETH
AZTEC

ALL TEN FOR

\$21.60

YOU SAVE \$4.15



MONTEZUMA

CALIFORNIA FLORIBUNDA ROSES

All prices quoted are for bare root stock available December through March. Most varieties are also available in cans at all times for 25c per plant higher for gallon can size.



GOLDILOCKS

BETTY PRIOR. Lively red to shell-pink single blooms resembling the flowers of a red-flowering dogwood tree, produced in great clusters. Blooms continuously throughout the season. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.



CIRCUS (Pat. 1382). The only All-America Selection Winner for 1956. Huge clusters of high centered blooms of yellow, red, and apple blossom pink. Truly a three-ring thrill. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.

FLORADORA. The scarlet-red of this neat flowered floribunda has attracted lots of attention. The tiny buds open to camellia-like double blooms. Fine for arrangements and corsages. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

FROLIC (Pat. 1179). Extremely prolific floribunda with masses of clear pink bloom. Bushy, rounded plants—perfect for hedges or borders. \$2.00 each; 3 or more, \$1.75 each.



FUSILIER. An attractive rich orange-red bloom of great luminescence which becomes a deeper cherry-red in the fall. The wavy petals are frilled and the flowers are borne in large heads. Plants are good, compact growers. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.

GARNETTE. Long-lasting petite garnet-red flowers and perfectly formed buds. Lovely foliage. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.



GOLD CUP. The only clear yellow floribunda that has won an AARS award! The 3½ inch fragrant blossoms are deep in color and are borne singly and in clusters. Foliage is a shiny, dark green. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.

GOLDILOCKS (Pat. 672). Considered by many the best yellow polyantha rose. Best on semi-shaded location. \$1.75 each; 3 or more, \$1.55 each.



JIMINY CRICKET (Pat. 1346). 1955 All-America selection. Masses of tangerine buds open to coral-orange flower clusters, finishing a coral pink. Glossy green foliage, bronze when young. Upright growth. Pleasing damask fragrance. \$2.00 each; 3 or more, \$1.75 each.



LILIBET (Pat. 1209). 1954 All-America selection. Perfectly shaped rose to dawn-pink baby buds, many on single stems to cut for small arrangements or corsages. When fully open it shows a cluster of yellow stamens. Bushy, nice foliage, medium height. Long succession of bloom. \$2.00 each; 3 or more, \$1.75 each.

PINOCCHIO. Clusters of perfect baby roses in dainty shades of salmon flushed with gold. Plants grow about 2 feet tall. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.



VOGUE (Pat. 926). AARS Winner 1952. Combines tall growth with an abundance of exquisitely formed fully double flowers of an absolutely new oriental red color tone, base of petals shading to gold. \$2.00 each; 3 or more, \$1.75 each.

WHITE BOUQUET (Pat. 1415). Startling white flowers against a luxuriant dark green foliage. Wonderful 4 to 5-inch flowers. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.



LILIBET



JIMINY CRICKET

Landscape with CLIMBING ROSES

TREE ROSES



PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER

CL. CHARLOTTE ARMSTRONG (Pat. 523). Offered for the first time last season. This new climbing form has the same exquisite tapering buds, long stems, and wonderful cerise-red flowers which have made the bush Charlotte Armstrong an all time favorite rose. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.


CL. CHRYSLER IMPERIAL (P.A.F.). Long red buds opening to large, crimson red flowers. Vigorous plant and foliage. \$2.75 each; 3 or more, \$2.40 each.

CL. CRIMSON GLORY (Pat. 736). Richly fragrant, velvety crimson flowers with a dark maroon sheen. Most beautiful in the fall. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.

 **CL. GOLDEN SHOWERS** (P.A.F.). Many petaled, daffodil yellow flowers. Fragrant and excellent bloomer. Dark green foliage, highly resistant. \$2.75 each; 3 or more, \$2.40 each.

CL. GOLDBLOCKS (Pat. 1090). The beloved, immensely floriferous yellow polyantha rose, now available in a climber. A beautiful yellow climber. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.

CL. ETOILE DE HOLLANDE. An excellent red climber. This deep red climber produces non-fading roses. Buds are often larger and longer than the bush variety. Vigorous clean grower. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

 **HIGH NOON** (Pat. 704). Pillar rose to 8 feet high, covered with long stemmed golden buds. Stems almost thornless. Not a rampant climber but suited to growing against a post, pillar or arbor. Bushy habit. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.

CL. MRS. P. S. DUPONT. Beautifully formed, reddish-golden buds opening into golden-yellow double flowers. Blooms are large and fragrant. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

CL. MRS. SAM MCGREDY (Pat. 394). Free flowering copper-orange climber. Buds long pointed and borne on long stems. Luxuriant bronzy foliage. \$1.75 each; 3 or more, \$1.55 each.

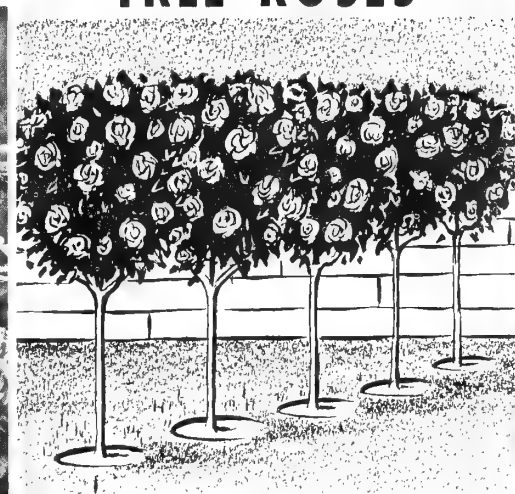
PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER, IMPROVED (BLAZE). A new improved version of the old familiar scarlet climber, now covered with clusters of vivid color all season long. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

CL. PEACE (Pat. 932). The most widely planted rose in America today. The light to deep yellow flowers with the apple blossom pink edges have become familiar to everybody. The same superior flowers, foliage and stems that you find in the bush. \$2.25 each; 3 or more, \$2.00 each.

CL. PICTURE (Pat. 524). Perfect buds and flowers just as in the bush variety. Clear rose-pink with tones of warm salmon showing through. A climber of merit. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.

CL. PRESIDENT HOOVER. One of the best multi-colored climbers. Flame, pink and buff. Rampant. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

CL. SNOWBIRD. The well-formed white buds have an exquisite flaring. The many petaled flowers are snowy-white with high, creamy-white centers on a vigorous medium-sized plant. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.



TREE ROSES

Tree roses are the bush roses budded on straight clean stems of another variety. All suckers should be cut off at the base of the cane, and once a year the head should be thinned out and shortened.


\$5.50 each; 6 or more, \$4.50 each.


AZTEC. New, brilliant orange blooms.

 **CHARLOTTE ARMSTRONG** (Pat. 455). Perfect rose to cerise-pink blooms from April to November.

 **CHRYSLER IMPERIAL** (Pat. 1167). Rich crimson.

FORTY NINER. Vivid red petals with yellow underside.

 **MOJAVE** (Pat. 1176). Hues of apricot orange to nasturtium red and even vermilion.

 **PEACE** (Pat. 591). Brilliant golden buds, changing in the open flower to lemon yellow edged soft rose, finally white and pink.

PRESIDENT HOOVER. Pink, scarlet and yellow blend.

CHRISTOPHER STONE. Flower of brilliant crimson-scarlet superbly set off by deep, dusky shadings.

ECLIPSE (Pat. 172). Dainty slim tapering buds opening into golden yellow blooms.

FIRST LOVE (Pat. 921). Delicate shade of pink.

MRS. P. S. DUPONT. Golden yellow.

PICTURE. Velvety rose-pink.

QUEEN ELIZABETH (Pat. 1259). Charming pure pink blooms. Fragrant.

Floribunda Tree Roses

CIRCUS (Pat. 1382). Bright yellow and orange buds opening to big flower clusters in changing tones of yellow, buff, pink and red.

GARNETTE. Small blooms of deepest red.

PINOCCHIO (Pat. 484). Double blooms of soft pink.

FUSILIER. Brilliant luminous red blooms.

GOLD CUP. Warm golden blooms.

GOLDBLOCKS (Pat. 672). Cup-shaped blooms of true golden yellow.

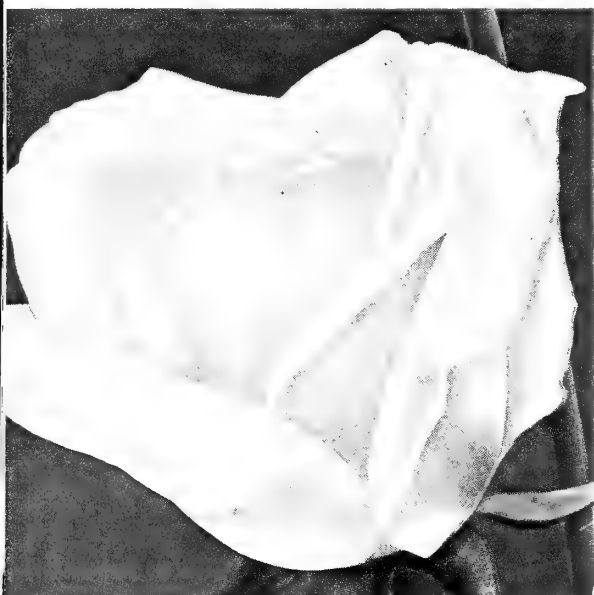
California Grown Roses for 1958



MERRY WIDOW
(Grandiflora)



TREE ROSES



WHITE KNIGHT
(Hybrid Tea)



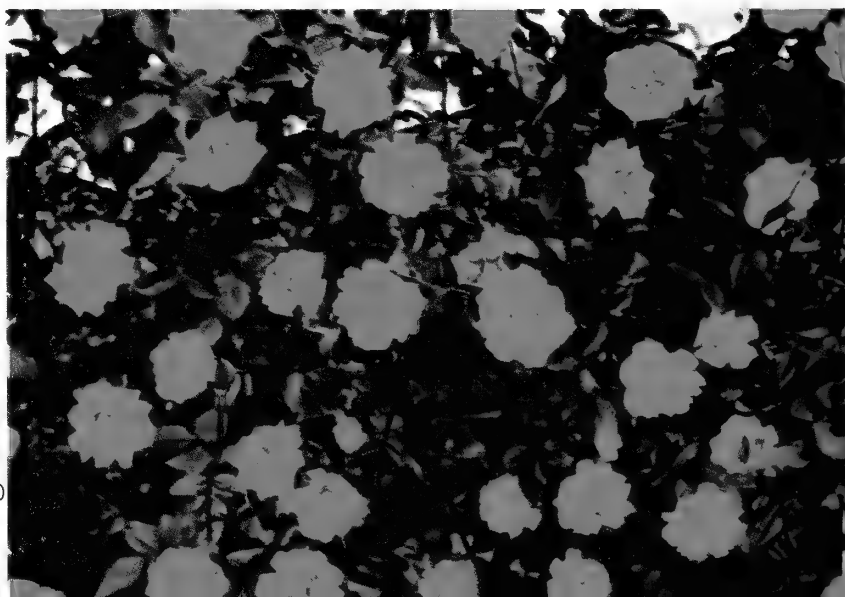
FUSILIER
(Floribunda)



CIRCUS
(Floribunda)



GOLDEN SHOWERS
(Climber)





ACANTHUS MOLLIS

TROPICAL FOLIAGE PLANTS

ACANTHUS MOLLIS. The leaves of this plant were used as a pattern by the ancient Greeks in designing Corinthian columns. Its foliage—bold, broad, and green, and its tall spikes of densely set, whitish flowers continue to lend classic grace to modern gardens. Hardy. 0°. Sun or shade. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

AUCUBA JAPONICA VARIEGATA (Gold Dust Plant). Slow growing, for shaded places or tubs. The large, glossy, pointed leaves are spotted or speckled with gold. Give plenty of water. Grows in deepest shade where other plants fail. Hardy. 10°. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

MUSA ENSETE (Banana Tree). Planted against a tall wall, where there is protection from strong winds, this shrub will lend a pleasing tropical atmosphere. Huge long leaves with red mid-ribs and, eventually, clusters of enormous red bloom. 12-15 ft. Sun or part shade. Not frost hardy. 28°. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

ARALIA SIEBOLDI (Fatsia japonica). The glossy rice paper plant. Wonderful shrub for tropical effects. Bold glossy foliage. Makes an excellent tub plant. Hardy. 24°. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

CYPERUS PAPYRUS (Egyptian Paper- Reed). Tall, reed like stems, to 6 ft., are topped by a large umbel of thread-like rays. Offers an unusual and pleasing effect in any tropical planting. Likes lots of water. Sun or shade. 28°. Gal. \$1.50.

CORDYLINE INDIVISA (Dracaena Palm). Valued for its ease of growth and hardiness. Creates a striking effect at all stages of growth with its narrow lance-like leaves and sturdy gray trunk. Grows best in full sun. 15 ft. 20°. Also see Palms on Page 35. Gal. \$1.50; 5 gal. \$4.50 and up.

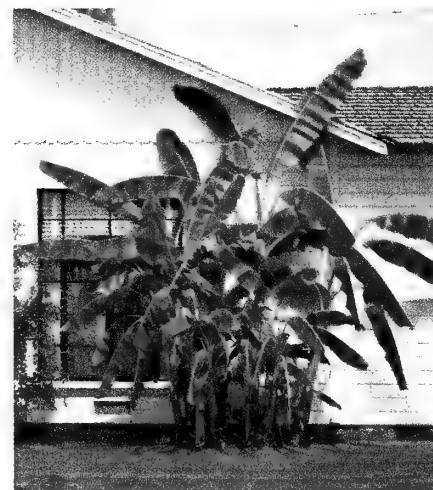
PHORMIUM TENAX (New Zealand Flax). Long, stiff sword-like leaves margined with red and orange lines. Very suitable for tub planting. Will do well in desert areas. 20°. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up. Variegated Phormium Tenax, see Page 35.



PHORMIUM TENAX



CYPERUS PAPYRUS



MUSA

DRACAENA PALM



ARALIA SIEBOLDI



AUCUBA JAPONICA VARIEGATA



CALIFORNIA GROWN DECIDUOUS FRUIT TREES



BING CHERRIES

Prices under each head are for family size trees, 1 yr. 5-6 ft., large sizes slightly higher. Ask for special quantity prices available for order of 10 or more of the same variety. Commercial fruit growers, ask for special commercial price list for quantity.

All prices quoted are for bare root trees available only January 1 through April 1. Some select varieties are also available in 5-gallon cans during other seasons at \$4.95 each and \$5.95 each, depending on variety.

Cherries

(Planting Distance—Sour 18 to 20 Feet,
Sweet 22 to 30 Feet)

Asterisk (*) Indicates Plants to Use as
Pollinizers

On Mazzard Root
Each \$2.75 up, Bare Root*

➤ **BING.** Large delicious, dark red, with rich, firm, purplish flesh. Excellent for eating, canning and preserves. Pollinizers—*Early Richmond, Black Tartarian or English Morello. Mid-June.

➤ **BLACK TARTARIAN.** Medium size, bright purplish black; thick, juicy, very rich and delicious. Tree vigorous and erect grower; good pollinizer. Early June. *Bing.

➤ **ENGLISH MORELLO.** Late, red tart cherry. Excellent for pies. A good pollinizer for Bing or Royal Ann. (Self fruitful.)

➤ **ROYAL ANN.** Large, light amber, suffused with red. A favorite for eating, canning and preserves. Turns white when canning. *Black Tartarian and English Morello.

RED DELICIOUS

GRAVENSTEIN

Apples

(Planting Distance 30 to 35 Feet)

Pollinize for best results.

(S) Summer Apples; (F) Fall Apples;
(W) Winter Apples.

Each \$2.75 up, Bare Root*
(unless otherwise specified)

➤ **BELFLOWER (W).** Waxy yellow often with a beautiful pink blush; flesh tender, juicy and crisp; slightly sub acid. Plant with Pippin for pollination. October to January.

➤ **GRAVENSTEIN (S).** Striped red, crispy, juicy; keeps well, good for shipping. Does well in the valley. A cooking and eating apple. Plant with Red June for better pollination. July and August.

➤ **JONATHAN.** Fall ripening medium size apple with crisp, juicy flesh. Solid red when ripe. Bears when young. October.

➤ **NEWTOWN PIPPIN (W).** Large; yellow with brownish red cheeks; firm, crisp and juicy with a very rich flavor. Best winter apple in California. Bears better when planted with Bellflower. December to March.

➤ **RED DELICIOUS (F).** Strong red waxy skin; delicious flavor, large crisp and juicy. One of the finest red apples. Plant with Yellow Delicious. October to January.

➤ **RED ROME BEAUTY.** Very good apple for cooking. Bright red in color. Ripens very late.

➤ **YELLOW DELICIOUS (F).** Large, golden yellow, crisp, firm and delicious. A fine apple for all purposes. Yellow Delicious is a good pollinizer. October to January.

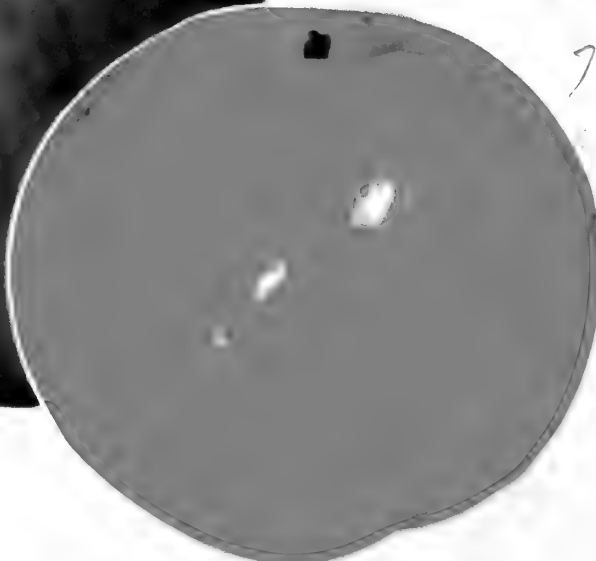
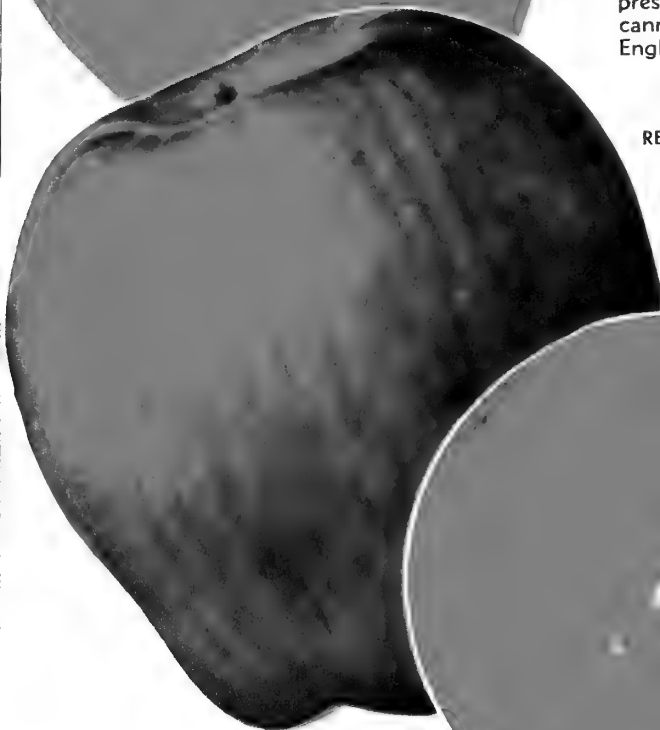
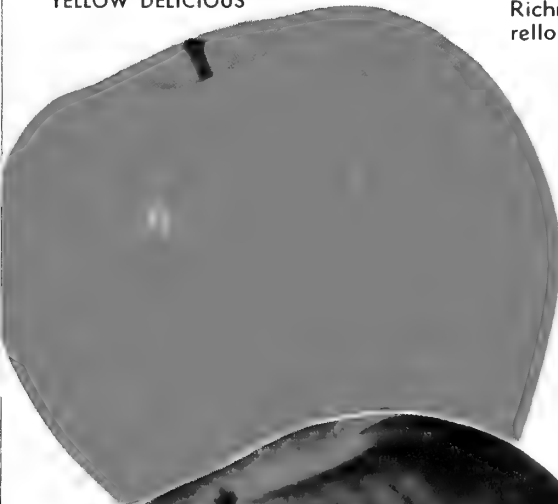
Crab Apples

(Planting Distance 20 to 25 Feet)

On Apple Root
Each \$2.75 up, Bare Root*

➤ **TRANSCENDENT.** A beautiful variety of Siberian crab; large, yellow with red cheeks, fine for jelly. August to September.

YELLOW DELICIOUS



Plant Your Own Family Fruit Supply

TREE-O
Dwarf Fruit
Trees and
Combination
Page 30

ROYAL ANNE CHERRIES

COMICE PEAR

Pears

(Planting Distance 20 to 35 Feet)

On French Pear Root

Each \$2.75 up, Bare Root*

Persimmons

(Planting Distance 16 to 20 Feet)

On Lotus Root

	4'-5'	5'-6'
Fuyu	\$3.75	\$4.25
Hachiya	3.25	3.75

FUYU. Bears young and produces heavily. A large round flattened fruit of smooth texture. A good eating persimmon (non astringent) but not as nice appearing as Hachiya variety. Ripens in November.

HACHIYA. Leading, largest and best quality persimmons. It is oblong in shape, has a rather short point and skin of bright orange red, covered with dark blotches. Tree vigorous, upright and shapely. Ripens November.

Quince

\$2.75 Each, Bare Root*

(Planting Distance 15 to 20 Feet)

PINEAPPLE. Fruit smooth golden yellow, white fleshed with a slight pineapple like flavor. For eating and making jelly. September.

SMYRNA. Fine large fruit with excellent quince flavor. The fruit is oblong, with an attractive lemon skin. Flesh is tender and highly perfumed. Excellent for jellies and preserves. September.

ANJOU. Good size russet yellow pear, with crimson blush. A good eating pear ripening in October.

BARTLETT. Large smooth waxy yellow fruit, white flesh, sweet. The most popular pear. A vigorous grower producing better when planted with Beurre D'Anjou or Winter Nelis. Partly self fruitful. September.

COMICE (Doyenne du Comice). The fruits are large, roundish with uneven sides and thick stems. They are greenish yellow, but when ripe the color becomes a clear yellow, shaded crimson, and marked with russet spots. The flesh is fine and aromatic. Very popular for export. Ripens August 10.

KIEFFER. Fruit medium to large, oval, uniform; skin thick, tough and smooth, yellow. Sometimes blushed with dull pink, flesh yellowish white, coarse, crisp and juicy. October to November.

WINTER NELIS. A medium sized fruit of quality. Heavy producer and firm. Keeps well. November.

BARTLETT PEAR

JONATHAN

RED ROME BEAUTY

CALIFORNIA GROWN DECIDUOUS FRUIT TREES

FREEDOM NECTARINE

Freestone Peaches

(Planting Distance 20 to 25 Feet)

Each \$2.00 up, Bare Root* (unless otherwise specified)

BABCOCK. A medium sized white-fleshed freestone with a high blush. Requires little winter chilling. A favorite mid early white-fleshed freestone with pleasing flavor, juicy. Mid July.

BLAZING GOLD (Plant Pat. No. 1127). An extremely early yellow flesh freestone with relatively small pit. It has a rich tart acid flavor. The color is exceptional, mottled red over yellow. The skin is almost fuzzless. It is a good size and 3 to 5 days earlier than Gold Dust and 35 days earlier than Early Elberta (July Elberta). It is a vigorous grower and constant bearer. Early June. \$3.00 each.

RED HAVEN
PEACH

ELBERTA. Large, usually elongated; skin golden yellow, flushed with red where exposed to sun; very rich and sweet. California's leading peach for all purposes. Late July and early August.

FAY ELBERTA (Gold Medal). Large, elongated, yellow fleshed freestone of good color, similar to Elberta but smaller pit and ripens a few days later. Late July. Early August.

FORTY-NINER. Large, yellow fleshed, red blush freestone ripening a few days ahead of J. H. Hale. Fruit firm, juicy and excellent flavor. Blossoms are self-fertile. Late July.

GOLD DUST (Plant Pat. No. 1144). A good sized perfect shaped firm yellow fleshed freestone ripening 40 days ahead of Elberta. This variety is highly colored, smooth skinned, almost fuzzless and has a superb, non-acid flavor. It is a vigorous grower and consistent bearer. We believe it is the finest, early yellow fleshed freestone. Early to mid-June. \$3.00 each.

J. H. HALE. Large, round yellow freestone, deep red at stone. Rather tart until fully ripe. Good for shipping and home use. Requires pollination. Late July.

JULY ELBERTA (Early) (Kim). A very good early type Elberta. Large, elongated, yellow freestone. Skin golden yellow flushed red; a good all around peach. Two weeks earlier than Elberta. Early July.

MILLER LATE. Larger yellow freestone of fair quality. A very late peach for home and nearby market. Does best in areas of warm fall weather. Late October.

RED HAVEN. A new early yellow freestone of medium size. Color good; flesh firm; a good shipper. Late June (10 days before Kim Elberta).

RED WING (Plant Pat. No. 621). Large, white fleshed freestone with pronounced red blush; white fleshed; juicy, good eating. Local and nearby market. Early July. \$3.50 each.

RIO OSO GEM. Large, red flushed yellow freestone, firm yellow flesh, red at tip. Ripening about two weeks after J. H. Hale. Early August.



**Complete planting instructions
free with every purchase . . .
insures success with your
prize fruit trees.**

BLAZING GOLD PEACH

ELBERTA
PEACH

GOLD DUST
PEACH

WATCH FOR SPECIALS AT OUR NURSERY

TREE-O
Dwarf Fruit
Trees and
Combination
Page 30

TILTON APRICOT

Apricots

(Planting Distance 22 to 30 Feet)

Each \$2.25, Bare Root*
(unless otherwise specified)

➤ **ROBIN** (Plant Pat. No. 529.) Medium sized; round, white fleshed; semi-freestone with good red cheeks. Fruit firm and smooth (has very little fuzz). Good for home and nearby market. A good variety for Southern California. Early June. \$3.50 each.

➤ **SPRINGTIME** (Plant Pat. No. 1268). Now for the first time a medium-sized, very early, white-fleshed, red-blushed freestone peach ripening in mid to late May. Springtime is the earliest peach we have fruited to date and shows great promise as an extremely early table and dessert variety. Its sweet, juicy, pleasing flavor, early ripening, and color make it a fine peach for home orchard and local market. \$3.50 each.

Clingstone Peaches

(Planting Distance 20 to 25 Feet)

Each \$2.25 up, Bare Root*
(unless otherwise specified)

➤ **FORTUNA**. Medium, uniform in size with deep orange, yellow flesh; blushed red. Clear yellow to pit; a good canning variety ripening mid-July. Tree is a heavy producer. The earliest cling on our list.

➤ **HALFORD No. 2**. Large yellow fleshed clingstone of excellent canning quality. Tree vigorous and a heavy producer. Follows Gaume. Late August. California's leading canning clingstone.

➤ **ORANGE CLING**. Large fruit of uniform size. Clear golden color, blushed red, deep golden flesh, very firm, with pleasing flavor. Good home canning variety. Early August.

➤ **SIMS**. A large clear yellow cling of good canning quality. Flesh yellow to the pit; similar to Phillips but a little earlier. Late August.

➤ **WHITE HEATH**. Medium to large; creamy white with a light red blush. Flesh white, juicy and delicious. A favorite for home canning. Late September.

***COMMERCIAL GROWERS
ASK FOR
COMMERCIAL PRICE LIST**

➤ **BLENHEIM**. Above medium; oval; orange; flesh deep yellow; juicy and fairly vigorous grower and regular bearer. California's leading variety. Late June.

➤ **EARLIGOLD**. Medium sized fruit; rich golden apricot color; sweet and juicy flesh of good quality; very heavy producer; early June.

➤ **MOORPARK**. Large highly colored; rich, luscious flavor; brownish red; quite firm. A favorite home canning variety. Late June.

➤ **ROYAL**. Skin yellow, with orange check; flesh pale orange, firm and juicy; flavor delicious. Equally valuable for canning and drying. Late June.

➤ **TILTON**. Very large, light orange heart shaped fruit, flesh firm and parts readily from the stone. A heavy bearer; seems to be more exempt from late frosts than other varieties. Early July.

Nectarines

(Planting Distance 20 to 25 Feet)

Each \$2.25, Bare Root*
(unless otherwise specified)

➤ **FREEDOM** (Plant Pat. No. 1161). This new, very large, highly colored freestone Nectarine ripens in late July a few days before Quetta. This fine new Nectarine is red blushed, flesh golden yellow, firm, juicy, good for shipping, canning and home table. Its large size, rich coloring, freestone characteristic, and excellent flavor make it a variety of outstanding merit. Retail at \$3.50 each.

➤ **GOLD MINE**. Medium sized white fleshed, red blushed freestone; juicy white fleshed with excellent flavor for home use. Early August.

➤ **GOWER**. Medium size, round creamy white fleshed freestone nectarine ripening in early July.

➤ **JOHN RIVERS**. Medium sized early season nectarine, crimson colored on exposed cheek, flesh greenish white. A good quality semi-freestone. Mid-June.

ELBERTA PEACH





SATSUMA PLUMS

CALIFORNIA GROWN FRUIT and NUT TREES

Plums

E—European Varieties
J—Japanese Varieties

Planting Distance 18 to 25 Feet

*Self-fruitful Varieties

Except for the self-fruitful varieties, may we suggest a Tree-O planting for better pollinization. (See page 30).

On Mariana Root
Each \$2.25 up, Bare Root*

➤ **BEAUTY*** (J). Large to medium, bright red, yellow fleshed tinged with red. One of the better early varieties, tree strong, vigorous. Good shipper. Early June.

➤ **BURMOSA** (J). Large, amber-yellow skin with a medium red blush. Flesh creamy amber, fine texture, delicious, mild flavor. A fine early June variety. Requires pollination with Mariposa, Santa Rosa, Late Santa Rosa.

➤ **ELEPHANT HEART** (J). A large freestone, blood plum of excellent quality. The fruit keeps well and is a good shipper. Trees hardy and rapid growing. Pollinizers, Ace and Santa Rosa. Best is Red Heart. Early August.

➤ **LATE SANTA ROSA*** (Improved). (J). Large, oval, purplish crimson fruit similar to Santa Rosa with the period of fruiting one month later. New improved non-cracking variety. Mid-August.

➤ **MARIPOSA** (J). Very large purple red fruit, overlaid with a glowing lilac bloom. Blood red flesh, tender, juicy, very sweet. Keeps well. Pollinizers, Grand Duke and Burton. Mid-August.

➤ **NUBIANA*** (J). A new introduction similar to Eldorado with advantages of setting better crops and larger fruit. Fruit medium to large, flat shaped. Skin deep reddish-blue color. Flesh, light amber, firm and meaty texture. Blossoms with Santa Rosa. Ripening late July.

➤ **PRESIDENT** (E). Uniform large, egg shaped fruit. Fruit purple with deep bloom, flesh yellow and of fine texture. Leading European. Pollinizers, Grand Duke and Burton. Mid-August.

➤ **SANTA ROSA*** (J). Large, oval, purplish crimson fruit, well covered with light blue blooms. Flesh firm, purplish next to skin, yellow veined, pink toward pit. Mid-June. The most popular California plum.

➤ **SATSUMA** (J). Large nearly round; dark red fruit, solid red color from skin to pit, firm, rather juicy. Late July and early August. Pollinizers, Duarte and Santa Rosa.

Prunes

(Planting Distance 18 to 25 Feet)

*Pollinizers Required

\$2.75 Each, Bare Root*

➤ **FRENCH IMPROVED** (E). California's leading prune; fruit medium size, dark blue; skin tender; flesh of fine texture, rich and sugary. August to September. Self fertile.

➤ **STANDARD** (E). Fruit large, dark purple; flesh amber, fine grained, juicy and sweet; a freestone, ripening in August. *Pollinizer, French or Sugar.

➤ **SUGAR** (E). Large, early, dark purple prune of medium quality. Flesh sweet and a good variety for shipping or drying. August. Self fertile.

**FOR ADDITIONAL FRUIT
VARIETIES ASK
AT OUR NURSERY**

NON-WARRANTY

We will exercise care to have merchandise true to name. Provided it is expressly understood that this order is accepted on the condition precedent that we make no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, survival, productiveness, crops or any other matter whatsoever; that its liability in every instance whatsoever is limited to the purchase price; that orders shall be void should delivery be prevented or injury befall the stock from flood, drouth, frost, strikes, or other causes beyond its control, and orders travel at risk of purchaser.

Figs

(Planting Distance: Mission, 30 to 40 feet;
Kadota and Brown Turkey, 20 to 24 feet)
Each \$2.25 up, Bare Root*

➤ **KADOTA**. Medium size and lemon yellow in color, with amber pulp of few seeds. Good for canning. When caprifigged the figs are large, green and seedy. This type is good for drying.

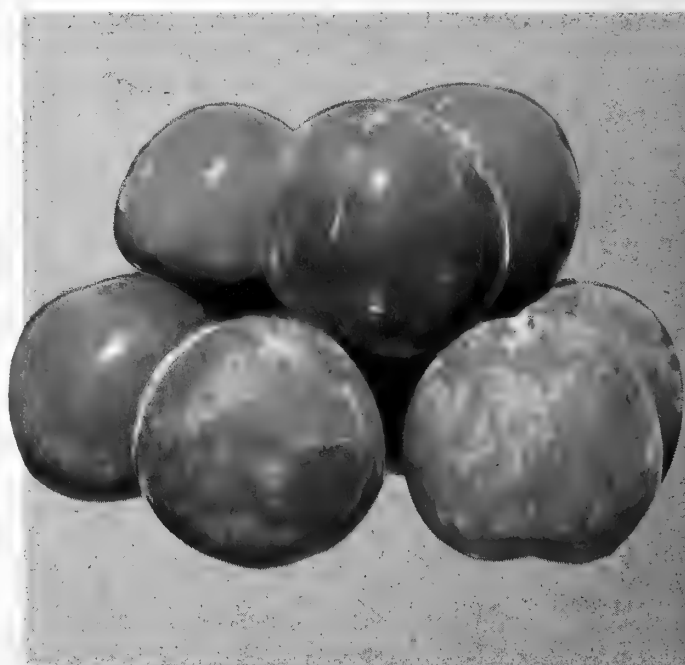
➤ **MISSION (Black Mission)**. Medium to large, pear-shaped, black with purplish bloom; pulp light strawberry color and flavor good. Caprification not desirable. Good for fresh or dried fruit.

➤ **TURKEY (Brown Turkey)**. Fruit medium to large, bell shaped, purplish black to reddish purple with light strawberry pulp with flat or insipid flavor.

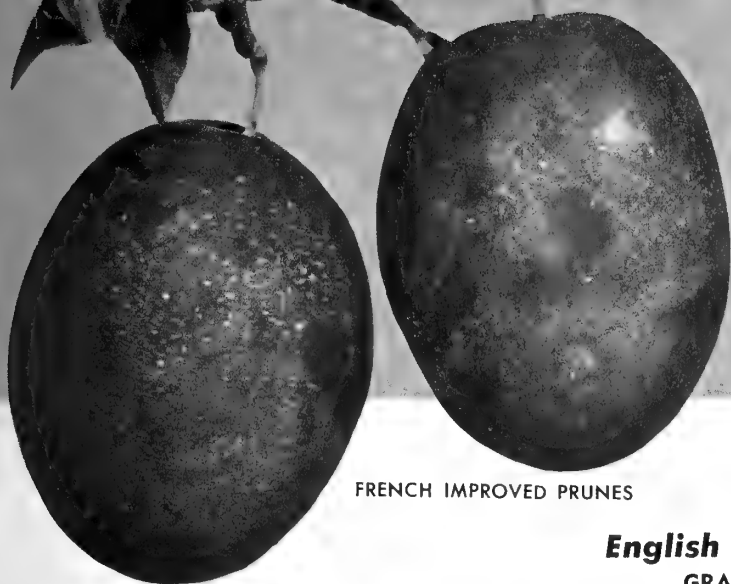
Pomegranate

(Planting Distance 15 to 20 Feet)
\$2.25 Each, Bare Root*

➤ **WONDERFUL**. Shrubs or tree to 20 feet. Fruit extra large pale green skin, blushed red. Flesh rich red color; juicy with piquant flavor. Good for shipping and home, used in landscape planting. September.



SANTA ROSA PLUM



FRENCH IMPROVED PRUNES

Almonds

(Planting Distance 22 to 30 Feet)

Asterisk (*) indicates plants to be used as pollinizers. May we suggest a Tree-O planting for better pollinization.

(Blooming time irregular, dates only for comparison)

All Almonds: Each \$2.25 up, Bare Root*

➤ **DAVEY.** Soft shelled almond with a small kernel, otherwise similar to Nonpareil. Heavy bearer. Pollinizes with Nonpareil.

➤ **MISSION (Texas).** Medium hard shelled nut, white in color, the kernel is short, plump and very sweet. A good pollinizer for Nonpareil. A late bloomer. Ripens late. *Drake and Nonpareil.

➤ **NONPAREIL.** Thin shell, broad flat kernel. California's leading almond; adapted to most localities. Fairly regular bearer. Blooms in midseason. *Mission, Ne Plus, and Davey.

Black Walnut Seedlings

➤ **CALIFORNIA BLACK.** Seedling trees of an improved strain available. Nut medium size. Adapts itself easily to different climates. \$2.25 each.

English Walnuts

GRAFTED

(Planting Distance 40 to 60 Feet)

Grafted on Northern California Black Root

Each: 4'-6' \$3.50; 6'-8' \$3.95

➤ **EUREKA.** Large upright tree; large elongated nut of thick well sealed shell. Stands rough treatment; kernel light cream colored, waxy. Sometimes used as ornamental shade tree.

➤ **HARTLEY.** Large, slightly pointed nut of high quality. The tree comes into bearing very early and is similar to Mayette in habit of growth. Tree is a little slow in Northern California.

➤ **PAYNE.** Its early bearing and heavy production make it a popular variety. The nut is oblong, rather pointed at the apex; shell of medium thickness, kernel full. Produces nuts on outer branches and is subject to some sunburn. Because of early, heavy production, tree is slower in growth than other varieties.

➤ **FRANQUETTE (Treat).** Leading commercial variety in California. The tree is a late bloomer. The nut is elongated, pointed and fairly smooth, and of a light, clear, attractive color. The shell is thin but well sealed. A good quality nut.

QUANTITY PRICES

Prices under each heading are for family orchard size trees. Ask for special quantity prices available for orders of 10 or more of the same variety. **COMMERCIAL FRUIT GROWERS**, ask for special commercial price list.

Pecans

(Planting Distance 40 to 60 Feet)

On Pecan Root

4-6 Feet \$3.95 up; 6-8 Feet \$4.95 up

➤ **MAHAN.** A relatively new variety producing a very large nut with a paper-thin shell, and richly flavored kernels. The tree is vigorous and bears young. A good tree for shade. A favorite for valley planting.

➤ **SUCCESS.** A large soft shelled nut of good quality. Widely planted in the interior valleys, prolific, self-fruitle.



BLACK MISSION FIG

SMALL FRUITS

Asparagus

(12" to 18" between plants—plant in beds)

MARTHA WASHINGTON. Early variety. Fine, tender tips. Rust resistant. 10 for 75c; 25 for \$1.50; 100 for \$6.00.

Rhubarb

50c each; 3 for \$1.35; 12 for \$5.00

CANADA RED.

CHERRY. Stalk bright pink.

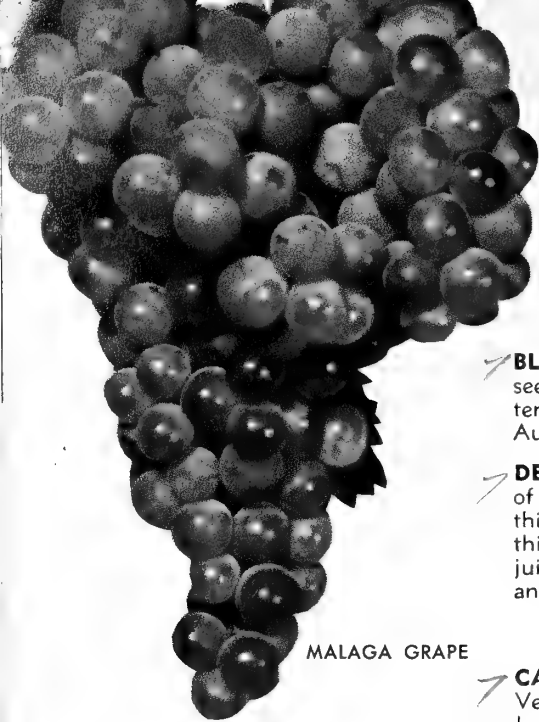
STRAWBERRY. Stalks light pink. Vigorous and hardy.

Artichoke

FRENCH GREEN GLOBE. Standard variety. Large flower buds are cut and cooked. Foliage ornamental. 50c each; 3 for \$1.35; 12 for \$5.00.

ENGLISH WALNUTS





MALAGA GRAPE

GRAPES and BERRIES for California

All prices quoted are for No. 1 Vines.
Growers of Commercial acreages ask for Commercial price list.

Special Grape Varieties

Each, 75c; 3 of a Kind, \$2.00;
10 of a Kind, 50c each.

➤ **BLACK MONUKKA** (‡) (T). A black seedless grape of medium size; elongated, tender skin; excellent crisp sweet flavor. August to September.

➤ **DELIGHT** (T). Large white seedless grape of excellent appearance and about one-third larger than Thompson Seedless. Skin thin, very tender; flesh firm, crisp and juicy with unique flavor. This variety keeps and stores well. Late July.

AMERICAN GRAPE VARIETIES

➤ **CALIFORNIA CONCORD** (Pierce) (T). Very large roundish oblong berries in rather large clusters; skin dark purple, almost black with blue bloom. For table and fresh juice, sweet slightly musty. September.

➤ **EASTERN CONCORD** (T). Round solid blue-black berries of medium size, spherical with blue bloom, clusters medium to large, broadly tapering, shingle shouldered, skin thick and tough. Fine for juice and jelly. August.

Standard Raisin and Table Grape Varieties

50c each; 3 of a kind \$1.35
10 or more 35c* each

(‡) Spur Pruning. (*) Cane Pruning.
T—Table. R—Raisin.

➤ **CARDINAL** (T). The Cardinal is an early dark grape ripening three weeks before Thompson Seedless and four weeks before Red Malaga. Berries about as large as Ribier in diameter, spherical, grayish bloom. Clusters are medium to large, conical in shape and not heavily shouldered. The fruit is firm and holds up well in shipping. An excellent table grape with slight Muscat flavor. Late July.

➤ **EMPEROR** (* or ‡) (T). Large shouldered clusters of elongated berries; light red to reddish purple; moderately firm, thick tough skinned berries. Cordon pruned. October.

➤ **FLAME TOKAY** (‡) (T). Large, oblong red grape of firm flesh, crisp, juicy and sweet. One of California's leading shipping varieties. September.

➤ **ITALIA** (T). Originated in Rome, Italy. Cross between Biscane and Muscat Hamburg. Very large, golden grapes with a muscat flavor. Loose, conical clusters on a very productive vine. Sometimes called Italia Muscat.

➤ **LADY FINGER** (Olivette Blanche) (‡) (T). Ripens mid-season. Very large, long cylindrical shaped white grape. It has very brittle stems. This is an improved lady finger type grape. Thriftier grower. Aug.

➤ **MALAGA** (White) (‡) (T). Loose large clusters of good size oval whitish green to whitish yellow berries, normally seeded, with moderately tough skins. A good table grape. September.

➤ **MUSCAT** (‡) (T-R). Clusters medium sized; shouldered loose and conical, berries large, obovoid, dull green, seeded with moderately tough skin, home use, wine and raisins. September.

➤ **RED MALAGA** (* or ‡) (T) (Molinera). Very large clusters of irregular shape; berries large spherical; pink to reddish purple, seeded, very crisp and hard, tender skin. September.

➤ **RIBIER** (‡) (T). Medium sized, heavily shouldered, short conical clusters of very large oblate, jet black seeded, moderately tough skinned berries. Good keeping quality. August to September.

➤ **THOMPSON SEEDLESS** (*) (T-R) (Sultana). World's leading seedless, table and raisin variety. Large clusters of medium sized, ellipsoidal elongated, greenish white to light golden berries. August to September.

Raspberries

➤ **WASHINGTON**. New. Produces a very heavy crop of berries that are slightly larger than Cuthbert, firmer and brighter color. Disease resistant. 35c each; 3 for \$1.00; 12 for \$3.50.

BLACKCAP RASPBERRIES

➤ **CUMBERLAND BLACKCAP**. Fine large berries, purple in color. Excellent for table and preserving. 35c each; 3 for \$1.00; 12 for \$3.50.

Strawberries

➤ **ROCKHILL** (Everbearing). A very productive plant of sweet, rich red berries. Bears young and over a long season. Propagated by crown division. Does not produce runners. \$3.50 per 25; \$6.00 per 50; \$12.00 per 100.

➤ **SHASTA**. One of the finest of the University varieties. Well adapted to the Coastal and Inland valley areas of California. Producing big dark berries with good flavor and aroma. Good for freezing as it holds up well on thawing. 2 to 3 crops a season. \$1.50 per 25; \$2.75 per 50; \$5.00 per 100.

➤ **UTAH (20th Century)**. Everbearing. A very large, firm all-red berry. Vines produce heavy crops, but require good ground and lots of water. \$1.50 per 25; \$2.75 per 50; \$5.00 per 100.

STRAWBERRIES



Boysenberry

➤ **STANDARD BOYSENBERRY**. The large berries are often 1 1/2 inches long, have excellent keeping and shipping qualities. Fine for home use in pies, jellies and preserves, or fresh with cream. 35c each; 3 for \$1.00; 12 for \$3.50.

➤ **THORNLESS BOYSENBERRY**. 50c each; 3 for \$1.35; 12 for \$5.00.

Youngberry

➤ **STANDARD YOUNGBERRY**. Rapid growing vines bearing heavy crops of deep purple berries. Almost seedless. Fine flavor. 35c each; 3 for \$1.00; 12 for \$3.50.

➤ **THORNLESS YOUNGBERRY**. 50c each; 3 for \$1.35; 12 for \$5.00.

Nectarberry

➤ **STANDARD NECTARBERRY**. Similar in size to the Boysen it possesses the tang of the Youngberry but less acid and when ripe the dark wine colored, almost black, berries can't be beat when served with cream. Almost seedless. They make delicious jams and jellies. 50c each; 3 for \$1.35; 12 for \$5.00.

Loganberry

➤ **STANDARD LOGANBERRY**. Vigorous vine producing quantities of dark red delicious fruits. Excellent for jams and jellies. 35c each; 3 for \$1.00; 12 for \$3.50.

➤ **THORNLESS LOGANBERRY** (Pat. 82). 50c each; 3 for \$1.35; 12 for \$5.00.

GIVE A GIFT ORDER FOR TREE-O* FRUIT TREES

California-Grown

CITRUS

Young Citrus and Avocado trees need protection of bark from hot sun until they are shaded by their own foliage. Use a white cold water paint or whitewash. It is also necessary to protect them from frost the first few years. Build a frame and cover them loosely with cloth or burlap, allowing plenty of air circulation from below. All are balled and burlapped or in containers.

All Varieties \$6.50 up.

Oranges

WASHINGTON NAVEL. The famous winter ripening orange. Large fruits easily peeled and broken into segments. Thrives best a few miles from the coast. Can be grown any place in California where citrus is grown. December to May.

VALENCIA ORANGE. Best summer orange, ripens from April to December after the Navel season is over. Thus ripe oranges can be had through the summer and fall. Juicy, sweet and few seeded.

ROBERTSON NAVEL (Plant Pat. No. 126). Produces an enormous crop of delicious navel oranges. It is a fine winter orange for home planting. Bears younger and earlier than Washington Navel.

Limes

BEARSS SEEDLESS. Finest and largest of all limes. Seedless, juicy fruits ripen mostly during the summer, when limes are in demand. Large, vigorous and almost thornless.

RANGPUR LIME. Fruits look very much like Tangerines, both skin and pulp being reddish-orange. Acid fruit. November to March.

Limequat

EUSTIS. The parents of this citrus fruit are Mexican Lime and Kumquat. One of the finest of small fruits. Fruits are like small thin skinned yellow limes, very juicy and almost seedless. Excellent for beverages.

EUREKA LEMON

Lemons

EUREKA. The leading lemon for commercial and home planting. Fruit uniformly medium size, juicy, and few seeded. Most of the fruit is ripened during the summer but bears throughout the year.

MEYER LEMON. Semi-dwarf. Fruit large, oval and deeply orange yellow in color. Hardy throughout most of California. Laden with fruit most of the year. See page 6 for bush variety.

Tangerines

DANCY TANGERINE. Medium to large flattened fruits. Very juicy and of fine flavor. February to May.

SATSUMA (OWAR) ORANGE. One of the hardiest oranges. Fruits ripen very early, usually before Christmas (October). Large, flat, loose-skinned, deep orange in color.

Grapefruit

MARSH SEEDLESS. Compact growing variety widely planted in California. Fruit juicy, seedless, very good. May-August.

Kumquat

NAGAMI. Semi-dwarf tree giving abundant crops of small egg-shaped golden orange fruits most of the year. Hardy and very ornamental.

Avocado

We offer especially hardy varieties. NOTE: Fruit does not mature well in colder areas. Tree is a beautiful evergreen.

DUKE. Most resistant to cold, this variety ripens between September and October. Fruits oval and green, flesh pleasantly mild. 22°. \$8.50 each.

DWARF NAVAL ORANGE

TANGERINE

Dwarf Citrus for Landscape and Patio plantings available at our nursery.

GRAPEFRUIT



TREE-O FRUIT TREES



DWARF APPLE TREE



You'll be happy
you planted
TREE-O*
FRUIT TREES
(3 Trees in 1 Hole)

Fresh Fruit ALL Summer From a 2-Foot Plot!

Now — a complete family orchard all in itself! Space no problem. Save money while enjoying 3 delicious freestones in 3 different months from 3 trees growing as 1...



all 3 TREES
for only
\$7.65
Plus 3% Tax
4-6 ft. at nursery
3-4 ft. postpaid

Ask
About Other
TREE-O
Combinations

JUNE

Gold Dust* Peaches Plant Pat. 1144
Delicious, crisp freestones at very start of the season.

JULY

Early Elberta Peaches
Large, sweet, very rich freestones. A midsummer favorite.

AUG.

Freedom Nectarines Plant Pat. 1161
Very large, firm, juicy, yellow freestones. Ideal for table, canning or freezing.

PLANT NOW . . . Be First With the Family Orchard!
The Original TREE-O . . . grown on S-37* rootstock

Complete Planting Directions with Every Order

Combination FRUIT TREES

have been developed to provide a variety of fruit on limited space for the average family need. If your lot allows for only a few fruit trees, you can still have an amazing number of varieties, if you plant our Combination fruit trees.

THREE FRUIT VARIETIES BUDDED ON ONE TREE

These Trees Are Balled and Burlapped—\$7.50 Each.

No.	Consists of:	No.	Consists of:
1	Gold Mine Nectarine Nectar Peach Babcock Peach	5	Derby Royal Apricot Blenheim Apricot Moorpark Apricot
2	Rio Oso Peach J. H. Hale Peach Red Haven Peach	6	John River Nectarine Phillip Nectarine Gold Mine Nectarine
3	Gold Dust Peach Kim Elberta Peach Elberta Peach	7	Barlett Pear Anjou Pear Comice Pear
4	Santa Rosa Plum Satsuma Plum Burmosa Plum	8	Yellow Delicious Apple Red Delicious Apple Gravenstein Apple
		9	Bing Cherry Royal Ann Cherry Black Tartarian Cherry

2-year-old Bearing-Size Trees—\$8.50 and up

DWARF FRUIT TREES

Priced: \$3.75 and up

are the answer to the fruit needs of the small family. They are quick-maturing, productive, long-lived, and should be planted about 10 feet apart. 8-10 feet high when full grown.

DWARF PEAR TREES

BARTLETT—Well-known favorite, large size, juicy and well flavored.

DWARF APPLE TREES

GRAVENSTEIN—Late summer apple, crisp and juicy.

RED DELICIOUS—Large red sweet-flavored apple.

YELLOW DELICIOUS—An early and heavy producer.

California-Grown VINES AND CLIMBERS

The following vines should be considered in all plantings, some for their foliage, others for their bloom. There are vines that will cling directly to masonry and rough wood without any additional support, such as Boston Ivy and Creeping Fig. Others are dependent on trellis work on which they naturally twine, such as Star Jasmine, Honeysuckle and Bignonia. They are very valuable to add interest to blank walls, to provide shade on arbors, or to cover fences and walls. Many have exquisite flowers.

The ground covers are becoming more and more popular, especially with the simpler treatment of modern architecture. An evergreen flowering groundcover often is more desirable than annuals or shrubbery in planting beds.

Many vines when not trained on a trellis creep along the ground, making a very effective informal groundcover. Many perennials when planted in masses achieve the same effect.

Trumpet Vines

BIGNONIA CHERERE (Scarlet Trumpet Vine). A beautiful evergreen vine that will stand slight frosts. Large sprays of red and yellow trumpet shaped flowers. 1 Gal. \$1.75.

BIGNONIA VIOLACEA (Lavender Trumpet Vine). Free flowering, delightful evergreen vine for sun or shade. Not rank in growth. Lovely in spring and summer when covered with light lavender, gloxinia-like flowers. Leathery, thick leaves stay green. Hardy to about 19 degrees. Gal \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95.

Bougainvillea

No vine is more typical of California than Bougainvillea with its lavish display of color, from the dry desert regions to the sea coast on Spanish type houses and over walls and fences. They are free and rapid growers. Tender, particularly new growth. 1 Gal. \$2.50; 5 Gal. \$5.95 up.

BOUGAINVILLEA BARBARA KARST. This variety produces more blooms than any other bougainvillea. The large, brilliant red flower-bracts are produced in massive clusters most of the year.

BOUGAINVILLEA BRAZILIENSIS. Large showy rosy-purple flowers of a pleasing color produced in quantity most of the year, heaviest show in winter and spring. Hardest of all. Sun. 25°.

BOUGAINVILLEA SAN DIEGO RED. Vigorous growing vine with brick red flowers. Slow to bloom but after planting quickly makes a rapid growth and becomes very floriferous. Tender. 28°.



CREEPING FIG

Clematis

Clematis are woody, mostly deciduous climbing vines of dense but loose foliage and with single petal-like flowers, where flat, wide open appearance has a peculiar charm.

CLEMATIS ARMANDI. An evergreen native of China with large white flowers in spring and vigorously climbing leathery foliage. Gal. \$3.00.

CLEMATIS HENRYI. Creamy white. The large white flowers and intense green foliage present a striking appearance. Blossoms in late July or early August. \$2.25.

CLEMATIS JACKMANI. Purple. Attaining the length of 10 feet, it is a rapid climber and blossoms freely. Gal. \$2.25.

CLEMATIS MME. ANDRE. Red. Grows to a height of 8 feet. It is a free and persistent producer of crimson flowers from July to September. Gal. \$2.25.

CLEMATIS NELLY MOSER. Mauve with from 8-10 feet, the blossoms appearing in red bars. Gal. \$2.25.

CLEMATIS RAMONA. Light blue. Grows July and lasting for several weeks. Its clear, sky-blue flowers give it a charm all of its own. Gal. \$2.25.

Fatshedera

FATSHEDERA LIZEI. This semi-climbing shrub has beautiful, large, glossy leaves. It makes an excellent tropical accent, espier, or tub specimen in shade or part shade. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

(Continued next page)



ENGLISH IVY



HONEYSUCKLE



CLEMATIS ARMANDA



STAR JASMINE

Colorful VINES

CONTINUED

Creeping Fig

FICUS REPENS. Wonderful rich green, heart-shaped leaves. Hardy, vigorous growth. Clings closely to walls. Gal. \$1.75.

Carolina Jessamine

GELSEMIUM SEMPERVIRENS. Beautiful evergreen twiner. Small tubular yellow flowers with an elusive fragrance and wide flaring mouths cover the vine in great abundance, starting in December and for several months. Sun. 20 degrees. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Ivies

HEDERA HELIX (English Ivy). English Ivy makes a delightful ground cover of glossy dark green leaves. It is useful to train over a wire fence whence it makes a dense impenetrable hedge needing little care. Useful for pot culture indoors, in patios and shade houses. Sun or shade. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; Flats \$7.50.

HEDERA CANARIENSIS VARIEGATA. The leaves are variegated with white in many interesting patterns. A nice vine to use against dark walls where the white and green make a lively combination. Also a very popular ground cover. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; Flat \$8.50.

HYPERICUM. See under Shrubs, page 7.

Jasmine

JASMINUM PRIMULINUM (Primrose Jasmine). Fast growing old-fashioned vine with double yellow flowers in winter. Fine for covering steep unsightly banks. Minimum of water. Sun. Hardy. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Honeysuckle

LONICERA JAPONICA HALLIANA (Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle). An old favorite. Vigorous vine useful for its evergreen foliage and soil binding roots as a ground cover or on fences. Fragrant flowers white, fading to yellow. Very hardy. Gal. \$1.50.

LONICERA HILDEBRANDIANA (Giant Burmese Honeysuckle). Not like the graceful honeysuckle listed above, this giant of a vine has beautiful light green leathery leaves and curious intensely fragrant flowers, with long tubes, often to 6 inches, in good sized clusters. Open yellow then assume an orange tint before they fall. Gal. \$2.50; 5 Gal. \$6.50 up.

Virginia Creeper

PARTHENOCISSUS QUINQUEFOLIA (Ampelopsis) (Virginia Creeper). Fast growing, deciduous vine that climbs to twenty feet high and clings by tendrils. Needs support. Use on arbors, pergolas, shelters, to cover garages, fences, as a ground cover, etc. Beautiful fall coloring. 1 Gal. \$1.75.

Boston Ivy

PARTHENOCISSUS TRICUSPIDATA (Boston Ivy). Clings to any rough surface without help, covering large areas with delicate light green foliage, which in fall turns many brilliant hues of red. Very hardy and deciduous. Gal. \$1.75.

Silverlace Vine

POLYGONUM AUBERTI. A rapid growing deciduous vine. Supplies panicles of fragrant flowers in late summer. Will cover a large area in a short time. Sun or part shade. Particularly desirable in cold locations. Gal. \$1.75.

Climbing Roses

ROSA. Climbing roses are one of the most popular flowering vines. Use them in a sunny location, on arbors or fences. See page 19 for varieties.

Potato Vine

SOLANUM JASMINOIDES (Potato Vine). Shrubby climber, growing to 10 feet. The flowers are star-shaped and are white tinged with blue. 22 degrees. Gal. \$1.75.

Cape Honeysuckle

TECOMARIA CAPENSIS (Cape Honeysuckle). Leaves are shiny deep green, always neat in appearance and very nice with the clusters of bright orange-red flowers, suggestive of honeysuckles. Hardy to 24 degrees. Sun. Gal. \$1.75 up.

Star Jasmine

TRACHELOSPERMUM JASMINOIDES (Star Jasmine). Evergreen vine bearing clusters of showy white star-like flowers with lovely fragrance. One of the finest vines for shady places. Also excellent for ground cover plantings. Grows equally well in sun. Flowers June and July. Particularly fragrant in the evening. Splendid foliage. Excellent in tubs. Hardy. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Grapes

VITIS (Grape). Fruiting grapes make excellent vines for fence or trellis. See page 28.

Wisterias

Deciduous vines well known in all parts of the country for their long hanging clusters of pea-shaped flowers of delicate coloring and exquisite fragrance. Makes a delicate tracery of stems on arbors and in spring, before the leaves appear in a sudden burst of color. Grafted plants. Bare Root \$3.00 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up. Tree Form, 5 Gal. \$10.00 up.

WISTERIA LONGISSIMA. This beautiful light lavender variety possesses longer racemes than most varieties.

WISTERIA ROYAL PURPLE. Very large clusters violet-purple flowers grow on long graceful vines. A cascade of color.

WISTERIA SINENSIS (Chinese Wisteria). Fragrant flowers of royal blue in attractive racemes.

WISTERIA SINENSIS ALBA (White Chinese Wisteria). Racemes are long, pure white.

WISTERIA FLORIBUNDA ROSEA (Pink Wisteria). Rose pink racemes, suffused with shell pink.

BIGNONIA

CLEMATIS

WISTERIA

COLORFUL DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS

The shrubs listed in this group will lose their leaves for a short time each year but never for long periods. They are the hardiest of shrubs, withstanding both heat and cold. In fact, their extreme hardiness makes them desirable for mountain homes. Others, because they are not large, can be used when definite height of growth is a consideration in the garden. Many produce showy flowers, without which the garden would lack much in interest and sparkle.

Azalea

AZALEA MOLLIS. This is a very hardy, deciduous azalea that grows to 3 to 5 feet tall and has large flowers. 1 Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up. Plant in your shade garden.

Dwarf Flowering Almonds

AMYGDALUS ALBA PLENA (Dwarf Flowering White Almond). A beautiful, dwarf flowering shrub covered with tiny, rose-like white flowers. Excellent for flower arrangements. Full sun. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

AMYGDALUS ROSEA PLENA (Dwarf Pink Flowering Almond). Picturesque dwarf bush with wavy, tiny, rose-like pink flowers. Full sun. Excellent for bouquets or arrangements. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Barberry

BERBERIS THUNBERGI ATROPURPUREA (Red Leaf Japanese Barberry). A low, spreading, compact shrub with beautiful reddish foliage. Partly deciduous. When trimmed can be used under low windows or in front of porches. Sun or part shade. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

Butterfly Bush

BUDDLEIA HARTWEGI (Hartweg Butterfly Bush). Fast growing, medium to tall shrub producing long, tapering spikes of fragrant lilac-like and lilac colored flowers in summer. The foliage is olive green. Attracts butterflies. Deciduous. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50.

Flowering Quince

CYDONIA JAPONICA (Chaenomeles) (Flowering Quince). 5 Gal. \$4.50. Some varieties available in gallons at \$1.75 up. Bare Root: \$3.95 and up.

Watch for their bright flowers in early spring. Very hardy shrubs. Named varieties below.

Blood Red. Early, large, deep red.

Cardinal Red. Very deep red.

Cameo. New apricot pink. Large double flower.

Clark's Giant (P.A.F.). Large double. Dark red.

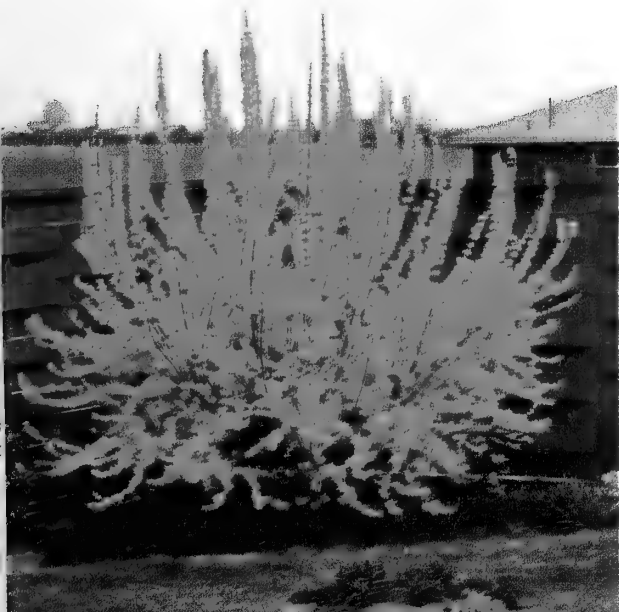
Red Ripples. Dark, ruffled, dbl. red.

Roxanna Foster. Shell pink center with carmine rose edges.

Ruby Glow. Almost thornless, ruffled, ruby red with gold stamens.

Snow White. Large pure white.

FORSYTHIA



WEIGELA



FLOWERING QUINCE

MAGNOLIA STELLATA



PRUNING FLOWERING SHRUBS

Deciduous flowering shrubs will preserve a compact, well-kept appearance, if they are given a thorough pruning following the blooming period. Thin out conflicting branches, preserving the strongest. Cut these back about one-half. For complete instructions see Sunset's Pruning Handbook, only \$1.50 at our nursery.



HYDRANGEA



AZALEA MOLLIS



RED LEAF BARBERRY

DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS (Continued)

Hydrangeas

HYDRANGEA. Excellent shrubs for shady places where the soil can be slightly acid. Some varieties will produce blue flowers if the soil is treated to a light application of aluminum sulphate or iron sulphate. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Amy Pasquaar. Outstanding for its deep rose colored flowers produced in great clusters. A dwarf grower.

Hamburg. Very striking scarlet colored flowers produced in large clusters in early spring. This will blue easily.

Hortensis (Chisholm). Bushy shrub bearing large clusters of delicate pink flowers.

Revelation. This hydrangea is a bright red. Compact, dwarf habit of growth.

Trophee. Large heads of brilliant, salmon rose flowers. Dwarf, compact habit of growth.

White. Giant clusters of pure white flowers.

Hydrangea hortensis variegata (Variegated Hydrangea). A novel variety with large beautiful green and white variegated leaves and gold, pinkish flowers.

FOR A COMPLETE SELECTION —
VISIT OUR NURSERY OFTEN

Deutzia

DEUTZIA CANDIDA (White Deutzia). Hardy shrub, to 7 feet, with white flowers in large broad clusters. Full sun. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

DEUTZIA CRENATA (Scabra) (Pink Deutzia). Strong shrub, 5 to 7 feet high, with blush-pink flowers in late spring or summer. Full sun. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Forsythia

FORSYTHIA FORTUNEI (Fortune Forsythia) (Golden Bells). Bright, golden-yellow flowers are produced in the spring. This is a rapid growing shrub with pendulous branches. Full sun. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50.

Beauty Bush

KOLKOWITZIA AMABILIS (Beauty Bush). A hardy, deciduous shrub of medium height with arching branches, covered with small, light green leaves and quantities of flowers in spring resembling weigelas—white with pink blush. Showy and refined shrub. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50.

Crape Myrtle

LAGERSTROEMIA INDICA (Crape Myrtle). Large shrubs or small trees, with showy masses of lovely crepe-like flowers in summer. They withstand heat very well. Full sun. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up. One of the best late summer flowering shrubs or small trees. Some varieties available in tree form slightly higher.

Purpurea. Lavender flowers.

Rosea (Pink Crape Myrtle). Rose-pink flowers in summer.

Rubra (Red Crape Myrtle). Rose-red flowers.

Watermelon Red. True watermelon color.

White. White flowers.

Chinese Magnolias

MAGNOLIA LILLIFLORA NIGRA. Large dark purple flowers. Inside of cup-shaped flower lighter purple in color. Gal. \$3.50; 5 Gal. \$6.50 up; B & B \$7.50 up.

MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA. The large lily-like flowers of Chinese Magnolias are becoming more esteemed each year. They come at the end of the winter before the leaves. Gal. \$3.50; 5 Gal. \$6.50 up; B & B \$7.50 up.

MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA NIGRA. Large, tulip-shaped, dark purple flowers at the base, fading to light pink with white tips. Gal. \$3.50; 5 Gal. \$6.50 up; B & B \$7.50 up.

MAGNOLIA STELLATA (Star Magnolia). Neat growing small tree or large shrub. Free flowering in spring. Flowers 3 to 4 inches across, composed of many narrow white petals. Gal. \$3.50; 5 Gal. \$6.50 up; B & B \$7.50 up.

Mock Orange

PHILADELPHUS VIRGINALIS (Mock Orange). New shrubs give such a glorious display of flowers in early summer. Masses of large, double and semi-double pure white fragrant flowers cover the shrub for quite a long time. Hardy and reliable bloomer. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Dwarf Flowering Pomegranate

PUNICA CHICO (Dwarf Carnation Flowered Pomegranate). A truly fine dwarf shrub, though deciduous. Very close growing, sound in outline, to two feet high. Leaves light green; flowers in summer like bright carnations. Gal. \$1.50.

Bridal Wreath

SPIRAEA ANTHONY WATERER (Anthony Waterer Spiraea). Low 3 foot shrub, covered with masses of flat topped clusters of rosy-red flowers. Summer. Very hardy. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

SPIRAEA PRUNIFOLIA (Shoe Button Spiraea). A fairly compact, deciduous shrub, to four feet high. It is of spreading, upright growth with graceful branches covered with small double white flowers all along stem. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

SPIRAEA REEVESII (Reeves Spiraea) (Double Bridal Wreath). Hardy shrub with graceful branches, light green leaves and masses of showy white double flowers of exquisite beauty. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50.

SPIRAEA VANHOUTTEI (VanHoutte Spiraea). This well known shrub is grown in every part of the country. Hardy even in the most severe places, it graces the long arching branches with pure white single flowers in such profusion as to suggest snow banks. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50.

Persian Lilacs

SYRINGA PERSICA LACINIATA (Cutleaf Persian Lilac). The most reliable lilac for planting in California. Deciduous shrub to 6 feet with finely cut light green leaves and long sprays of bright lavender lilac flowers in spring. Fragrant. Full sun. Blooms consistently. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

French Lilacs

SYRINGA VULGARIS (Lilac). These popular spring flowering shrubs are available in the following named varieties. They make excellent tall flowering shrubs or small trees. Use only in full sun. 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; Bare Root \$3.95 up. Named varieties below:

Amy Schott. Good, deep blue, double.

Capt. Perrault. One of the finest double pinks.

Clark's Giant (Pat. No. 754). Single, soft blue of enormous size. Fragrant.

Ester Staley (Pat. No. 768). Large, single, pure pink, midseason, vigorous.

Jeanne d'Arc. A beautiful, double white.

Lavender Lady (Pat. No. 1238). New patented lilac for 1958. This new delicately colored lilac is a must for your garden. Lavender Lady is a hybrid developed especially for the California climate and will reward you with huge clusters of 6" to 7" blooms. Gal. \$3.50 up; 5 Gal. \$7.50 up.

Marceau. Large, single flowers of deep violet in plump clusters.

Maximowicz (Maxie). Excellent clusters of double violet-heliotrope flowers.

Purple Heart (Pat. No. 832). Very early, very large, dark deep purple single flowers. One of the best dark purples.

Volcan. Single, royal purple.

Fragrant Viburnum

VIBURNUM BURKWOODI (Burkwood Viburnum). The glory of this shrub is its clusters of pink and white fragrant flowers. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95; B & B \$4.95 up.

Snowball

VIBURNUM OPULUS STERILE (Common Snowball). This well known tall, hardy shrub is easy to grow in California. It is often trained as a small flowering tree. Abundant white globular flowers in May and June. Sun or part shade. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Chaste Tree

VITEX AGNUS CASTUS (Chinese Chaste Tree). A graceful, picturesque shrub with long spikes of pale blue flowers in the summer. Full sun. Produces flowers on new wood, should be pruned. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Weigela

WEIGELA BRISTOL RUBY (Pat. 492). A new, deep-red flowered Weigela. Excellent dark green foliage. Full sun. Hardy. Deciduous. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

WEIGELA ROSEA (Weigela florida) (Pink Weigela). Medium to large size deciduous shrub producing masses of pink flowers in spring and early summer. Excellent light green foliage. Sun. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

WEIGELA ROSEA VARIEGATA. Foliage variegated white and green. Effective for foliage contrasts, and heavy bloom of pink and white flowers. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

DESERT PLANTS, PALMS AND GRASSES

Century Plant

AGAVE AMERICANA (Century Plant). A stiff, spiny, evergreen plant, to 4 or 5 feet high, very suitable for cactus or sub-tropical gardens. Will tolerate intense heat to partial shade. Very drought tolerant. Also available in variegated, yellow and green forms. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Windmill Palm

CHAMAEROPS EXCELSA (Trachycarpus) (Windmill Palm). A slender fan palm 10 to 30 feet high. One of the hardiest of the palms. 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Hair Palm

CHAMAEROPS HUMILIS (Hair or Mediterranean Palm). A low, bushy fan palm 10 to 25 feet high, usually suckering and forming a clump, but sometimes with a single trunk 1 to 3 feet high. Fine low specimen or tub plant. 5 Gal. \$5.95 up.

Dracena Palm

Also see Tropical Foliage Plants on Page 21

CORDYLINE INDIVISA (Dracena Palm). A tall narrow, palm-like plant 10 to 25 feet tall, with a central stem often forking at the crown. The leaves are 2 to 4 feet long, and flexible. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

Pampas Grass

CORTADERIA SELLOANA (Cynerium argenteum) (Pampas Grass). This grass forms a mass of heavily serrated leaf blades. During the fall, the entire shrub is covered with large, handsome white plumes. Grows in most any soil. Makes a fine quick screen or background. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50.

Lily Turf

OPHIOPOGON JAPONICUS (Lily Turf). A delightful evergreen grass growing to about 1½ feet high. Tiny lilac flowers. It is very valuable in informal clumps in tropical or rock gardens. Gal. \$1.50.

Date Palm

PHOENIX CANARIENSIS (Canary Island Date Palm). Very popular tall palm with a thick trunk and an immense crown of beautiful curving fronds to 15 feet long, dark green in color. Hardy to 10°. Gal. \$2.25; 5 Gal. \$5.95 up; B & B \$5.95 up.

New Zealand Flax

PHORMIUM TENAX (New Zealand Flax). Long, stiff, sword-like green leaves. Very suitable for tub planting. Heat and drought tolerant. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

PHORMIUM TENAX (Variegated). Similar to above except for yellow striped sword-like leaves. Gal. \$2.25; 5 Gal. \$5.95 up.

Tamarix

TAMARIX HISPIDA COOLIDGEI (Pink Tamarix). Much planted in warm areas for the drought and heat resisting ability of this shrub. Large in size with plummy light green scale-like leaves and billowy masses of pink flowers. Good screen or background. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Mexican Fan Palm

WASHINGTONIA ROBUSTA (Mexican Fan Palm). A tall palm with a slender trunk topped by a head of dark-green, fan-like fronds. 1 Gal. \$2.25; 5 Gal. \$6.95 up.



MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA



CAMPHOR TREE

EVERGREEN TREES

The trees in this group are planted for street and shade trees, as lawn specimens or for lovely flowers on some kinds. The year around foliage is excellent to conceal objectionable views from the house and garden. In this list you will find trees for any possible purpose. Most are hardy in California. In addition see pages 48 and 49 for coniferous evergreen trees, such as pines, spruces, and cedars. Palms are listed under desert plants.

Acacia

ACACIA BAILEYANA. Popular small tree with feathery blue green foliage and clouds of light yellow fragrant flowers in spring. The seed pods, which follow, are light lavender purple and give a nice misty tone to the trees. 10 degrees. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

ACACIA LATIFOLIA. A large shrub or tree for hiding objectionable views. Leaves long and narrow, polished and densely clothing the stems. Flowers golden yellow. 18°. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Camphor Tree

CINNAMOMUM CAMPHORA (Camphor Tree). Widely planted street or lawn tree with round top of light green foliage, aromatic, make a delightful tracery of lower branches. 18 degrees. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Silk Oak

GREVILLEA ROBUSTA (Silk Oak Grevillea). Large tree with pyramidal, narrow crown of fern-like foliage lightened in early summer with masses of fluffy golden yellow flowers. Fine as a street tree. 24 degrees. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Magnolia

MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA (Southern Magnolia). Large growing evergreen trees always neat in their glossy foliage. Immense white fragrant waterlily-like flowers throughout the summer. Give generous amounts of water for better blooms. Excellent foliage and flowers for arrangements. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

LIVE OAK



Citrus

CITRUS (Orange, Lemon, Grapefruit). The citrus trees make excellent evergreen ornamental trees. See page 29 for varieties.

Loquat

ERIOBOTRYA JAPONICA (Loquat). One of the best small evergreen trees with a tropical appearance. Large, dark green leaves, picturesque branching, yellow fruit in summer. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

Eucalyptus or Gum Trees

All Eucalyptus:

Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

EUCALYPTUS GLOBULUS (Blue Gum). A tall, rapid growing tree with broad blue-green leaves. Useful as a windbreak, screen, or tree hedge. Hardy. 10°.

EUCALYPTUS VIMINALIS (White or Ribbon Gum). One of the most picturesque of the Eucalypti, with its smooth white trunk and wide spreading crown. Fast growing and hardy. Very large, to 125 feet. 20°.

EUCALYPTUS SIDEROXYLON ROSEA. This beautiful moderately sized tree delights us with silvery foliage and a profusion of light pink flowers. 20°.

Olives

Mission and Manzanillo Varieties

OLEA (Olives). The ornamental value of Olives has been recognized a long time. The old gnarled, picturesque grey trunks and wide spreading masses of greyish green foliage are a prize in themselves. Hardy. Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$5.95 up.

Sturdy Oaks

QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA (California Live Oak). A splendid picturesque native. With little care and water soon develops into a large evergreen tree. Should be used more in avenue or driveway plantings, parks and backyards. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

QUERCUS ILEX (Holly Oak, Holm Oak). An evergreen tree 20 to 60 feet tall with holly-like leaves, similar to cork oak only without the thick corky bark. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

QUERCUS SUBER (Cork Oak). An evergreen tree 20 to 60 feet tall with a compact, round-topped crown and leathery leaves. Most interesting feature is the thick deeply furrowed bark or pure cork from which commercial cork is produced. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Pepper Trees

SCHINUS MOLLE (California Pepper Tree). Rapid growing trees with gnarled trunks and graceful weeping branches of feathery texture; have long been popular in California. Pretty with their red berries in winter. Hardy, thriving in poor, light soil. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Sterculia Diversifolia

(BRACHYCHITON). A medium-sized, evergreen tree, 25 to 60 feet high; bell-shaped, yellowish white flowers. Used as a street and park tree.

Evergreen Elm

ULMUS PARVIFOLIA SEMPERVIRENS (Evergreen Elm). Small tree with spreading crown of slender drooping branches and bright green leaves. Rapidly becoming popular as a street and shade tree. Generally ideal for small homes. Hardy, but not evergreen in colder sections. 24 degrees. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Other Evergreen Trees

Many of the broadleaf evergreen shrubs are often allowed to grow tall and then trained as small trees. Some of the most popular varieties used in this manner are:

ARBUTUS UNDED (Strawberry Tree)	NERIUM (Oleander)
COTONEASTER PANNOSA or PARNEYI	PHOTINIA SERRULATA (Chinese Toyon)
ILEX (Holly)	PITTOSPORUM TOBIRA
LEPTOSPERMUM (Tea Tree)	PRUNUS (Laurels)
EVERGREEN PEAR	PYRACANTHA (Tall varieties)
LIGUSTRUM JAPONICUM (Japanese Privet)	PYRUS KAWAKAMI (Evergreen Pear)

For description of these plants refer to the Broadleaf Evergreen Shrub section, pages 4 to 12. Also see Palms on page 35.

DECIDUOUS SHADE TREES

The trees listed here are called deciduous because they naturally lose their leaves during the winter months. All are hardy anywhere, unless minimum temperature is indicated. All are easy to grow and some make very rapid growth.

Shade trees from dormant bare root stock are available for planting from late December to mid-March. In any other season, most varieties are available growing in containers.

Maples

ACER DASYCARPUM (Saccarium) (Silver Maple). A beautiful, large, wide-spreading deciduous tree 60 to 100 feet high. Relatively fast growing. Makes an excellent backyard, park, or avenue shade tree. Leaves are large, silvery-white beneath. Bare Root 6-8' \$3.95 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

ACER PLATANOIDES (Norway Maple). A very hardy round-headed, medium-sized shade tree, that grows to about 60 feet high. Leaves are similar to those of the sycamore. Bare Root. 4-5' \$3.95 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

ACER PLATANOIDES CRIMSON KING (Crimson King Maple). New patented variety similar to the Norway maple, but with very dark, purple-red leaves. 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

ACER RUBRUM (Red Maple). Very colorful shade tree 30 to 100 feet high, with reddish branches, reddish flowers, and beautiful fall coloring in the leaves. Relatively slower growing than other large trees, but well worth it. Bare Root 4-5' \$3.95 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Japanese Maple

ACER PALMATUM. The slender drooping branches of this variety are closely lined with small, maple-like leaves that in spring are rosy-red, changing in summer to glistening green and in fall are painted rich shades of scarlet and gold. Sun or shade. Gal. \$1.95 up.

ACER PALMATUM ATROPURPUREUM. Charming beyond description is this variety with its thin dark branches and deeply cut red leaves. Sun or light shade. Gal. \$5.95 up.

ACER PALMATUM DISSECTUM (Japanese Laceleaf Maple). The red leaves are delicately cut. Weeping, graceful branches. Gal. \$5.95 up.

Birch

BETULA ALBA (European White Birch). Popular fast growing tree with beautiful white bark marked with horizontal black lines. Light green foliage shimmers with the slightest breeze. Fine near pools or against dark trees. Bare Root 6-8' \$3.95 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up. Clump Birch (multiple trunks). Bare Root 4-6' \$4.95.



MODESTO ASH



STRIPLINGS MULBERRY

DECIDUOUS SHADE TREES (Continued)

Silk Tree

ALBIZZIA JULIBRISSIN (Silk-Tree Albizzia). (See page 40).

Common Hackberry

CELTIS OCCIDENTALS (Common Hackberry). An elm-like shade tree of good size, relatively fast growing to 80 feet, without the pest and disease problems of the elms. Will grow under adverse conditions, tolerating cold, extreme heat, wind and alkali. Bare root 6'-8' \$3.95; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Modesto Ash

FRAXINUS VELUTINA GLABRA (Modesto Ash). Compact, rapid growing tree with dense bright glossy green foliage. It comes out early in the spring, does not have any bothersome seed pods to clean up, and sheds its leaves late in the fall. Of intermediate size, it is very desirable for parkways, avenue and garden planting. The Modesto Ash does equally well in coastal, valley and desert areas. 25-30 feet, zero degrees. One of the best street trees. Bare Root, all sizes, 6-8' \$3.95 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Mulberry

MORUS ALBA STRIBLINGI (Stribling's Mulberry). An outstanding, non-fruiting Mulberry. The Stribling's Mulberry is one of the finest permanent shade trees for very rapid growth and dense shade. The large sycamore shaped leaves are of a rich, shiny dark green color above and lighter green beneath. This variety, being dioecious, bears absolutely no fruit. This makes it ideal for avenue, park, and landscape plantings. Small flowers form, but they soon drop off. Height 30 to 40 ft. 5° below zero. Bare Root 6-8' \$3.95 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Landscaping increases the value of your home . . . and your pleasure in it. Let us help you landscape your home.

Moraine Locust

GLEDITSIA TRIACANTHOS INERMIS MORaine. New strain of Locust, much improved, without thorns or seed pods. Fast growing, very hardy, for difficult soil conditions. Lacy, open growth habit, 40 to 60 feet tall and with equal spread. Good yellow fall coloring. Pat. No. 836. 5 Gal. \$7.50 up.

Sweet Gum for Fall Color

LIQUIDAMBAR STYRACIFLUA (Sweet Gum). Slow growing, tall, narrow tree with maple-like leaves useful in parkway plantings or as lawn specimens. Clean, neat growth but glorious in November and December when arrayed in its autumnal orange, red and gold. Promising street tree. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

Tulip Tree

LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERA (Tulip Tree). Tall growing, symmetrical tree with straight trunk and dark green odd-shaped leaves. Flowers are greenish-white cup-shaped. A very desirable shade tree. Always neat. 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

Pistachio

PISTACIA CHINENSIS (Chinese Pistachio). A very attractive fast growing shade tree with a round head and lovely pinnate leaves that turn beautiful hues in the fall. Very hardy. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

Poplars

POPULUS ALBA BOLLEANA (Bolle's Silver Poplar). Tall and slender like the Lombardy, but with silver-gray effect in its foliage. Bare Root 6-8' \$3.95 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

POPULUS NIGRA ITALICA (Lombardy Poplar). Tall slender column excellent as a tall accent tree. Requires little room to grow. Frequently used as a windbreak, or street trees. Bare Root 6-8' \$3.95 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Sycamore or Plane Tree

PLATANUS ORIENTALIS (European Sycamore). Handsome symmetrical shade tree. Dense light green maple-like leaves and greenish white mottled bark on older trees. One of the best, widely planted street trees in California. Excellent back yard shade tree, too! Bare Root 6-8' \$3.95 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Oaks

QUERCUS PALUSTRIS (Pine Oak). Hardy deciduous oak grows moderately fast to 50-60 ft. Slender, pyramidal habit when young, spreading round headed at maturity. Likes plenty of moisture, provides good fall color. Tends to hold brown leaves through winter. 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

QUERCUS COCCINEA, (Scarlet Oak). Splendid tree of moderate growth suitable for the small garden. Handsome cut foliage turns brilliant scarlet in fall. 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Weeping Willows

SALIX BABYLONICA (Weeping Willow). Graceful tree to 30 feet with long drooping branches. The leaves are finely toothed, greyish-green beneath. Very fast. Effective as a screen, background tree, or pool edge effect. Bare Root 6-8' \$3.95 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Mountain Ash

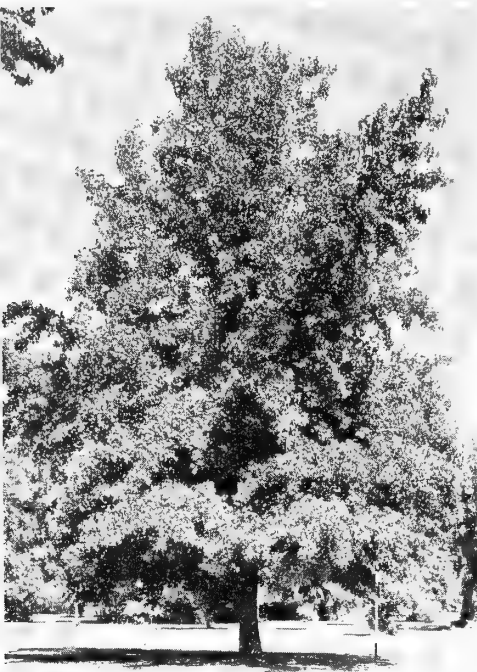
SORBUS AUCUPARIA (European Mountain Ash). A small tree 15 to 30 feet high with compound leaves, tiny flowers, and bright red berries. Bare Root 6-8' \$3.95; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Elm

ULMUS PUMILA (Chinese Elm). Very rapid, tall-growing, extremely hardy tree. Tolerant of most soil and weather. Holds leaves late. Bare Root 6-8' \$3.95 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

PLAN FOR LASTING BEAUTY

When you plant your home select the trees and shrubs that will enhance the beauty of your garden. Provide cooling shade, act as wind breaks, screen your outdoor living area. Trees and shrubs that will give years of service. Plant trees today for future joy.



SWEET GUM TREE



TULIP TREE



WEeping WILLOW

California-Grown

DECIDUOUS FLOWERING TREES

Ideal for Shade and Beautiful Spring Color

This very popular group of plants consists of smaller sized trees, prized mostly for their excellent seasonal flowers. Some, in addition, have fruit. They are often used close to buildings for localized shade.

Silk Tree

ALBIZZIA JULIBRISSIN (Silk-Tree Albizzia). Also listed as a shade tree, it is a choice rapid-growing, medium-sized tree with a spreading umbrella shape, delicate feathery foliage, and showy pink balls for flowers all summer. Bare Root 6-8' \$3.95 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Flowering Crabapple

Small narrow tree with upright growth. Bare Root 4-5' \$3.95 up, other sizes available; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

➤ **MALUS ELEYI** (Eleyi Flowering Crabapple). Single purple-red blossoms, leaves reddish when young. Fruit dark wine-purple.

➤ **MALUS HOPA** (Hopa Flowering Crabapple). Red buds, flowers and fruit.

MALUS IOENSIS PLENA (Bechtel Crab). Small tree to 15 feet. Crowded in spring with large, fragrant, double pale pink flowers. The bright green leaves which follow are neat all year. 3-4' \$3.95 up; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

➤ **MALUS SCHEIDECKERI** (Scheidecker Crab). Double pink flowers with yellow fruit.

➤ **MALUS FLORIBUNDA**. Tall, slender tree with graceful branches. Flowers large, single, typical apple blossom pink.

Dogwood

CORNUS FLORIDA (White Dogwood). Small tree, most effective in shaded locations for the attractive white flowers. Petals, like the Poinsettia, are bracts encircling the tiny flowers in the center. Early spring. 5 Gal. \$4.95 up. B & B \$4.95 up.

CORNUS FLORIDA RUBRA (Pink Dogwood). Most spectacular with light red or pink flowers. Use peat or leaf mold in the soil to insure an acid reaction. Partial shade. Grafted. 5 Gal. \$8.50 up; B & B \$8.50 up.

Hawthorn

All Hawthorns:

Bare Root 5-6' \$4.50; 5 Gal. \$5.95 up.

CRATAEGUS. Small, narrow growing, upright trees that can be safely planted within six feet of buildings. Excellent rose-like flowers in spring.

CRATAEGUS CORDATA (Phoenopyrum) (Washington Thorn). White flowers, grows up to 20 feet high. Clusters of small red berries in fall.

CRATAEGUS OXYACANTHA PAULI (Paul's Scarlet). Masses of double carmine-red flowers in spring. Red berries in fall.

CRATAEGUS OXYCANTHA ROSEA (Double Pink Hawthorn). Variety with light double pink flowers.

Red Bud

CERCIS CANADENSIS (Red Bud or Judas Tree). Ornamental deciduous shrub or small tree covered in spring with a profusion of rosy flowers. Does well in most any situation but prefers a dry summer. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.

Flowering Plums

Bare Root 5-6' \$2.95; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up. Other sizes available.

PRUNUS CERASIFERA (Flowering Plums). Very popular small, upright flowering trees with purple-red leaves and excellent flowers. Can be used close to buildings for localized light shade.

PRUNUS BLIREIANA. Brilliant red foliage later turning greenish. Dainty soft flowers line the long slender stems in spring. Hardly any fruit.

PRUNUS HOLLYWOOD. The variety has excellent blood-red fruit, white flowers in profusion and leaves green above, red beneath.

PRUNUS PISSARDI. Small tree, deep purple leaves and small white flowers in spring. Deep red branches and twigs are interesting even in winter.

PRUNUS THUNDERCLOUD. Really lives up to its name. Masses of early white flowers followed by bronzy-purple foliage holding color throughout the summer.

(Continued page 40)

COLORFUL FLOWERING TREES ADD GRACE AND BEAUTY TO YOUR HOME

HYPONeX®

All-Purpose Plant Food
Instantly soluble, complete and balanced. For all house plants, garden flowers, vegetables, shrubs and lawn. Grows better plants in poorest soil, in sand or in solution of HYPONeX and water alone. 1 oz. makes 6 gals. liquid plant food.

1 oz. 10¢, 3 oz. 25¢, 7 oz. 50¢
1 lb. \$1. Also drum sizes.



SYFONeX®

Siphon Mixer for Spraying
Brass siphon mixer for attaching to garden hose line for spraying soluble fertilizers and other chemicals. Connects to faucet or between lengths of hose. Automatically mixes in proportion of 1 gal. concentrate to 12 to 18 gallons of water while sprinkling. Check valve prevents back flow.

Complete unit \$2.50



A WORD ABOUT PRICES IN THIS CATALOG

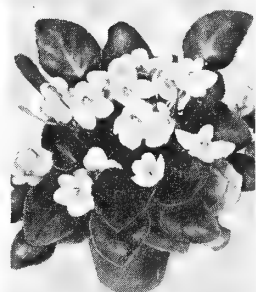
The prices for nursery stock quoted in this catalog are based on the current supply of material available, based on average costs.

However, since a catalog can be issued only once a year, it is possible for us to make special purchases from time to time enabling us to supply excellent plants for your garden at a saving.

Please use this catalog for descriptions and growing suggestions—it is very accurate in these essential particulars, and ask us to quote you present prices of items that interest you.

Feed Plants to Beauty with

PLANTABBS



Plantabbs is the complete food tablet for plants, flowers, vegetables. Plantabbs are tiny, clean, odorless tablets. Push tablet in soil once weekly. Normal watering dissolves tablet, providing all vital food elements. World's largest-selling plant food tablet for over 30 years.

19c, 39c, 59c, \$1.00 and \$3.50

ALL PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

DECIDUOUS FLOWERING TREES (Cont.)

Flowering Trees Need Training

All of the trees in this section should be carefully pruned when young to train the branches where they are wanted. Most of them are relatively small and should be headed back to form a low main crotch. They are considered most attractive when only three to five stems are kept trained informally and when all crowded, superfluous wood is kept thinned out. Old flowering wood is cut out just after blooming. New wood is left through the dormant period and then cut when in full bloom for use in arrangements.

Flowering Cherries

PRUNUS SERRULATA (Flowering Cherries). Flowering Cherries are known for the exquisite beauty of their dainty flowers which completely cover the trees. They bear no fruit. Bare Root 4-5' \$3.95; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; other sizes available.

Daybreak (Stribling's Pink) (Akebono). Called the most beautiful tree in the world, this erect growing tree is a cloud of pink every spring with no leaf showing. A magnificent single.

Kwanzan. Small, spreading tree producing enormous double pink blooms in heavy clusters.

Mt. Fuji. A large, snowy-white double flower produced in abundance.

Shirofugen. When first open, the large flowers are soft pink soon changing to white and later to cerise—a constant pink and white effect on the same tree.

Weeping Cherries

Exquisite for lawns and small grounds, the gracefully cascading, slender branches are very effective. Available in double and single pink. Top grafted. B & B \$7.95 up.

Flowering Peaches

PRUNUS PERSICA (Flowering Peaches). Flowering peaches are noted for having the most intense colors in their flowers, brightest pinks and reds . . . they all bear fruit, some of exceptional quality. Flowers are excellent for cutting. After bloom is over prune heavily for next season's bloom. Hardy. Bare Root 5-6' \$2.95, other sizes available; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up.

Double White. Large snow white double flowers.

Early Pink. Earliest; beautiful rose-pink.

Early Red. Magnificent ruby-red flowers very bright.

Helen Borchers. One of the finest double pinks.

Late Double Red. Rich ruby-red late in the season.

Flowering Locusts

ROBINIA PSEUDOACACIA DECAISNEANA (Pink Flowering Locust). Tall rapid growing variety of Black Locust with long racemes of fragrant pink flowers like sweet peas. Bare Root 6-8' \$3.95, other sizes available; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up.



PRUNUS BLIREANA



ALBIZZIA

WEeping CHERRY



PAULS SCARLET HAWTHORN

Much publicity has been given this group of plants of late. Some make lawn substitutes of variable quality depending on the method by which they are set out. In general better results are to be had by carefully grading and preparing the ground as you would for a lawn. Then set small divisions closer than generally recommended to cover the soil as quickly as possible before the soil between has a chance to wash away. This prevents the mounding effect so often seen in these lawns.

ALL GROUND COVERS PRICED AT OUR NURSERY

AJUGA, Carpet Bugle. One of the finest covers for shady places where a good water supply can be assured. Leaves make a close turf not over 2 inches high. Blue flowers in spring.

ARCTOSTAPHYLOS UVA-URSI (Manzanita, Bearberry). Prostrate trailing variety, excellent for a ground cover. The leaves are a rich green. The flowers are white with a pink tint, followed by red berries.

CEANOTHUS GLORIOSUS. A fine creeping variety. Absolutely prostrate with lovely blue flowers and dark green foliage.

CEANOTHUS GRISEUS HORIZONTALIS. Carmel Creeper. A low creeping variety about 1 to 2 feet tall and 3 to 6 feet across, splendid for training over rocks. Will stand wind near the coast, full sunlight or partial shade. When in bloom the leaves are barely visible in the mound of deep blue flowers.

COPROSMA KIRKI. Spreading with narrow leaves. Should be pinched back if used as ground cover.

DICHONDRA REPENS. Makes a very close lawn surface of tiny round green leaves. Best in sunny places where it can be given moderate watering. Becomes loose and large in shade. Needs mowing once in a while only. Easy to manage.

GAZANIA. Greyish tufts of foliage covered by quantities of golden or orange and reddish daisies on six-inch stems. Best in hot sun. Set plants 6 to 8 inches apart.

HEDERA CANARIENSIS VARIEGATED (Variegated Algerian Ivy). Like the Hedera canariensis, but its leaves are a creamy-white and green, beautifully variegated. An evergreen vine that is especially vigorous.

HEDERA HAHN'S. This compact growing small leaf ivy finds much use in planter boxes because of its somewhat restricted growth habit. May be used as a bed edging or ground cover in patio work where its dark green foliage creates a restful effect.

HEDERA HELIX (English Ivy). Dark green glossy leaves, makes a cover about one foot deep. Needs no mowing. Excellent on banks or level areas. Mat is too deep to walk over comfortably.

HEDERA HELIX VARIEGATED. Same growing habits as variety above. Makes an unusual color contrast.

HELXINE (Baby's Tears). Hardy, close creeper, making an excellent quick cover in deep shade with plenty of moisture. Tiny round St. Patrick's Day green leaves. Subject to frost.

IVY GERANIUM. For partially shaded or sunny places. Shiny neatly shaped leaves and showy flowers in pink, red, white, lavender or purple. Makes a nice cover for banks. Trailing. Subject to frost.

MESEMBRYANTHEMUM (Ice plant). Rapid growing waxy succulent plants making excellent covers in dry sunny places. Colorful flowers in abundance, often cover the plants and make showy effects. Available in different colors, rose-pink, red, orange and yellow.

STAR JASMINE. Ground cover, also planting boxes. Not for dry banks. See page 32 for description and price.

TRAILING LANTANA. Creeping plant making a mat about one foot deep with showy lavender-purple flowers over a long season. Very tough and hardy. Should it freeze back it quickly recovers.

ORNAMENTAL STRAWBERRY, FRAGARIA CHILOENSIS. Handsome glossy foliage, covered in spring with countless white flowers. Hardy and attractive, sun or partial shade.

ORNAMENTAL STRAWBERRY, No. 25. Large dark green leaves. Big red edible fruits. Fast cover.

THYME. Longlived even in hot, dry locations or in clay, sand or gravelly soils. Low growing and aromatic.

VINCA MINOR (Periwinkle, Myrtle). Excellent evergreen ground cover, particularly for shady spots. Deep blue flowers. Very suitable for rock gardens.

OTHER GROUND COVERS

are the prostrate type of shrubs described in other parts of this catalog such as:

COTONEASTERS. All white or pinkish flowered with red berries in fall and winter. See page 6.

C. conspicua decora. Necklace Cotoneaster, with tiny deep green foliage.

C. horizontalis. Small-leaved creeper with fanning branches.

C. microphylla. Low, densely covered with tiny foliage.

HYPERICUM. Arching, low growing shrub with densely carried foliage and showy, jewel-like yellow flowers. (See page 7.)

H. moserianum. Very dense and dark-leaved.

Other excellent ground cover subjects are the **CREeping VINES** (pages 31-32) such as Ampelopsis, the Ivies and Honeysuckle.

JUNIPERS. All Junipers can be restricted in growth by pruning. But here are some of the better known spreading types (see also page 45):

J. pfitzeriana. Bushy, wide spreading, horizontal.

J. procumbens. Bluish, sharply pointed leaves.

J. tamariscifolia. Blue green, closest to the ground.

PYRACANTHAS (Firethorn). If not trained upright all tend to spread. See page 10 for varieties.)

P. Santa Cruz. Spreading 12 feet, this variety is the most often used ground cover Firethorn.

P. Walderi. A variety with compact, bushy habit of growth and good red berries.



NEW WAY TO SPRAY with ANTROL HOSE-SPRAY concentrates!



Easy! Economical! Effective! Nothing to mix! No guesswork! Measures, blends, sprays automatically . . . just attach to any garden hose. Can't clog. Chemicals can't back up. Each bottle a complete spraying unit. You get this disposable Hose-Spray "Cap" at no additional cost when you buy any of the four new ANTROL Concentrates — one for every spraying need.

CHLORDANE SOIL INSECT KILLER	Keeps lawn and garden soil bug-free for months. Kills ants, grubs, sow bugs, lawn moths, chinch bugs, most others. \$2.98 pt.*
CRABGRASS KILLER	Disodium Methyl Arsonate compound acclaimed as fastest, safest, surest killer of crabgrass, many other weeds. \$2.69 pt.*
2,4-D WEED KILLER	Death to broad-leaved weeds — Dandelion, Goldenrod, Wild Mustard, most others. Won't harm delicate lawns, plants. \$1.69 pt.*
GARDEN INSECT KILLER	Contains fast-acting Malathion! Kills Aphids, Thrips, Mites, etc., on roses, flowers, ornamentals, trees, vegetables, fruit. \$2.39 pt.*

*Price includes spray cap.

KILL SNAILS AND SLUGS WITH SNAROL!

Proven SNAROL contains metaldehyde — a double acting bait that lures snails and slugs out of hiding and kills them!



1 lb. 39c; 2½ lbs. 79c; 6 lbs. \$1.79; 10 lbs. \$2.79;
50 lbs. \$11.75



whatever
you plant

PLANT IT RIGHT
use
Terra-Lite

Terra-Lite is a permanent soil conditioner that loosens and aerates heavy soils—holds moisture in light soils. Promotes vigorous root growth.

**Make Our Store
Your Headquarters
for All of Your
Gardening Needs!**



Dozens of science discoveries in one bottle. The original vitamins-hormones solution. We use and recommend it. U.S. Dept. of Agriculture and five State of California departments buy it. A "must" to plant, transplant, revive, strengthen, grow . . . Each year used by most of the nurserymen winning blue ribbons at California International Flower Show. Not for high-clay soil (unless broken-up). Gardening's biggest bargain at 69c, \$1, \$1.39, \$1.89, \$4.75, \$8.50, \$15.50, \$29.25, \$138.75. *Trade Mark

**Kay
Lever Spray
Nozzle**
Model K-200

Squeeze . . . It's on
Release . . . It's off



Automatic Lever Action—Knurled Nut Locks it open in any Spray or stream pattern desired. Model K-200 with threaded tip designed for use with Fertilizer Jars—Car Washing Brushes—Insecticide Sprayers. **Only \$1.95**
Model K-100 Tip not threaded. **\$1.49**

MAKING A LAWN

Drainage, soil and slope—consider these before starting.

Work liberal amounts of sand and gravel into subsoil. If soil is very waterlogged you need tile drainage. Lay tiles with ½ inch between sections; tar paper over top of gap to keep soil and gravel from sifting in. At end of drainage line, use pipe or solidly cemented tile for final run-off, so that water that seeps in along drainage line will not ooze out at lower end before clearing the lawn area. Fill in gravel over tile in trench to within a few inches of surface, to insure active drainage into tile lines.

Cover seeding surface with 5 to 6 inches of good loam into which compost, peat and commercial fertilizer have been worked.

Slope should be away from the house. For a good level effect, not more than six inches drop in 10 feet. Slope should never be more than 30 per cent in grass-sown lawn. On steeper slopes, prostrate types of shrubbery or ground covers should be used. On such steep grades, drive stakes at intervals over the ground surface, to protrude a few inches above the ground and spread cedar tow or other material over the ground. Stakes hold it in place. This prevents soil washing away, until the ground cover has taken hold and anchored it—and it also keeps the weed control problem down.

Insure even surface before seeding. Roll ground, after which you can see where depression spots are. Rake the surface to correct these, and roll lightly again.

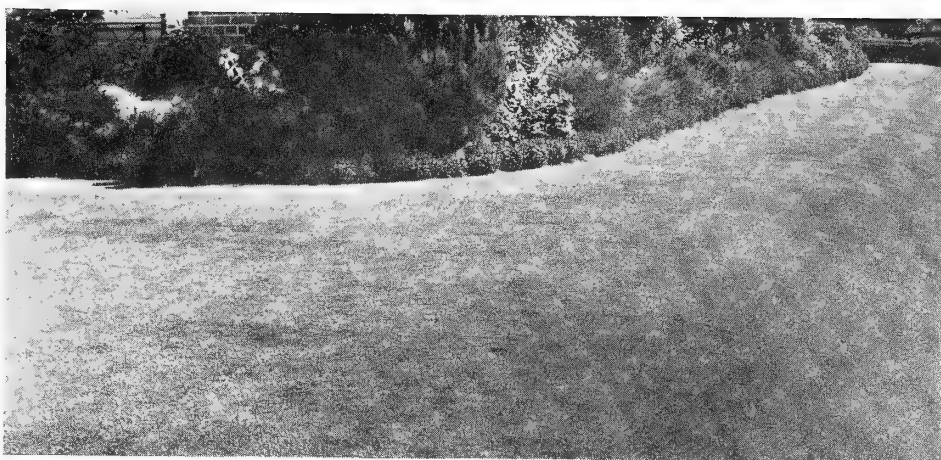
For first levelling, tie a rope to ends of a ladder or heavy plank and drag this over the surface until it is approximately as you wish it. Rollers can ordinarily be rented at your dealers. If not, lay boards on the surface and tramp them until the ground is firm—but roller is less labor and more effective.

Save your seedling grass from having to compete with weeds. After the area has been prepared for seeding, and before you seed it, water it to bring on the seedling weed crop first and as soon as it is up, hit it with weed killer, or, if you like the harder way, use a scuffle hoe on it.

You can sow your lawn almost any time convenient, but spring is generally regarded as the best time to get best results the first season. Get a sprinkler on the area if necessary to get it moist to a reasonable depth before sowing seed. You can check depth of moisture with a trowel in several spots.

Amount of seed will depend upon type used in your lawn mixture. Check with your dealer both as to type and quantity of seed for the area you intend to plant. Types of grass most effective differ according to prevailing soil and climate conditions in different areas. In areas where extreme slopes or normal tendency toward dry or alkaline soil are a consideration, substitute ground covers such as ajuga, dichondra, mesembryanthemum, etc., can be planted.

Better use a spreader in sowing your seed. Adjust it to the type of the mixture you use, so that you won't over-seed or under-seed. Advice of the dealer from whom you get your seed and rent the spreader is useful here. If you seed by hand be careful to get as even a spread as possible or your turf will be irregular in thickness of growth.



Beautify Your Home With an Attractive Lawn

After seed sowing use spreader to cover with a light mulch of fine peat, preferably the types that expand quickly under moisture. You can also scatter your peat by hand if preferred and rake it lightly into an even mulch. Screened sawdust that has aged can be used as a substitute for peat if available.

Water area with a fine sprinkler and do not let it dry out—ever, until the grass is well-established. Seed will germinate in from 8 to 20 days depending on season and temperature. Don't drag hose across the new lawn, but sprinkle from the edges toward the center.

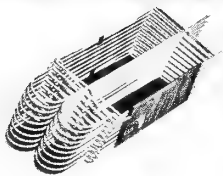
First mowing comes when grass is about two inches tall. Don't use a dull-bladed mower or you may pull up some of the seedlings. Thenceforth mowing becomes a routine, depending for its frequency on the rapidity of growth.

Modern garden supply concerns have condensed the routine of fertilizing and control of insect pests and weeds into packaged formulae that contain the necessary elements. These can be used in the general routine feeding through the year.

Once a year a top dressing of organic material is advisable to keep your turf. Peat, compost, barnyard manures are all effective—but get them from a reliable dealer or you run the risk of getting unsterilized manures that will be full of weed seeds.

Wind-blown weed seeds are a continuing job, turning out crops every few weeks, but routine use of weed killer as indicated above will usually keep them controlled. In emergency an additional weed-killing treatment can be added to the normal combination lawn care routine.

FOLD-A-FENCE Protection FOR YOU WHO PRIZE YOUR LAWNS & GARDENS



10' REGULAR
Sturdy, 17" high fence finished in White Baked Enamel. Easy to set up straight, angled, curved or in design. Folds up compactly for storing. 10 ft. Section . . . \$2.98



NEW 5 FOOTER
Same quality construction and patented snap hinge. Handy 5 ft. pack in either White Baked Enamel or Silver Bright galvanized. 5 ft. Baked Enamel . . . \$1.69
5 ft. Galvanized . . . \$1.19

BULK PACK

Pick the length you need from 1 ft. to 250 ft. in the Fold-A-Fence bulk pack display. Fence is 17" high in Silver Bright galvanized finish. It is sturdy and rust-resistant.

Per Section about 10c



There is no substitute for quality . . .

You get RESULTS when you apply garden or lawn chemicals with a

HAYES SPRAY GUN

It mixes, proportions and applies spray materials more efficiently than any other type of garden sprayer. And—with lowest cost per year of service. Approved by leading manufacturers of garden chemicals.

● **Hayes Garden Sprayers.** For insecticides, fungicides, crabgrass killers, fly, ant and termite control. In 1½, 3, 4, 6 and 12 gallon sizes.

● **Hayes Lawn Sprayers.** For fertilizers, lawn moth solutions, fungicides, weed killers, herbicides, etc. In three models.



California-Grown

The coniferous evergreens all have either needle-like or scale-like leaves, and most all have canes for fruit, except Junipers and Yews which bear berries. All forms and shapes are available from low spreading Junipers, formal little Arborvitae, through medium size shrubs to very large trees. They are a hardy lot, thriving from the mountains through the warm valleys to the sea coast.

Other Sizes and Varieties Available at Our Nursery.

Araucaria

ARAUCARIA BIDWILLI (Bunya Bunya). A beautiful formal evergreen with a glossy foliage on regular whorled branches. 40 to 80 feet high. 1 Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$4.95.

Christmas Tree

CEDRUS DEODARA (Deodar Cedar). A tall graceful tree of pyramidal habit, 50 to 100 feet high, spreads up to 40 feet, with formal pendulous branches. Used as large Christmas trees in parks, and along drives. Gal. \$1.75; B & B \$4.95 up.

CEDRUS DEODARA COMPACTA (Compact Deodar Cedar). Similar to Deodar Cedar, only less formal, more compact, spreads up to 15 feet. Gal. \$1.75; B & B \$4.95 up.

Atlas Cedar

CEDRUS ATLANTICA (Atlas Cedar). Tall picturesque tree of open, informal growth, drooping branches. Beautiful specimen tree for parks and large gardens. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

Birdsnest Cypress

CHAMAECYPARIS LAWSONIANA NIDIFORMIS. The low spreading habit gave this unusual cypress its very apt name. Very charming in appearance. Just right for foreground planting, along porches, in front of low picture windows. 1 Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

Stewart Golden Cypress

CHAMAECYPARIS LAWSONIANA STEWARTI. A dense, symmetrical, pyramidal tree that keeps its golden-hued color well in all seasons. Covered with lustrous, rich foliage right down to the ground. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

Dwarf Hinoki Cypress

CHAMAECYPARIS OBTUSA NANA (Dwarf Hinoki Cypress). Low, globular plant with dense overlapping fronds of soft, deep green. Very slow growing and one of the best shrubs for an accent in foundation or garden. 1 Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

Arizona Cypress

CUPRESSUS ARIZONICA (Arizona Cypress). Narrow, pyramidal tree or shrub with bluish foliage. Sun and drouth tolerant. Fine hedge, screen or windbreak. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

Forbes Cypress

CUPRESSUS FORBESI (Forbes Cypress). Slender tree to 30 feet with green foliage. Similar to Monterey cypress, only smaller and more resistant to cypress blight. Fine informal hedge. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

Monterey Cypress

CUPRESSUS MACROCARPA. Most popular cypress in California and generously used as a hedge or windbreak. It becomes very picturesque when wind blows its long-reaching branches clothed in deep green foliage. Stands shearing very well. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.50 up.

MUGHO PINE



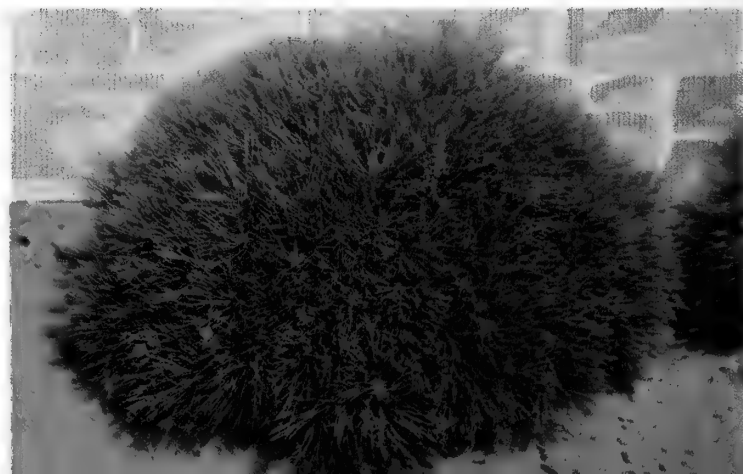
PFITZER JUNIPER



BERCKMANS GOLDEN ARBORVITAE



CEDRUS DEODARA



CONIFEROUS EVERGREENS

Blue Italian Cypress

CUPRESSUS SEMPERVIRENS GLAUCA (Blue Italian Cypress). Tall slender spires of deep blue green, invaluable as accents in planting. Useful along private driveways. Narrow compact type grown from cuttings only. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

Low Spreading Junipers

1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95; B & B \$5.50 up unless otherwise noted.

JUNIPERUS CONFERTA (Shore Juniper). A very low spreading type with grey-green foliage. Excellent as a bank or ground cover.

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA (Pfitzer Juniper). Bushy, wide-spreading shrub with horizontal branches, ultimately 5 feet high and 6 or 7 wide. All Junipers can be restricted in growth by pruning. Useful in foundation planting when grown into a formal shrub. Also available in blue and compact forms.

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA ARMSTRONGI (Armstrong's Juniper). A select and excellent type of Pfitzer Juniper. Compact and bluer, softer foliage.

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA AUREA (Golden Pfitzer Juniper). Similar to Pfitzer Juniper only foliage lighter and variegated with yellow.

JUNIPERUS HORIZONTALIS PROCUMBENS (Spreading Juniper). Wide-spreading creeping stems, bluish green. Sharply pointed leaves, marked on the upper surface by two white lines. It is perfectly hardy. Very low type.

JUNIPERUS SQUAMATA PROSTRATA (Creeping Juniper). Prostrate form—spread along the ground to form a low 18-inch compact mat of blue-grey foliage.

JUNIPERUS SABINA TAMARISCIFOLIA (Tamarix Juniper). Spreading close to the ground with blue-green short needles. Good in contrast to the above. Useful as a low shrub for foundation planting.

Erect and Column Junipers

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS COLUMNARIS (Column Juniper). A silver-grey, pyramidal form of Chinese Juniper. Spiny leaves. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95; B & B \$5.50 up.

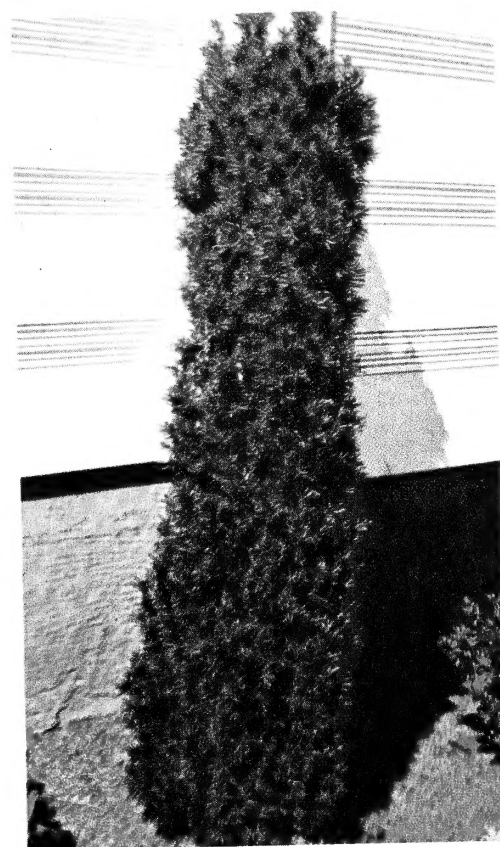
JUNIPERUS SCOPULORUM PATHFINDER (Pathfinder Juniper). One of the finest of upright pyramidal junipers. Neat growing habits and feathery silver-blue foliage. 1 Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$5.95 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA HILLI (Dundee Juniper). Choice upright columnar juniper. Attractive gray green foliage in the summer, turning purplish gray color in winter. 1 Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$5.95 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

JUNIPERUS EXCELSA STRICTA (Spiny Greek Juniper) (Chinese Juniper). Perfectly symmetrical pyramidal shaped semi-dwarf tree. Has short, spiny silver-blue needles. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS HETZII GLAUCA (Silver Red Cedar). Upright spreading, widely irregular growth to 12 feet with strong branches and blue-grey foliage. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS TORULOSA (Hollywood Juniper). An irregular growing shrub with decidedly Japanese outline. Beautiful in rock garden backgrounds or as specimens where the form and dense tufts of green foliage show to advantage. 1 Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$4.95; B & B \$5.50 up.



IRISH YEW



COLUMN ARBORVITAE

TAMARIX JUNIPER



*Insist on
California-Grown
Nursery Products*

CONIFEROUS EVERGREENS (Continued)

California Incense Cedar

LIBROCEDRUS DECURRENS. This native of the Pacific Coast is of vigorous growth with foliage similar to *Arborvitae*. Since it retains its pyramidal form in maturity it is especially suited as an accent tree or Christmas tree. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

Dawn Redwood

METASEQUOIA GLYPTOSTROBOIDES (**Dawn Redwood**). Rapid growing deciduous conifer similar to California Coastal Redwood but smaller in size and drops its leaf in the winter. Hardy to frost. Should be shaded in confined areas, likes loose moist soil. 1 Gal. \$2.25; 5 Gal. \$6.50 up.

Compact Spruce

PICEA ABIES (**Norway Spruce**). One of the best type for "Living Christmas" trees, especially as lawn specimen. Growth very symmetrical, opening enough to decorate with lights. Dark, rich foliage. Moderate growth. Green foliage. 1 Gal. \$2.25 up; B & B \$6.50 up.

PICEA PUNGENS (**Colorado Spruce**). Stiffer in appearance and much slower growing than others. Makes an excellent outdoor Christmas tree or small specimen. Slow growing. Blue foliage. 1 Gal. \$2.25; 5 Gal. \$6.95 up; B & B \$6.95 up.

Pine Trees

PINUS CANARIENSIS (**Canary Island Pine**). Narrow symmetrical tree with horizontal branches evenly spaced in whorls about the straight trunk. Long needles, large tufts. One of the best for California. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

PINUS HALEPENSIS (**Aleppo Pine**). Dense, spreading tree with short dense needles. Widely planted and thriving on neglect. 1 Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

PINUS MUGO MUGHUS (**Mugho Pine**). Grows to 4 feet. Branches are upright, dense and spreading. Very useful in foundation planting and rock gardens. Very slow grower. Hardy. Good tub specimen. 1 Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$5.50 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

PINUS PINEA (**Italian Stone Pine**). This pine, native to the Mediterranean region, grows 30 to 70 feet high, has needles in pairs only, and the tree forms a parasol-like crown when old. 1 Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$5.50 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

PINUS RADIATA (**Monterey Pine**). For tall wind-brakes and screen plantings this rapid growing pine is just right. It is picturesque in growth and has pleasing deep green foliage. Gal. \$1.50; 5 Gal. \$4.50 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

Select your Evergreens for immediate effect. Ask to see our field-grown stock. Larger, sturdier and trained for immediate landscape effect.

Podocarpus (Fern Pine)

Excellent for Planter Boxes

PODOCARPUS ELONGATUS. Plumes of fluffy light green foliage clothe this excellent evergreen shrub. Withstands sun or shade. If used as a specimen tree will develop into a round headed low tree. 1 Gal. \$2.50; 5 Gal. \$5.95 up.

PODOCARPUS MACROPHYLLUS. Used as a columnar shrub for accent planting or in tubs for dark shady places where it retains its shape and color. Leaves long and narrow, deep rich green. 1 Gal. \$2.50; 5 Gal. \$5.95 up.

California Big Tree

SEQUOIA GIGANTEA (**California Big Tree**). One of the finest western native conifers. Although they represent the tallest trees in existence they are among the best for specimen planting and other uses where tall, narrow columnar trees are desired. Exceptionally symmetrical, with pleasing soft green foliage. Gal. \$1.95; 5 Gal. \$5.50 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

Coast Redwood

SEQUOIA SEMPERVIRENS (**Coast Redwood**). Tall, narrow and very graceful with pendulous branches clothed with two-ranked deep green soft needles. Rapid growing. Deep red-brown bark. Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$4.95 up.

Arborvitae

THUJA AUREA NANA (**Berckman's Golden Arborvitae**). Popular dwarf golden variety. Tips of the branches bright golden yellow throughout most of the year. Hardy to cold and dry conditions. Trim when young to retain dwarf habit. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

THUJA BEVERLEYENSIS (**Beverly Hills Arborvitae**). Tall narrow bright golden yellow column. Requires full sun to keep the color. Fine as specimen shrub. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

THUJA ELEGANTISSIMA (**Yellow Column Arborvitae**). A compact upright form with bright yellow coloring in spring. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95; B & B \$5.50 up.

THUJA PLICATA STRIBLINGI (**Stribling Arborvitae**). A narrow, columnar type with green leaves. Similar to Italian cypress only thicker, coarser textured, and lighter green. Good accent or tub specimen. 1 Gal. \$1.75; 5 Gal. \$4.95 up; B & B \$5.50 up.

Yews

TAXUS BACCATA (**English Yew**). Graceful, compact tall shrub or small tree with rich dark green foliage. Excellent hedge, trimmed or informal. 1 Gal. \$2.25; 5 Gal. \$5.95 up; B & B \$5.95 up.

TAXUS BACCATA RECTA (**Erect English Yew**). An erect and compact small tree or tall shrub forming a bush-like plant resembling the Irish Yew, but with smaller leaves. Excellent columnar accent or tub specimen. Prefers part shade. Gal. \$2.25; 5 Gal. \$5.95 up; B & B \$5.95 up.

TAXUS BACCATA FASTIGIATA (**Irish Yew**). Choice narrow columns of deepest green foliage. Very neat and compact. Slow upright growth makes this one of the best permanent accents or tub specimens. Prefers part shade. 1 Gal. \$2.50; 5 Gal. \$6.95 up; B & B \$5.95 up.



COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE



JUNIPERS

TORULOSA

EXCELSA STRICTA

ARMSTRONGI

PFITZERIANA

INDEX

	Page		Page		Page		Page		Page
Abelia	4	Cinnamomum	36	Freedom Nectarine	25	Magnolia	34, 36	Raphiolepis	10
Acacia	36	Cistus	6	French Lilacs	35	Mahonia	9	Red Bud	39
Acanthus Mollis	4, 21	Citrus	6, 29, 38	Fruit Trees	22-26, 30	Malus	39	Redwood	46
Acer	37	Citrus Meyer	6	Fuchsias	7	Maples	37	Rhododendrons	11
Agapanthus Africanus	4	Clematis	31			Mexican Fan Palm	35	Rhubarb	27
Agave	35	Climbers	31, 32			Meyer Lemon	6, 29	Rice Paper Plant	4
Ajuga	41	Climbing Roses	19	Gardenias	7	Mock Orange	35	Robinia	40
Albizzia	38, 39	Clingstone Peaches	25	Gelsemium	32	Modesto Ash	38	Rock Roses	6
Aleppo Pine	46	Colorado Blue Spruce	46	Genista	7	Monterey Cypress	44	Roses	14-20
Alfalfa Boxwood	9	Column Juniper	45	Glossy Abelia	4	Monterey Pine	46		
Almonds	27	Common Hackberry	38	Gleditsia	38	Moraine Locust	38	Sabina Juniper	45
Amygdalus	34	Coniferous Evergreens	44, 46	Gold Dust Peach	18	Mountain Ash	38	Sacred Bamboo	9
Apples	22	Coprosma	6	Gold Dust Plant	4	Mugho Pine	46	Salix	38
Apricots	25	Cordylone	21, 35	Golden Arborvitae	46	Mulberry	38	Sarcococca	10
Aralia Papyrifera	4	Cork Oak	36	Golden Pfitzer Juniper	45	Musa	21	Saxifraga Rubicunda	11
Aralia Siebo'di	4, 21	Cornus	39	Goucher Abelia	4	Myrsine Africana	9	Schinus	37
Araucaria	44	Correa	6	Grapefruit	29	Myrtles	9, 34	Scotch Heather	7
Arborvitae	46	Cortaderia	35	Grapes	28	Myrtus	9	Sequoia Gigantea	46
Arbutus Unedo	4	Cotoneasters	6	Grapevines	32			Sequoia Sempervirens	46
Arizona Cypress	44	Crap Apples	22	Grasses	35	Nandina	9	Shade Trees	37, 38
Armstrong's Juniper	45	Crape Myrtle	34	Green Arborvitae	46	Nectarines	25	Silk Oak	36
Artichoke	27	Crataegus	39	Grevillea	7, 36	Nerium Oleander	9	Silk Tree	38, 39
Ash	38	Cupressus	44, 45	Ground Covers	41	New Zealand Flax	21, 35	Silverlace Vine	32
Asparagus	27	Cyperus	21	Guava	7, 10	Non-Fruiting Mulberry	38	Silver Maple	37
Aucuba	4, 21			Gum Trees	36	Norway Spruce	46	Silver Poplar	38
Australian Fuchsia	6					Nut Trees	27	Small Fruits	27
Avocado	29	Daphne	6	Hair Palm	35			Snowball	35
Azaleas	5, 33	Date Palm	35	Hawthorn	39	Oaks	36, 38	Solanum	32
		Deciduous Magnolia	34	Heathers	7	Oleanders	9	Sorbus	38
Banana Tree	21	Deodar Cedar	44	Hedera	32	Olives	36	Southern Magnolia	36
Barberry	4, 33	Desert Plants	35	Hibiscus	8	Ophiopogon	35	Spiraea	35
Bay Tree	8	Deutzia	34	Hollies	8	Oranges	29	Spruce	46
Beauty Bush	34	Diosma	6	Holly Oak	36	Oregon Grape	9	Star Jasmine	32
Berberis Darwini	4	Dogwood	39	Hollywood Juniper	45	Osmanthus	9	Sterculia Diversifolia	37
Berries	28	Dracena Palm	21, 35	Honeysuckle	32			Strawberry Guava	10
Betula	37	Dwarf Boxwood	5	Hydrangeas	34	Palms	35	Strawberry Tree	4
Beverly Hills Arborvitae	46	Dwarf Meyer Lemon	6	Hypericum	7	Pampas Grass	35	Stribling's Arborvitae	46
Bignonia	31	Dwarf Pears	30			Parthenocissus	32	Stribling's Mulberry	38
Birch	37	Dwarf Apple	30	Ilex	8	Pears	23	Stribling's Pyracantha	10
Birdsnest Cypress	44			Incense Cedar	46	Pecans	27	Sweet Gum	38
Black Walnut	27	Elaeagnus	6	Iris Yew	46	Pepper Trees	37	Sweet Pea Shrub	10
Blue Italian Cypress	45	Elm	37, 38	Italian Cypress	45	Persian Lilacs	35	Sweet Viburnum	11
Bottlebrush	5	English Boxwood	5	Italian Stone Pine	46	Persimmons	23	Sycamore	38
Boston Ivy	32	English Laurel	10	Ivies	32	Pfizer Juniper	45	Syringa	35
Bougainvillea	31	English Walnuts	26			Philadelphus	35		
Boxwoods	5, 9	English Yew	46	Japanese Boxwood	5	Phormium Tenax	21, 35	Tamarix	35
Breath of Heaven	6	Erica	7	Japanese Privet	9	Photinia	9	Tamarix Juniper	45
Bridal Wreath	35	Eriobotrya Japonica	36	Japanese Viburnum	11	Picea	46	Tangerines	29
Brooms	7	Escallonia	7	Jasmine	32	Pineapple Guava	7	Taxus	46
Brunfelsia	4	Eucalyptus	36	Junipers	45	Pine Trees	46	Tea Tree	8
Buddleia	33	Euonymus	7			Pinus	46	Tecomaria	32
Butterfly Bush	33	Evergreens	10	Kolkwitzia	34	Pistachio	38	Thuja	46
Buxus	5	Evergreen Elm	37	Korean Boxwood	5	Pittosporum	10	Trachelospermum	32
		Evergreen Flowering Shrubs	5	Kumquat	29	Platanus	38	Tree-O Fruit Trees	30
		Evergreen Trees	36, 37			Plumbago	10	Tree Roses	19
California Big Tree	46			Lagerstroemia	34	Plums	26, 41	Trumpet Vine	31
California Live Oak	36			Lantanas	8	Podocarpus Elongatus	46	Tulip Tree	38
Callistemon	5			Laurel	10	Polygala	10		
Camellias	12, 13			Laurestinus	11	Polygonum	32	Ulmus	37, 38
Camphor Tree	36	Fan Palm	35	Laurus Nobilis	8	Pomegranates	26, 35		
Canary Island Pine	46	Ficus Repens	31	Lemons	29	Portuguese Laurel	10	Variegated Myrtle	9
Cape Honeysuckle	32	Figs	26	Leptospermum	8	Potato Vine	32	Veronicas	11
Carolina Laurel	10	Floribunda Roses	18	Librocedrus	46	Princess Flower	9	Viburnums	11, 35
Ceanothus	6	Flowering Almonds	33	Ligustrum	9	Privets	9	Viburnum Burkwoodi	35
Cedrus Atlantica Glauca	44	Flowering Cherries	40	Lilacs	35	Prunes	26	Vines	31, 32
Cedrus Deodara	44	Flowering Crabapple	39	Lily of the Nile	4	Prunus Caroliniana	10	Virginia Creeper	32
Celtis	38	Flowering Locusts	40	Lily Turf	35	Prunus Lusitanica	10	Vitex	35
Century Plant	35	Flowering Peaches	40	Limes	29	Prunus Laurocerasus	10		
Cercis	39	Flowering Plums	39	Limequat	29	Punica	35	Walnuts	27
Chamaecyparis	44	Flowering Pomegranate	35	Liquidambar	38	Pyracantha	10	Weeping Willow	38
Chamaerops	35	Flowering Quince	33	Liriodendron	38	Pyrus	10	Weigela	35
Chaste Tree	35	Flowering Trees	39, 40	Locust	38			Willow	38
Cherries	22	Forbes Cypress	44	Lombardy Poplar	38			Wisterias	32
Chinese Elm	38	Forsythia	34	Loniceria	32	Quercus	36, 38		
Chinese Magnolia	34	Fraxinus	38	Loquat	36	Quince	23	Xylosma	11
Choisya	6								
Christmas Tree	44							Yews	46

ALL PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

47

New for 1958

ROSE • Gold Cup

PAGE 18

LILAC • Lavender Lady

PAGE 35

CAMELLIA • Buddha

PAGE 12



**Visit Our Nursery Often
There's Something to See
Every Season of the Year**



SEE PAGE 21 FOR

TROPICAL FOLIAGE PLANTS

